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(57) Abstract

The present invention provides unique recombinant antigens representing distinct antigenic regions of the NSI region of the HCV genome which can be used as reagents for the detection of antibodies and antigen in body fluids from individuals exposed to hepatitis C virus (HCV). The present invention also provides an assay for detecting the presence of an antibody to an HCV antigen in a sample by contacting the sample with the recombinant antigens. Preferred assay formats include a screening assay, a confirmatory assay, a competition or neutralization assay and an immunodot assay.

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HEPATITIS C ASSAY UTILIZING RECOMBINANT ANTIGENS TO NS1

This is a continuation-in-part application of U.S. Serial No. 07/572,822, filed August 24, 1990 and U.S. Serial No. 07,614,069, filed November 7, 1990, which enjoy common ownership and are incorporated herein by reference. This application also is related to co-filed patent applicationS entitled "HEPATITIS C ASSAY UTILIZING RECOMBINANT ANTIGENS FROM NS5 REGION"(U. S. Serial No. 748,565) and "HEPATITIS C ASSAY UTILIZING RECOMBINANT ANTIGENS TO C-100 REGION"(U. S. Serial No. 748,566) which enjoy common ownership and are incorporated herein by reference.

This invention relates generally to an assay for identifying the presence in a sample of an antibody which is immunologically reactive with a hepatitis C virus antigen and specifically to an assay for detecting a complex of an antibody and recombinant antigens representing distinct regions of the HCV genome. Recombinant antigens derived from the molecular cloning and expression in a heterologous expression system of the synthetic DNA sequences representing distinct antigenic regions of the HCV genome can be used as reagents for the detection of antibodies and antigen in body fluids from individuals exposed to hepatitis C virus (HCV).

2 0 BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Acute viral hepatitis is clinically diagnosed by a well-defined set of patient symptoms, including jaundice, hepatic tendemess, and an increase in the serum levels of alanine aminotransferase (ALT) and aspartate aminotransferase. Additional serologic immunoassays are generally performed to diagnose the specific type of viral causative agent. Historically, patients presenting clinical hepatitis symptoms and not otherwise infected by hepatitis A, hepatitis B, Epstein-Barr or cytomegalovirus were clinically diagnosed as having non-A non-B hepatitis (NANBH) by default. The disease may result in chronic liver damage.

Each of the well-known, immunologically characterized hepatitis-inducing viruses, hepatitis A virus (HAV), hepatitis B virus (HBV), and hepatitis D virus (HDV) belongs to a separate family of viruses and has a distinctive viral organization, protein structure, and mode of replication.

Attempts to identify the NANBH virus by virtue of genomic similarity to one of the known hepatitis viruses have failed, suggesting that NANBH has a distinct organization and structure. [Fowler, et al., J. Med. Virol., 12:205-213 (1983) and Weiner, et al., J. Med. Virol., 21:239-247 (1987)].

Progress in developing assays to detect antibodies specific for NANBH has

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been particularly hampered by difficulties in correctly identifying antigens associated with NANBH. See, for example, Wands, J., et al., U.S. Patent 4,870,076, Wands, et al., Proc. Nat'l. Acad. Sci., 83:6608-6612 (1986), Ohori, et al., J. Med. Virol., 12:161-178 (1983), Bradley, et al., Proc. Nat'l. Acad. Sci., 84:6277-6281, (1987), Akatsuka, T., et al., J. Med. Virol, 20:43-56 (1986), Seto, B., et al., U.S. Patent Application Number 07/234,641 (available from U.S. Department of Commerce National Technical Information Service, Springfield, Virginia, No. 89138168), Takahashi, K., et al., European Patent Application No. 0 293 274, published November 30, 1988, and Seelig, R., et al., in PCT Application PCT/EP88/00123.

Recently, another hepatitis-inducing virus has been unequivocally identified as hepatitis C virus (HCV) by Houghton, M., et al., European Patent Application publication number 0 318 216, May 31, 1989. Related papers describing this virus include Kuo, G., et al., Science, 244:359-361 (1989) and Choo, Q., et al., Science, 244:362-364 (1989). Houghton, M., et al. reported isolating cDNA sequences from HCV which encode antigens which react immunologically with antibodies present in patients infected with NANBH, thus establishing that HCV is one of the viral agents causing NANBH. The cDNA sequences associated with HCV were isolated from a cDNA library prepared from the RNA obtained from pooled serum from a chimpanzee with chronic HCV infection. The cDNA library contained cDNA sequences of approximate mean size of about 200 base pairs. The cDNA library was screened for encoded epitopes expressed in clones that could bind to antibodies in sera from patients who had previously experienced NANBH.

In the European Patent Application, Houghton, M., et al. also described the preparation of several superoxide dismutase fusion polypeptides (SOD) and the use of these SOD fusion polypeptides to develop an HCV screening assay. The most complex SOD fusion polypeptide described in the European Patent Application, designated c100-3, was described as containing 154 amino acids of human SOD at the aminoterminus, 5 amino acid residues derived from the expression of a synthetic DNA adapter containing a restriction site, EcoRI, 363 amino acids derived from the expression of a cloned HCV cDNA fragment, and 5 carboxyl terminal amino acids derived from an MS2 cloning vector nucleotide sequence. The DNA sequence encoding this polypeptide was transformed into yeast cells using a plasmid. The transformed cells were cultured and expressed a 54,000 molecular weight polypeptide which was purified to about 80% purity by differential extraction.

Other SOD fusion polypeptides designated SOD-NANB₅₋₁₋₁ and SOD-NANB₈₁ were expressed in recombinant bacteria. The <u>E.coli</u> fusion polypeptides

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were purified by differential extraction and by chromatography using anion and cation exchange columns. The purification procedures were able to produce SOD-NANB5-1-1 as about 80% pure and SOD-NAN38, as about 50% pure.

The recombinant SOD fusion polypeptides described by Houghton, M., et al. were coated on microtiter wells or polystyrene beads and used to assay serum samples. Briefly, coated microtiter wells were incubated with a sample in a diluent. After incubation, the microtiter wells were washed and then developed using either a radioactively labelled sheep anti-human antibody or a mouse antihuman IgG-HRP (horseradish peroxidase) conjugate. These assays were used to detect both post acute phase and chronic phase HCV infection.

Due to the preparative methods, assay specificity required adding yeast or <u>E.coli</u> extracts to the samples in order to prevent undesired immunological reactions with any yeast or <u>E.coli</u> antibodies present in samples.

Ortho Diagnostic Systems Inc. have developed a immunoenzyme assay to detect antibodies to HCV antigens. The Ortho assay procedure is a three-stage test for serum/plasma carried out in a microwell coated with the recombinant yeast/hepatitis C virus SOD fusion polypeptide c100-3.

In the first stage, a test specimen is diluted directly in the test well and incubated for a specified length of time. If antibodies to HCV antigens are present in the specimen, antigen-antibody complexes will be formed on the microwell surface. If no antibodies are present, complexes will not be formed and the unbound serum or plasma proteins will be removed in a washing step.

In the second stage, anti-human IgG murine monoclonal antibody horseradish peroxidase conjugate is added to the microwell. The conjugate binds specifically to the antibody portion of the antigen-antibody complexes. If antigen-antibody complexes are not present, the unbound conjugate will also be removed by a washing step.

In the third stage, an enzyme detection system composed of ophenylenediamine 2HCI (OPD) and hydrogen peroxide is added to the test well. If bound conjugate is present, the OPD will be oxidized, resulting in a colored end product. After formation of the colored end product, dilute sulfuric acid is added to the microwell to stop the color-forming detection reaction.

The intensity of the colored end product is measured with a microwell reader. The assay may be used to screen patient serum and plasma.

It is established that HCV may be transmitted by contaminated blood and blood products. In transfused patients, as many as 10% will suffer from post-transfusion hepatitis. Of these, approximately 90% are the result of infections

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diagnosed as HCV. The prevention of transmission of HCV by blood and blood products requires reliable, sensitive and specific diagnosis and prognostic tools to identify HCV carriers as well as contaminated blood and blood products. Thus, there exists a need for an HCV assay which uses reliable and efficient reagents and methods to accurately detect the presence of HCV antibodies in samples.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention provides an improved assay for detecting the presence of an antibody to an HCV antigen in a sample by contacting the sample with at least one recombinant protein representing a distinct antigenic region of the HCV genome.

Recombinant antigens which are derived from the molecular cloning and expression of synthetic DNA sequences in heterologous hosts are provided. Briefly, synthetic DNA sequences which encode the desired proteins representing distinct antigenic regions of the HCV genome are optimized for expression in E.coli by specific codon selection. Specifically, recombinant proteins representing five distinct antigenic regions of NS1 of the HCV genome are described. The proteins are expressed as chimeric fusions with E.coli CMP-KDO synthetase (CKS) gene. The first protein, expressed by plasmid pHCV-77 (identified as SEQ. ID. NO. 1) represents amino acids 365-579 of the HCV sequence of NS1 and, based on analogy to the genomic organization of other flaviviruses, has been named HCV CKS-NS1S1. Note that the term pHCV-77 will also refer to the fusion protein itself and that pHCV-77' will be the designation for a polypeptide representing the NS1 region from about amino acids 365-579 of the HCV sequence prepared using other recombinant or synthetic methodologies. Other recombinant methodologies would include the preparation of pHCV-77', utilizing different expression systems. The methodology for the preparation of synthetic peptides of HCV is described in U.S. Serial No. 456,162, filed December 22, 1989, and U.S. Serial No. 610,180, filed November 7, 1990, which enjoy common ownership and are incorporated herein by reference. The next protein is expressed by plasmid pHCV-65, identified as SEQ. ID. NO. 2, and represents amino acids 565-731 of the NS1 region of the HCV genome, pHCV-65 has been named HCV CKS-NS1S2 and is expressed by the plasmid pHCV-65. The fusion protein itself will also be referred to as pHCV-65 and pHCV-65' shall be the designation for a polypeptide from the NS-1 region representing from about amino acids 565-731 of the HCV sequence prepared using other recombinant or synthetic methodologies. The next recombinant antigen represents amino acids 717-847 of the NS1 region of the HCV sequence, and is expressed by the plasmid pHCV-78 (identified by SEQ. ID. NO. 3). The fusion protein will be

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referred to as pHCV-78 and pHCV-78' shall be the designation for a polypeptide from the NS1 region representing from about amino acids 717-847 of the HCV sequence prepared using other recombinant or synthetic methodologies. It has been designated clone HCV CKS-NS1S3 based on the strategy used in its construction. Figure 44 illustrates the position of pHCV-77, pHCV-65 and pHCV-78 in the NS1 region of the HCV genome. The recombinant antigen produced by pHCV-80 is identified as SEQ. ID. NO. 4 and is designated HCV CKS-NS1S1-NS1S2. The fusion protein is also designated by pHCV-80 and pHCV-80' refers to the polypeptide located in the NS1 region of HCV, representing amino acids 365-731 of the HCV genome prepared using different recombinant methodologies. Figure 45 illustrates

the position of pHCV-80 within the HCV genome. HCV CKS-Full Length NS1 is the designation for the recombinant protein pHCV-92 (SEQ. ID. NO. 5). It represents amino acids 365-847 of the HCV genome. The fusion proteins will be referred to as pHCV-92 and pHCV 92' shall be the designation for the polypeptide from the NS1 region representing amino acids 365-847 of the HCV sequence prepared using other recombinant or synthetic methodologies. Figure 46 illustrates the position of pHCV-92 in the HCV genome. These antigens are used in the inventive immunoassays to detect the presence of HCV antibodies in samples.

One assay format according to the invention provides a screening assay for identifying the presence of an antibody that is immunologically reactive with an HCV antigen. Briefly, a fluid sample is incubated with a solid support containing the commonly bound recombinant proteins. Finally, the antibody-antigen complex is detected. In a modification of the screening assay the solid support additionally contains recombinant polypeptide c100-3.

Another assay format provides a confirmatory assay for unequivocally identifying the presence of an antibody that is immunologically reactive with an HCV antigen. The confirmatory assay includes synthetic peptides or recombinant antigens representing the epitopes contained within the NS1 region of the HCV genome, which are the same regions represented by the recombinant proteins described in the screening assay. These are pHCV-77, pHCV-65, pHCV-78, pHCV-80 and pHCV-92. Recombinant proteins used in the confirmatory assay should have a heterologous source of antigen to that used in the primary screening assay (i.e. should not be an <u>E.coli</u>-derived recombinant antigen nor a recombinant antigen composed in part, of CKS sequences). Briefly, specimens repeatedly reactive in the primary screening assay are retested in the confirmatory assay. Aliquots containing identical amounts of specimen are contacted with a synthetic peptide or recombinant antigen individually coated onto a solid support. Finally, the antibody-

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antigen complex is detected. The polypeptides or recombinant proteins can be utilized as indicated or combined with other polypeptides and recombinant proteins a described herein and also described in U.S. Serial No. 456,162 entitled "Hepatitis C Assay", filed December 22, 1989, which enjoys common ownership and is incorporated herein by reference.

Another assay format provides a competition assay or neutralization assay directed to the confirmation that positive results are not false by identifying the presence of an antibody that is immunologically reactive with an HCV antigen in a fluid sample where the sample is used to prepare first and second immunologically equivalent aliquots. The first aliquot is contacted with solid support containing a bound polypeptide which contains at least one epitope of an HCV antigen under conditions suitable for complexing with the antibody to form a detectable antibody-polypeptide complex and the second aliquot is first contacted with the same solid support containing bound polypeptide. The preferred recombinant polypeptides include pHCV-77, pHCV-65, pHCV-78, pHCV-80 and pHCV-92.

Another assay format provides an immunodot assay for identifying the presence of an antibody that is immunologically reactive with an HCV antigen by concurrently contacting a sample with recombinant polypeptides each containing distinct epitopes of an HCV antigen under conditions suitable for complexing the antibody with at least one of the polypeptides and detecting the antibodypolypeptide complex by reacting the complex with colorproducing reagents. The preferred recombinant polypeptides employed include those recombinant polypeptides derived from pHCV-77, pHCV-65, pHCV-78, pHCV-80, as well as pHCV-92.

In all of the assays, the sample is preferably diluted before contacting the polypeptide absorbed on a solid support. Samples may be obtained from different biological samples such as whole blood, serum, plasma, cerebral spinal fluid, and lymphocyte or cell culture supernatants. Solid support materials may include cellulose materials, such as paper and nitrocellulose, natural and synthetic polymeric materials, such as polyacrylamide, polystyrene, and cotton, porous gels such as silica gel, agarose, dextran and gelatin, and inorganic materials such as deactivated alumina, magnesium sulfate and glass. Suitable solid support materials may be used in assays in a variety of well known physical configurations, including microtiter wells, test tubes, beads, strips, membranes, and microparticles. A preferred solid support for a non-immunodot assay is a polystyrene bead. A preferred solid support for an immunodot assay is nitrocellulose.

Suitable methods and reagents for detecting an antibody-antigen complex in an assay of the present invention are commercially available or known in the

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relevant art. Representative methods may employ detection reagents such as enzymatic, radioisotopic, fluorescent, luminescent, or chemiluminescent reagents. These reagents may be used to prepare hapten-labelled antihapten detection systems according to known procedures, for example, a biotin-labelled antibiotin system may be used to detect an antibody-antigen complex.

The present invention also encompasses assay kits including polypeptides which contain at least one epitope of an HCV antigen bound to a solid support as well as needed sample preparation reagents, wash reagents, detection reagents and signal producing reagents.

Other aspects and advantages of the invention will be apparent to those skilled in the art upon consideration of the following detailed description which provides illustrations of the invention in its presently preferred embodiments.

E.coli strains containing plasmids useful for constructs of the invention have been deposited at the American Type Culture Collection, Rockville, Maryland on August 10, 1990, under the accession Nos. ATCC 68380 (pHCV-23), ATCC 68381 (pHCV-29), ATCC 68382 (pHCV-31), ATCC 68383 (pHCV-34) and on November 6, 1990 for E.coli strains containing plasmids useful for constructs under the accession Nos. ATCC 68458 (pHCV-50), ATCC 68459 (pHCV-57), ATCC 68460 (pHCV-103), ATCC 68461 (pHCV-102), ATCC 68462 (pHCV-51), ATCC 68463 (pHCV-105), ATCC 68464 (pHCV-107), ATCC 68465 (pHCV-104), ATCC 68466 (pHCV-45), ATCC 68467 (pHCV-48),ATCC 68468 (pHCV-49), ATCC 68469 (pHCV-58) and ATCC 68470 (pHCV-101). E. coli strains containing plasmids useful for constructs of the invention have been deposited at the A.T.C.C. on September 26, 1991 under deposit numbers ATCC 68690 (pHCV-77), ATCC 68696 (pHCV-65), ATCC 68689 (pHCV-78), ATCC 68688 (pHCV-80) and ATCC 68695 (pHCV-92).

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIGURE 1 illustrates the HCV genome.

FIGURE 2 illustrates the use of recombinant polypeptides to identify the presence of antibodies in a chimpanzee inoculated with HCV.

FIGURE 3 illustrates the sensitivity and specificity increase in using the screening assay using pHCV-34 and pHCV-31 antigens.

FIGURE 4 illustrates the construction of plasmid pHCV-34.

3 5 FIGURE 5 illustrates fusion protein pHCV-34.

FIGURE 6 illustrates the expression of pHCV-34 proteins in E.coli.

FIGURE 7 illustrates the construction of plasmid pHCV-23.

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FIGURE 8 illustrates the construction of plasmid pHCV-29.

FIGURE 9 illustrates the construction of plasmid pHCV-31.

FIGURE 10 illustrates the fusion protein pHCV-31.

FIGURE 11 illustrates the expression of pHCV-29 in E.coli.

FIGURE 12 illustrates the expression of pHCV-23 in E.coli.

FIGURE 13 illustrates the expression of pHCV-31 in E.coli.

FIGURE 14 illustrates the increased sensitivity using the screening assay utilizing the pHCV-34.

FIGURE 15 illustrates the increased specificity with the screening assay utilizing pHCV-34 and pHCV-31.

FIGURE 16 illustrates the results in hemodialysis patients using the screening and confirmatory assays.

FIGURE 17 illustrates earlier detection of HCV in a hemodialysis patient using the screening assay.

FIGURE 18 illustrates the results of the screening assay utilizing pHCV-34 and pHCV-31 on samples from individuals with acute NANBH.

FIGURE 19 illustrates the results of the confirmatory assay of the same population group as in Figure 18.

FIGURE 20 illustrates the results of the screening and confirmatory assays on individuals infected with chronic NANBH.

FIGURE 21 illustrates preferred buffers, pH conditions, and spotting concentrations for the HCV immunodot assay.

FIGURE 22 illustrates the results of the HCV immunodot assay.

FIGURE 23 illustrates the fusion protein pHCV-45.

25 FIGURE 24 illustrates the expression of pHCV-45 in E.coli.

FIGURE 25 illustrates the fusion protein pHCV-48.

FIGURE 26 illustrates the expression of pHCV-48 in E.coli.

FIGURE 27 illustrates the fusion protein pHCV-51.

FIGURE 28 illustrates the expression of pHCV-51 in E.coli.

30 FIGURE 29 illustrates the fusion protein pHCV-50.

FIGURE 30 illustrates the expression of pHCV-50 in E.coli.

FIGURE 31 illustrates the fusion protein pHCV-49.

FIGURE 32 illustrates the expression of pHCV-49 in E.coli.

FIGURE 33 illustrates an immunoblot of pHCV-23, pHCV-45, pHCV-48,

35 pHCV-51, pHCV-50 and pHCV-49.

FIGURE 34 illustrates the fusion proteins pHCV-24, pHCV-57, pHCV-58.

FIGURE 35 illustrates the expression of pHCV-24, pHCV-57, and pHCV-58

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in E.coli.

FIGURE 36 illustrates the fusion protein pHCV-105.

FIGURE 37 illustrates the expression of pHCV-105 in E.coli.

FIGURE 38 illustrates the fusion protein pHCV-103.

FIGURE 39 illustrates the fusion protein pHCV-101.

FIGURE 40 illustrates the fusion protein pHCV-102.

FIGURE 41 illustrates the expression of pHCV-102 in E.coli.

FIGURE 42 illustrates the fusion protein pHCV-107.

FIGURE 43 illustrates the fusion protein pHCV-104.

1 0 FIGURE 44 illustrates the NS1 region of the HCV genome, and in particular, the locations of pHCV-77, pHCV-65 and pHCV-78.

FIGURE 45 illustrates the NS1 region of the HCV genome, and in particular, the location of pHCV-80.

FIGURE 46 illustrates the NS1 region of the HCV genome, and in particlar, the location of pHCV-92.

FIGURE 47A illustrates the expression of pHCV-77 in <u>E. coli</u>; and FIGURE 47B illustrates an immunblot of pHCV-77 in <u>E. coli</u>.

FIGURE 48A illustrates the expression of pHCV-65 in <u>E. coli</u> and FIGURE 48B illustrates an immunoblot of pHCV-65 in <u>E. coli</u>.

FIGURE 49A illustrates the expression of pHCV-80 in <u>E. coli</u> and FIGURE 49B illustrates an immunoblot of pHCV-80 in <u>E. coli</u>.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The present invention is directed to an assay to detect an antibody to an HCV antigen in a sample. Human serum or plasma is preferably diluted in a sample diluent and incubated with a polystyrene bead coated with a recombinant polypeptide that represents a distinct antigenic region of the HCV genome. If antibodies are present in the sample they will form a complex with the antigenic polypeptide and become affixed to the polystyrene bead. After the complex has formed, unbound materials and reagents are removed by washing the bead and the bead-antigenantibody complex is reacted with a solution containing horseradish peroxidase labeled goat antibodies directed against human antibodies. This peroxidase enzyme then binds to the antigen-antibody complex already fixed to the bead. In a final reaction the horseradish peroxidase is contacted with o-phenylenediamine and hydrogen peroxide which results in a yellow-orange color. The intensity of the color is proportional to the amount of antibody which initially binds to the antigen fixed to the bead.

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The preferred recombinant polypeptides having HCV antigenic epitopes were selected from portions of the HCV genome which encoded polypeptides which possessed amino acid sequences similar to other known immunologically reactive agents and which were identified as having some immunological reactivity. (The immunological reactivity of a polypeptide was initially identified by reacting the cellular extract of E.coli clones which had been transformed with cDNA fragments of the HCV genome with HCV infected serum. Polypeptides expressed by clone containing the incorporated cDNA were immunologically reactive with serum known to contain antibody to HCV antigens.) An analysis of a given amino acid sequence, however, only provides rough guides to predicting immunological reactivity. There is no invariably predictable way to ensure immunological activity short of preparing a given amino acid sequence and testing the suspected sequence in an assay.

The use of recombinant polypeptides representing distinct antigenic regions of the HCV genome to detect the presence of an antibody to an HCV antigen is illustrated in Figure 2. The course of HCV infection in the chimpanzee, Pan, was followed with one assay using recombinant c100-3 polypeptide and with another improved assay, using the two recombinant antigens CKS-Core (pHCV-34) (SEQ.ID.NO 6 and 7) and pHCV-33c-BCD (pHCV-31) (SEQ.ID.NO 8 and 9) expressed by the plasmids pHCV-34 and pHCV-31, respectively. The assay utilizing the recombinant pHCV-34 and pHCV-31 proteins detected plasma antibody three weeks prior to detection of antibody by the assay using c100-3.

A summary of the results of a study which followed the course of HCV infection in Pan and six other chimpanzees using the two assays described above is summarized in Figure 3. Both assays gave negative results before inoculation and both assays detected the presence of antibodies after the animal had been infected with HCV. However, in the comparison of the two assays, the improved screening assay using pHCV-34 and pHCV-31 detected seroconversion to HCV antigens at an earlier or equivalent bleed date in six of the seven chimpanzees. Data from these chimpanzee studies clearly demonstrate that overall detection of HCV antibodies is greatly increased with the assay utilizing the pHCV-34 and pHCV-31 proteins. This test is sufficiently sensitive to detect seroconversion during the acute phase of this disease, as defined as an elevation in ALT levels, in most animals. Equally important is the high degree of specificity of the test as no pre-inoculation specimens were reactive.

The polypeptides useful in the practice of this invention are produced using recombinant technologies. The DNA sequences which encode the desired polypeptides

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are preferably assembled from fragments of the total desired sequence. Synthetic DNA fragments of the HCV genome can be synthesized based on their corresponding amino acid sequences. Once the amino acid sequence is chosen, this is then reverse translated to determine the complementary DNA sequence using codons optimized to facilitate expression in the chosen system. The fragments are generally prepared using well known automated processes and apparatus. After the complete sequence has been prepared the desired sequence is incorporated into an expression vector which is transformed into a host cell. The DNA sequence is then expressed by the host cell to give the desired polypeptide which is harvested from the host cell or from the medium in which the host cell is cultured. When smaller peptides are to be made using recombinant technologies it may be advantageous to prepare a single DNA sequence which encodes several copies of the desired polypeptide in a connected chain. The long chain is then isolated and the chain is cleaved into the shorter, desired sequences.

The methodology of polymerase chain reaction (PCR) may also be employed to develop PCR amplified genes from any portion of the HCV genome, which in turn may then be cloned and expressed in a manner similar to the synthetic genes.

Vector systems which can be used include plant, bacterial, yeast, insect, and mammalian expression systems. It is preferred that the codons are optimized for expression in the system used.

A preferred expression system utilizes a carrier gene for a fusion system where the recombinant HCV proteins are expressed as a fusion protein of an <u>E.coli</u> enzyme, CKS (CTP:CMP-3-deoxy-<u>manno</u>-octulosonate cytidylyl transferase or CMP-KDO synthetase). The CKS method of protein synthesis is disclosed in U.S. Patent Applications Serial Nos. 167,067 and 276,263 filed March 11, 1988 and November 23, 1988, respectively, by Bolling (EPO 891029282) which enjoy common ownership and are incorporated herein by reference.

Other expression systems may be utilized including the lambda PL vector system whose features include a strong lambda pL promoter, a strong three-frame translation terminator rmBtl, and translation starting at an ATG codon.

In the present invention, the amino acid sequences encoding for the recombinant HCV antigens of interest were reverse translated using codons optimized to facilitate high level expression in <u>E.coli</u>. Individual oligonucleotides were synthesized by the method of oligonucleotide directed double-stranded break repair disclosed in U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 883,242, filed July 8, 1986 by Mandecki (EPO 87109357.1) which enjoys common ownership and is incorporated herein by reference. Alternatively, the individual oligonucleotides

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may be synthesized on the Applied Biosystem 380A DNA synthesizer using methods and reagents recommended by the manufacturer. The DNA sequences of the individual oligonucleotides were confirmed using the Sanger dideoxy chain termination method (Sanger et al., J. Mole. Biol., 162:729 (1982)). These individual gene fragments were then annealed and ligated together and cloned as EcoRI-BamHI subfragments in the CKS fusion vector pJO200. After subsequent DNA sequence confirmation by the Sanger dideoxy chain termination method, the subfragments were digested with appropriate restriction enzymes, gel purified, ligated and cloned again as an EcoRI-BamHI fragment in the CKS fusion vector pJO200. The resulting clones were mapped to identify a hybrid gene consisting of the EcoRI-BamHI HCV fragment inserted at the 3' end of the CKS (CMP-KDO synthetase) gene. The resultant fusion proteins, under control of the lac promoter, consist of 239 amino acids of the CKS protein fused to the various regions of HCV.

The synthesis, cloning, and characterization of the recombinant polypeptides as well as the preferred formats for assays using these polypeptides are provided in the following examples. Examples 1 and 2 describe the synthesis and cloning of CKS-Core and CKS-33-BCD, respectively. Example 3 describes a screening assay. Example 4 describes a confirmatory assay. Example 5 describes a competition assay. Example 6 describes an immunodot assay. Example 7 describes the synthesis and cloning of HCV CKS-NS5E, CKS-NS5F, CKS-NS5G, CKS-NS5H and CKS-NS5I. Example 8 describes the preparation of HCV CKS-C100 vectors. Example 9 describes the preparation of HCV PCR derived expression vectors. Example 10 describes the synthesis and characterization of pHCV-77 of NS1. Example 11 describes the synthesis and characterization of pHCV-65 of NS1. Example 12 describes the synthesis and characterization of pHCV-78 of NS1. Example 13 describes the synthesis and characterization of pHCV-80 of NS1. Example 14 describes the synthesis and characterization of pHCV-92 of NS1.

REAGENTS AND ENZYMES

Media such as Luria-Bertani (LB) and Superbroth II (Dri Form) were obtained from Gibco Laboratories Life Technologies, Inc., Madison Wisconsin. Restriction enzymes, Klenow fragment of DNA polymerase I, T4 DNA ligase, T4 polynucleotide kinase, nucleic acid molecular weight standards, M13 sequencing system, X-gal (5-bromo-4-chloro-3-indonyl-B-D-galactoside), IPTG (isopropyl-B-D-thiogalactoside), glycerol, Dithiothreitol, 4-chloro-1-naphthol were purchased from Boehringer Mannheim Biochemicals, Indianapolis, Indiana; or New England Biolabs, Inc., Beverly, Massachusetts; or Bethesda Research

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Laboratories Life Technologies, Inc., Gaithersburg, Maryland. Prestained protein molecular weight standards, acrylamide (crystallized, electrophoretic grade >99%); N-N'-Methylene-bis-acrylamide (BIS); N,N,N',N',Tetramethylethylenediamine (TEMED) and sodium dodecylsulfate (SDS) were purchased from BioRad Laboratories, Richmond, California. Lysozyme and ampicillin were obtained from Sigma Chemical Co., St. Louis, Missouri.
Horseradish peroxidase (HRPO) labeled secondary antibodies were obtained from Kirkegaard & Perry Laboratories, Inc., Gaithersburg, Maryland. Seaplaque® agarose (low melting agarose) was purchased from FMC Bioproducts, Rockland, Maine.

T50E10 contained 50mM Tris, pH 8.0, IOmM EDTA; 1X TG contained 100mM Tris, pH 7.5 and 10% glycerol; 2X SDS/PAGE loading buffer consisted of 15% glycerol, 5% SDS, IOOmM Tris base, 1M ß-mercaptoethanol and 0.8% Bromophenol blue dye; TBS container 50 mM Tris, pH 8.0, and 150 mM sodium chloride; Blocking solution consisted of 5% Carnation nonfat dry milk in TBS.

HOST CELL CULTURES, DNA SOURCES AND VECTORS

E.coli JM103 cells, pUC8, pUC18, pUC19 and M13 cloning vectors were purchased from Pharmacia LKB Biotechnology, Inc., Piscataway, New Jersey; Competent Epicurean™ coli stains XL1-Blue and JM109 were purchased from Stratagene Cloning Systems, LaJolla, California. RR1 cells were obtained from Coli Genetic Stock Center, Yale University, New Haven, Connecticut; and E.coli CAG456 cells from Dr. Carol Gross, University of Wisconsin, Madison, Wisconsin. Vector pRK248.clts was obtained from Dr. Donald R. Helinski, University of California, San Diego, California.

GENERAL METHODS

All restriction enzyme digestion were performed according to suppliers' instructions. At least 5 units of enzyme were used per microgram of DNA, and sufficient incubation was allowed to complete digestion of DNA. Standard procedures were used for minicell lysate DNA preparation, phenol-chloroform extraction, ethanol precipitation of DNA, restriction analysis of DNA on agarose, and low melting agarose gel purification of DNA fragments (Maniatis et al., Molecular Cloning. A Laboratory Manual [New York: Cold Spring Harbor, 1982]). Plasmid isolations from E.coli strains used the alkali lysis procedure and cesium chloride-ethidium bromide density gradient method (Maniatis et al., supra). Standard buffers were used for T4 DNA ligase and T4 polynucleotide kinase (Maniatis et al.,

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supra).

EXAMPLE 1. CKS-CORE

A. Construction of the Plasmid pJ0200

The cloning vector pJO200 allows the fusion of recombinant proteins to the CKS protein. The plasmid consists of the plasmid pBR322 with a modified <a href="lackground-color: lackground-color: lackground-color:

B. Preparation of HCV CKS-Core Expression Vector

Six individual nucleotides representing amino acids 1-150 of the HCV genome were ligated together and cloned as a 466 base pair EcoRI-BamHI fragment into the CKS fusion vector pJO200 as presented in Figure 4. The complete DNA sequence of this plasmid, designated pHCV-34, and the entire amino acid sequence of the pHCV-34 recombinant antigen produced is presented in SEQ.ID.NO 6 and 7. The resultant fusion protein HCV CKS-Core, consists of 239 amino acids of CKS, seven amino acids contributed by linker DNA sequences, and the first 150 amino acids of HCV as illustrated in Figure 5.

The pHCV-34 plasmid and the CKS plasmid pTB210 were transformed into E.coli K-12 strain xL-I (recAl, endAl, gyrA96, thi-1, hsdRI7, supE44, relAl, lac/F', proAB, lacIqZDM15, TN10) cells made competent by the calcium chloride method. In these constructions the expression of the CKS fusion proteins was under the control of the lac promoter and was induced by the addition of IPTG. These plasmids replicated as independent elements, were nonmobilizable and were maintained at approximately 10-30 copies per cell.

3.5 C. Characterization of Recombinant HCV-Core

In order to establish that clone pHCV-34 expressed the unique HCV-CKS Core protein, the pHCV-34/XL-1 culture was grown overnight at 37°C in growth

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media consisting of yeast extract, trytone, phosphate salts, glucose, and ampicillin. When the culture reached an OD600 of 1.0, IPTG was added to a final concentration of 1mM to induce expression. Samples (1.5 ml) were removed at 1 hour intervals, and cells were pelleted and resuspended to an OD600 of 1.0 in 2X SDS/PAGE loading buffer. Aliquots (15ul) of the prepared samples were separated on duplicate 12.5% SDS/PAGE gels.

One gel was fixed in a solution of 50% methanol and 10% acetic acid for 20 minutes at room temperature, and then stained with 0.25% Coomassie blue dye in a solution of 50% methanol and 10% acetic acid for 30 minutes. Destaining was carried out using a solution of 10% methanol and 7% acetic acid for 3-4 hours, or until a clear background was obtained.

Figure 6 presents the expression of pHCV-34 proteins in <u>E.coli</u>. Molecular weight standards were run in Lane M. Lane 1 contains the plasmid pJ0200-the CKS vector without the HCV sequence. The arrows on the left indicate the mobilities of the molecular weight markers from top to bottom: 110,000; 84,000; 47,000; 33,000; 24,000; and 16,000 daltons. The arrows on the right indicate the mobilities of the recombinant HCV proteins. Lane 2 contains the <u>E.coli</u> lysate containing pHCV-34 expressing CKS-Core (amino acids 1 to 150) prior to induction; and Lane 3 after 3 hours of induction. The results show that the recombinant protein pHCV-34 has an apparent mobility corresponding to a molecular size of 48,000 daltons. This compares acceptably with the predicted molecular mass of 43,750 daltons.

Proteins from the second 12.5% SDS/PAGE gel were electrophoretically transferred to nitrocellulose for immunoblotting. The nitrocellulose sheet containing the transferred proteins was incubated with Blocking Solution for one hour and incubated overnight at 4°C with HCV patients' sera diluted in TBS containing E.coli K-12 strain XL-I lysate. The nitrocellulose sheet was washed three times in TBS, then incubated with HRPO-labeled goat anti-human IgG, diluted in TBS containing 10% fetal calf sera. The nitrocellulose was washed three times with TBS and the color was developed in TBS containing 2 mg/ml 4-chloro-1-napthol, 0.02% hydrogen peroxide and 17% methanol. Clone HCV-34 demonstrated a strong immunoreactive band at 48,000 daltons with the HCV patients' sera. Thus, the major protein in the Coomassie stained protein gel was immunoreactive. Normal human serum did not react with any component of pHCV-34.

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EXAMPLE 2. HCV CKS-33C-BCD

A. Preparation of HCV CKS-33c-BCD Expression Vector

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The construction of this recombinant clone expressing the HCV CKS-33-BCD antigen was carried out in three steps described below. First, a clone expressing the HCV CKS-BCD antigen was constructed, designated pHCV-23. Second, a clone expressing the HCV CKS-33 antigen was constructed, designated pHCV-29. Lastly, the HCV BCD region was excised from pHCV-23 and inserted into pHCV-29 to construct a clone expressing the HCV CKS-33-BCD antigen, designated pHCV-31 (SEQ.ID.NO. 8 and 9).

To construct the plasmid pHCV-23, thirteen individual oligonucleotides representing amino acids 1676-1931 of the HCV genome were ligated together and cloned as three separate EcoRI-BamHI subfragments into the CKS fusion vector pJO200. After subsequent DNA sequence confirmation, the three subfragments, designated B, C, and D respectively, were digested with the appropriate restriction enzymes, gel purified, ligated together, and cloned as a 781 base pair EcoRI-BamHI fragment in the CKS fusion vector pJO200, as illustrated in Figure 7. The resulting plasmid, designated pHCV-23, expresses the HCV CKS-BCD antigen under control of the <u>lac</u> promoter. The HCV CKS-BCD antigen consists of 239 amino acids of CKS, seven amino acids contributed by linker DNA sequences, 256 amino acids contributed by linker DNA sequences.

To construct the plasmid pHCV-29 twelve individual oligonucleotides representing amino acids 1192-1457 of the HCV genome were ligated together and cloned as two separate EcoRI-BamHI subfragments in the CKS fusion vector pJO200. After subsequent DNA sequence confirmation, the two subfragments were digested with the appropriate restriction enzymes, gel purified, ligated together and cloned again as an 816 base pair EcoRI-BamHI fragment in the CKS fusion vector pJO200, as illustrated in Figure 8. The resulting plasmid, designated pHCV-29, expresses the CKS-33 antigen under control of the <u>lac</u> promoter. The HCV CKS-33 antigen consists of 239 amino acids of CKS, eight amino acids contributed by linker DNA sequences, and 266 amino acids from the HCV NS3 region (amino acids 1192-1457).

To construct the plasmid pHCV-31, the 781 base pair EcoRI-BamHI fragment from pHCV-23 representing the HCV-BCD region was linker-adapted to produce a Cla1-BamH1 fragment which was then gel purified and ligated into pHCV-29 at the Cla1-BamH1 sites as illustrated in Figure 9. The resulting plasmid, designated pHCV-31, expresses the pHCV-31 antigen under control of the lac promoter. The complete DNA sequence of pHCV-31 and the entire amino acid sequence of the HCV CKS-33-BCD recombinant antigen produced is presented in

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SEQ.ID.NO. 8 and 9. The HCV CKS-33-BCD antigen consists of 239 amino acids of CKS, eight amino acids contributed by linker DNA sequences, 266 amino acids of the HCV NS3 region (amino acids 1192-1457), 2 amino acids contributed by linker DNA sequences, 256 amino acids of the HCV NS4 region (amino acids 1676-1931), and 10 additional amino acids contributed by linker DNA sequences. Figure 12 presents a schematic representation of the pHCV-31 antigen.

The pHCV-31 plasmid was transformed into <u>E.coli</u> K-12 strain XL-I in a manner similar to the pHCV-34 and CKS-pTB210 plasmids of Example 1.

10 B. Characterization of Recombinant HCV CKS-33-BCD

Characterization of pHCV CKS-33-BCD was carried out in a manner similar to pHCV CKS-Core of Example 1. pHCV-23, pHCV SDS/PAGE gels were run for E.coli lysates containing the plasmids pHCV-29 (Figure 11), pHCV-23 (Figure 12), and pHCV-31 (Figure 13) expressing the recombinant fusion proteins CKS-33c, CKS-BCD, and CKS-33-BCD, respectively. For all three figures, molecular weight standards were run in Lane M, with the arrows on the left indicating mobilities of the molecular weight markers the from top to bottom: 110,000; 84,000; 47,000; 33,000; 24,000; and 16,000 daltons. In Figure 11, Lane 1 contained the E.coli lysate containing pHCV-29 expressing HCV CKS-33c (amino acids 1192 to 1457) prior to induction and lane 2 after 4 hours induction. These results show that the recombinant pHCV-29 fusion protein has an apparent mobility corresponding to a molecular size of 60,000 daltons. This compares acceptably to the predicted molecular mass of 54,911.

In Figure 12, Lane 1 contained the <u>E.coli</u> lysate containing pJO200-- the CKS vector without the HCV sequence. Lane 2, contained pHCV-20 expressing the HCV CKS-B (amino acids 1676 to 1790). Lane 3, contained the fusion protein pHCV-23 (amino acids 1676-1931). These results show that the recombinant pHCV-23 fusion protein has an apparent mobility corresponding to a molecular size of 55,000 daltons. This compares acceptably to the predicted molecular mass of 55,070 daltons.

In Figure 13, Lane 1 contained the <u>E.coli</u> lysate containing pJO200 the CKS vector without the HCV sequences. Lane 2 contained pHCV-31 expressing the CKS-33c-BCD fusion protein (amino acids 1192 to 1447 and 1676 to 1931) prior to induction and lane 3 after 2 hours induction. These results show that the recombinant pHCV-31 (CKS-33c-BCD) fusion protein has an apparent mobility corresponding to a molecular size of 90,000 daltons. This compares acceptably to the predicted molecular mass of 82,995 daltons.

An immunoblot was also run on one of the SDS/PAGE gels derived from the pHCV-31/X1-1 culture. Human serum from an HCV exposed individual reacted strongly with the major pHCV-31 band at 90,000 daltons. Normal human serum did not react with any component of the pHCV-31 (CKS-33-BCD) preparations.

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EXAMPLE 3, SCREENING ASSAY

The use of recombinant polypeptides which contain epitopes within cl00-3 as well as epitopes from other antigenic regions from the HCV genome, provide immunological assays which have increased sensitivity and may be more specific than HCV immunological assays using epitopes within c100-3 alone.

In the presently preferred screening assay, the procedure uses two <u>E.coli</u> expressed recombinant proteins, CKS-Core (pHCV-34) and CKS-33-BCD (pHCV-31), representing three distinct regions of the HCV genome. These recombinant polypeptides were prepared following procedures described above. In the screening assay, both recombinant antigens are coated onto the same polystyrene bead. In a modification of the screening assay the polystyrene bead may also be coated with the SOD-fusion polypeptide c100-3.

The polystyrene beads are first washed with distilled water and propanol and then incubated with a solution containing recombinant pHCV-31 diluted to 0.5 to 2.0 ug/ml and pHCV-34 diluted to 0.1 to 0.5 ug/ml in 0.1 M NaH2PO4-H20 with 0.4M NaC1 and 0.0022% Triton X-100, pH 6.5. The beads are incubated in the antigen solution for 2 hours (plus or minus 10 minutes) at 38-42°C, washed in PBS and soaked in 0.1% (w/v) Triton X-100 in PBS for 60 minutes at 38-42°C. The beads are then washed two times in phosphate buffered saline (PBS), overcoated with a solution of 5.0% (w/v) bovine serum albumin (BSA) in PBS for 60 minutes at 38-42°C and washed one time in PBS. Finally, the beads are overcoated with 5% (w/v) sucrose in PBS, and dried under nitrogen or air.

The polystyrene beads coated with pHCV-31 and pHCV-34 are used in an antibody capture format. Ten microliters of sample are added to the wells of the reaction tray along with 400 ul of a sample diluent and the recombinant coated bead. The sample diluent consists of 10% (v/v) bovine serum and 20% (v/v) goat serum in 20 mM Tris phosphate buffer containing 0.15% (v/v) Triton X-100, 1%(w/v) BSA, 1% E.coli lysate and 500 ug/ml or less CKS lysate. When the recombinant yeast c100-3 polypeptide is used, antibodies to yeast antigens which may be present in a sample are reacted with yeast extracts which are added to the sample diluent (typically about 200 ug/ml). The addition of yeast extracts to the sample diluent is used to prevent false positive results. The final material is sterile

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filtered and filled in plastic bottles, and preserved with 0.1% sodium azide.

After one hour of incubation at 40°C, the beads are washed and 200 ul of conjugate is added to the wells of the reaction tray.

The preferred conjugate is goat anti-human IgG horseradish peroxidase conjugate. Concentrated conjugate is titered to determine a working concentration. A twenty-fold concentrate of the working conjugate solution is then prepared by diluting the concentrate in diluent. The 20X concentrate is sterile filtered and stored in plastic bottles.

The conjugate diluent includes 10% (v/v) bovine serum, 10% (v/v) goat serum and 0.15% Triton-X100 in 20 mM Tris buffer, pH 7.5 with 0.01% gentamicin sulfate, 0.01% thimerosal and red dye. The conjugate is sterile filtered and filled in plastic bottles.

Anti-HCV positive control is prepared from plasma units positive for antibodies to HCV. The pool of units used includes plasma with antibodies reactive to pHCV-31 and pHCV-34. The units are recalcified and heat inactivated at 59-61°C for 12 hours with constant stirring. The pool is aliquoted and stored at -20°C or at 2-8°C. For each lot of positive control, the stock solution is diluted with negative control containing 0.1% sodium azide as a preservative. The final material is sterile filtered and filled in plastic bottles.

Anti-HCV negative control is prepared from recalcified human plasma, negative for antibodies to pHCV-31 and pHCV-34 proteins of HCV. The plasma is also negative for antibodies to human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) and negative for hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg). The units are pooled, and 0.1% sodium azide is added as a preservative. The final material is sterile filtered and filled in plastic bottles.

After one hour of incubation with the conjugate at 40°C, the beads are washed, exposed to the OPD substrate for thirty minutes at room temperature and the reaction terminated by the addition of 1 N H₂SO₄. The absorbance is read at 492 nm.

In order to maintain acceptable specificity, the cutoff for the assay should be at least 5-7 standard deviations above the absorbance value of the normal population mean. In addition, it has generally been observed that acceptable specificity is obtained when the population mean runs at a sample to cutoff (S/CO) value of 0.25 or less. Consistent with these criteria, a "preclinical" cutoff for the screening assay was selected which clearly separated most of the presumed "true negative" from "true positive" specimens. The cutoff value was calculated as the sum of the positive control mean absorbance value multiplied by 0.25 and the

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negative control mean absorbance value. The cutoff may be expressed algebraically as:

Cutoff value=0.25 PCx + NCx.

Testing may be performed by two methods which differ primarily in the degree of automation and the mechanism for reading the resulting color development in the assay. One method is referred to as the manual or Quantum™ method because Quantum or Quantumatic is used to read absorbance at 492 nm. It is also called the manual method because sample pipetting, washing and reagent additions are generally done manually by the technician, using appropriately calibrated pipettes, dispensers and wash instruments. The second method is referred to as the PPC method and utilizes the automated Abbott Commander® system. This system employs a pipetting device referred to as the Sample Management Center (SMC) and a wash/dispense/read device referred to as the Parallel Processing Center (PPC) disclosed in E.P.O. Publication No. 91114072.1. The optical reader used in the PPC has dual wavelength capabilities that can measure differential absorbencies (peak band and side band) from the sample wells. These readings are converted into results by the processor's Control Center.

Screening Assay Performance

20 1. Serum/Plasma From Inoculated Chimpanzees

As previously described, Table I summarizes the results of a study which followed the course of HCV infection in seven chimpanzees using a screening assay which utilized the c100-3 polypeptide, and the screening assay which utilized pHCV-31 and pHCV-34. Both assays gave negative results before inoculation and both assays detected the presence of antibodies after the animal had been infected with HCV. However, in the comparison of the two assays, the assay utilizing pHCV-31 and pHCV-34 detected seroconversion to HCV antigens at an earlier or equivalent bleed date in six of the seven chimpanzees. Data from these chimpanzee studies clearly demonstrate that overall detection of HCV antibodies is greatly increased with the assay utilizing the pHCV-31 and pHCV-34 proteins. This test is sufficiently sensitive to detect seroconversion during the acute phase of this disease, as defined as an elevation in ALT levels, in most animals. Equally important is the high degree of specificity of the test as no pre-inoculation specimens were reactive.

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2. Non-A. Non-B Panel II (H. Alter, NIH)

A panel of highly pedigreed human sera from Dr. H. Alter, NIH, Bethesda,

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MD., containing infectious HCV sera, negative sera and other disease controls were tested. A total of 44 specimens were present in the panel.

Six of seven sera which were "proven infectious" in chimpanzees were positive in both the screening assay using c100-3 as well as in the screening assay utilizing the recombinant proteins pHCV-31 and pHCV-34. These six reactive specimens were obtained from individuals with chronic hepatitis. All six of the reactive specimens were confirmed positive using synthetic peptide sp67. One specimen obtained during the acute phase of NANB post-transfusion hepatitis was non-reactive in both screening assays.

In the group labeled "probable infectious" were three samples taken from the same post transfusion hepatitis patient. The first two acute phase samples were negative in both assays, but the third sample was reactive in both assay. The disease control samples and pedigreed negative controls were uniformly negative.

All sixteen specimens detected as positive by both screening assays were confirmed by the spll7 confirmatory assay (Figure 14). In addition, specimens 10 and 29 were newly detected in the screening assay utilizing the recombinant pHCV-31 and pHCV-34 antigens and were reactive by the sp75 confirmatory assay. Specimen 39 was initially reactive in the screening test utilizing pHCV-34 and pHCV-31, but upon retesting was negative and could not be confirmed by the confirmatory assays.

In summary, both screening tests identified 6 of 6 chronic NANBH carriers and 1 of 4 acute NANBH samples. Paired specimens from an implicated donor were non-reactive in the screening test utilizing c100-3 but were reactive in the screening test with pHCV-31 and pHCV-34. Thus, the screening test utilizing the recombinant antigens pHCV-31 and pHCV-34 appears to be more sensitive than the screening assay utilizing c100-3. None of the disease control specimens or pedigreed negative control specimens were reactive in either screening assay.

3. CBER Reference Panel

A reference panel for antibody to Hepatitis C was received from the Center for Biologics Evaluation and Research (CBER). This 10 member panel consists of eight reactive samples diluted in normal human sera negative for antibody to HCV and two sera that contain no detectable antibody to HCV. This panel was run on the Ortho first generation HCV EIA assay, the screening assay utilizing c100-3 and the screening assay utilizing pHCV-31 and pHCV-34. The assay results are presented in Figure 15.

The screening assay utilizing pHCV-31 and pHCV-34 detected all six of the

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HCV positive or borderline sample dilutions. The two non-reactive sample dilutions (709 and 710) appear to be diluted well beyond endpoint of antibody detectability for both screening assays. A marked increase was observed in the sample to cutoff values for three of the members on the screening assay utilizing pHCV-31 and pHCV-34 compared to the screening assay utilizing c100-3 or the Ortho first generation test. All repeatably reactive specimens were confirmed.

EXAMPLE 4. CONFIRMATORY ASSAY

The confirmatory assay provides a means for unequivocally identifying the presence of an antibody that is immunologically reactive with an HCV antigen. The confirmatory assay includes synthetic peptides or recombinant antigens representing major epitopes contained within the three distinct regions of the HCV genome, which are the same regions represented by the two recombinant antigens described in the screening assay. Recombinant proteins used in the confirmatory assay should have a heterologous source of antigen to that used in the primary screening assay (i.e. should not be an E.coli-derived recombinant antigen nor a recombinant antigen composed in part, of CKS sequences). Specimens repeatedly reactive in the primary screening assay are retested in the confirmatory assay. Aliquots containing identical amounts of specimen are contacted with a synthetic peptide or recombinant antigen individually coated onto a polystyrene bead. Seroreactivity for epitopes within the c100-3 region of the HCV genome are confirmed by use of the synthetic peptides sp67 and sp65. The synthetic peptide sp117 can also be used to confirm seroreactivity with the c100-3 region. Seroreactivity for HCV epitopes within the putative core region of HCV are confirmed by the use of the synthetic peptide sp75. In order to confirm seroreactivity for HCV epitopes within the 33c region of HCV, a recombinant antigen expressed as a chimeric protein with superoxide dismutase (SOD) in yeast is used. Finally, the antibody-antigen complex is detected.

The assay protocols were similar to those described in Example 3 above. The peptides are each individually coated onto polystyrene beads and used in an antibody capture format similar to that described for the screening assay. Ten microliters of specimen are added to the wells of a reaction tray along with 400 ul of a specimen diluent and a peptide coated bead. After one hour of incubation at 40°C, the beads are washed and 200 ul of conjugate (identical to that described in Example 3) is added to the wells of the reaction tray. After one hour of incubation at 40°C, the beads are washed, exposed to the OPD substrate for 30 minutes at room temperature and the reaction terminated by the addition of 1 N H₂SO₄. The absorbance is read at

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492 nm. The cutoff value for the peptide assay is 4 times the mean of the negative control absorbance value.

1. Panels containing Specimens "At Risk" for HCV Infection.

A group of 233 specimens representing 23 hemodialysis patients all with clinically diagnosed NANBH were supplied by Gary Gitnick, M.D. at the University of California, Los Angeles Center for the Health Sciences. These samples which were tested in by the screening assay utilizing c100-3 were subsequently tested in the screening assay which uses pHCV-31 and pHCV-34. A total of 7/23 patients (30.44%) were reactive in the c100-3 screening assay, with a total of 36 repeat reactive specimens. Ten of 23 patients (43.48%) were reactive by the screening assay utilizing pHCV-31 and pHCV-34, with a total of 70 repeatable reactives among the available specimens (Figure 16). Two specimens were unavailable for testing. All of the 36 repeatedly reactive specimens detected in the c100-3 screening assay were confirmed by synthetic peptide confirmatory assays. A total of 34 of these 36 were repeatedly reactive on HCV EIA utilizing pHCV-34 and pHCV-31; two specimens were not available for testing. Of the 36 specimens additionally detected by the screening assay utilizing pHCV-34 and pHCV-31, 9 were confirmed by the core peptide confirmatory assay (sp75) and 27 were confirmed by the SOD-33c confirmatory assay.

In summary these data indicate that detection of anti-HCV by the screening assay utilizing pHCV-31 and pHCV-34 may occur at an equivalent bleed date or as many as 9 months earlier, when compared to the c100-3 screening assay. Figure 17 depicts earlier detection by the screening assay utilizing pHCV-34 and pHCV-31 in a hemodialysis patient.

5. Acute/Chronic Non-A. Non-B Hepatitis

A population of specimens was identified from individuals diagnosed as having acute or chronic NANBH. Specimens from individuals with acute cases of NANBH were received from Gary Gitnick, M.D. at the University of California, Los Angeles Center for Health Sciences. The diagnosis of acute hepatitis was based on the presence of a cytolytic syndrome (ALT levels greater than 2X the upper normal limit) on at least 2 serum samples for a duration of less than 6 months with or without other biological abnormalities and clinical symptoms. All specimens were also negative for IgM antibodies to Hepatitis A Virus (HAV) and were negative for Hepatitis B surface Ag when tested with commercially available tests. Specimens from cases of chronic NANBH were obtained from two clinical sites. Individuals

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were diagnosed as having chronic NANBH based on the following criteria: persistently elevated ALT levels, liver biopsy results, and/or the absence of detectable HBsAg. Specimens with biopsy results were further categorized as either chronic active NANBH, chronic persistent NANBH, or chronic NANBH with cirrhosis.

These specimens were tested by both the c100-3 screening assay and the screening assay utilizing pHCV-34 and pHCV-31. The latter testing was performed in replicates of two by both the Quantum and PPC methods.

Community Acquired NANBH (Acute)

The c100-3 screening assay detected 2 of 10 specimens (20.00%) as repeatedly reactive, both of which were confirmed. The screening assay utilizing pHCV-34 and pHCV-31 detected both of these specimens plus and additional 2 specimens (Figure 18). These 2 specimens were confirmed by sp75 (see Figure 19).

1 5 Acute Post-Transfusion NANBH

The c100-3 assay detected 4 of 32 specimens (12.50%) as repeatedly reactive, all of which was confirmed. The screening assay utilizing pHCV-34 and pHCV-31 detected 3 out of these 4 specimens (75%) as reactive. The one sample that was missed had an S/CO of 0.95 by the latter screening test. This sample was confirmed by the sp67 peptide (Figure 18). In addition, the screening assay utilizing pHCV-34 and pHCV-31 detected 11 specimens not reactive in the c100-3 screening assay. Of the 9 specimens available for confirmation, 8 were confirmed by sp75 and 1 could not be confirmed but had an S/CO of 0.90 in the sp65 confirmatory test. (see Figure 19).

25 Chronic NANBH

A summary of the results on these populations is shown in Figure 20. Overall, 155 of 164 (94.5%) chronic NANBH samples were detected by the screening test utilizing pHCV-31 and pHCV-34 using either Quantum or PPC. The 155 reactive samples were all confirmed in alternate assays using synthetic peptides based on sequences from either the cl00, 33c or core regions of the HCV genome. In contrast, only 138 of 164 (84.1%) specimens were positive by the cl00-3 assay. All but one of the 138 c100-3 samples were detected as positive by the screening assay utilizing pHCV-31 and pHCV-34. The one discordant specimen was not confirmed by either synthetic or neutralization assays. Conversely, there were 17 confirmed specimens which were positive only by the screening assay utilizing pHCV-34 and pHCV-31.

The results indicate that the screening assay utilizing pHCV-34 and pHCV-

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31 is more sensitive than the current test in detecting HCV positive individuals within chronically infected NANBH populations.

EXAMPLE 5. Competition ASSAY

The recombinant polypeptides containing antigenic HCV epitopes are useful for competition assays. To perform a neutralization assay, a recombinant polypeptide representing epitopes within the c100-3 region such as CKS-BCD (pHCV-23) is solubilized and mixed with a sample diluent to a final concentration of 0.5-50 ug/ml. Ten microliters of specimen or diluted specimen is added to a reaction well followed by 400 ul of the sample diluent containing the recombinant polypeptide and if desired, the mixture may be preincubated for about fifteen minutes to two hours. A bead coated with c100-3 antigen is then added to the reaction well and incubated for one hour at 40°C. After washing, 200 ul of a peroxidase labeled goat anti-human lgG in conjugate diluent is added and incubated for one hour at 40°C. After washing, OPD substrate is added and incubated at room temperature for thirty minutes. The reaction is terminated by the addition of 1 N sulfuric acid and the absorbance read at 492 nm.

Samples containing antibodies to the c100-3 antigen generate a reduced signal caused by the competitive binding of the peptides to these antibodies in solution. The percentage of competitive binding may be calculated by comparing the absorbance value of the sample in the presence of a recombinant polypeptide to the absorbance value of the sample assayed in the absence of a recombinant polypeptide at the same dilution.

2 5 <u>EXAMPLE 6. IMMUNODOT ASSAY</u>

The immunodot assay system uses a panel of purified recombinant polypeptides placed in an array on a nitrocellulose solid support. The prepared solid support is contacted with a sample and captures specific antibodies to HCV antigens. The captured antibodies are detected by a conjugate-specific reaction. Preferably, the conjugate specific reaction is quantified using a reflectance optics assembly within an instrument which has been described in U.S. Patent Applications Serial No. 07/227,408 filed August 2, 1988. The related U.S. Patent Applications Serial Nos. 07/227,272, 07/227,586 and 07/227,590 further describe specific methods and apparatus useful to perform an immunodot assay. The assay has also been described in U.S. Application Serial No. 07/532,489 filed June 6, 1990. Briefly, a nitrocellulose-base test cartridge is treated with multiple antigenic polypeptides. Each polypeptide is contained within a specific reaction zone on the

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test cartridge. After all the antigenic polypeptides have been placed on the nitrocellulose, excess binding sites on the nitrocellulose are blocked. The test cartridge is then contacted with a sample such that each antigenic polypeptide in each reaction zone will react if the sample contains the appropriate antibody. After reaction, the test cartridge is washed and any antigen-antibody reactions are identified using suitable well known reagents.

As described in the patent applications listed above, the entire process is amenable to automation. The specifications of these applications related to the method and apparatus for performing an immunodot assay are incorporated by reference herein.

In a preferred immunodot assay, the recombinant polypeptides pHCV-23, pHCV-29, pHCV-34, and clOO-3 were diluted in the preferred buffers, pH conditions, and spotting concentrations as summarized in Figure 21 and applied to a preassembled nitrocellulose test cartridge. After drying the cartridge overnight at room temperature 37°C, the non-specific binding capacity of the nitro-cellulose phase was blocked. The blocking solution contained 1% porcine gelatin, 1% casein enzymatic hydrolysate, 5% Tween-20, 0.1% sodium azide, 0.5 M sodium chloride and 20 mM Tris, pH 7.5.

Forty normal donors were assayed by following the method described above. The mean reflectance density value then was determined for each of the recombinant proteins. A cutoff value was calculated as the negative mean plus six standard deviations. Test cartridges were incubated with samples A00642 and 423 (see Figure 22). Sample A00642 was from a convalescent non-A, non-B hepatitis patient, diluted in negative human plasma from 1:100 to 1:12800. The other sample, 423, was from a paid plasma donor which tested positive in an assay using a recombinant c100-3 polypeptide, diluted in negative human plasma from 1:40 to 1:2560. After sample incubation, sequential incubations with a biotin-conjugated goat anti-human immunoglobulin-specific antibody, an alkaline phosphataseconjugated rabbit anti-biotin specific antibody, and 5-bromo-4-chloro-3-indolyl phosphate produced a colored product at the site of the reaction. Sample to cutoff values (S/CO) were determined for all HCV recombinant proteins. Those S/CO values greater than or equal to 1.0 were considered reactive. The limiting dilution was defined as the lowest dilution at which the S/CO was greater than or equal to 1.0. As seen in Figure 22, each sample tested positive for all HCV recombinant proteins. The data demonstrate that reactivity for sample A00642 was greatest with pHCV-29, and decreased for the remaining antigens pHCV-23, c100-3, and pHCV-34. Sample 423 most strongly reacted with the recombinant proteins

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expressing pHCV-29 and pHCV-34, and to a lesser extent with pHCV-23 and c100-3.

EXAMPLE 7. HCV CKS-NS5 EXPRESSION VECTORS

5 A. Preparation of HCV CKS-NS5E

Eight individual oligonucleotides representing amino acids 1932-2191 of the HCV genome were ligated together and cloned as a 793 base pair EcoRI-BamHI fragment into the CKS fusion vector pJ0200. The resulting plasmid, designated pHCV-45 (SEQ.ID.NO 8), expresses the HCV CKS-NS5E antigen under control of the lac promoter. The HCV CKS-NS5E antigen consists of 239 amino acids of CKS, nine amino acids contributed by linker DNA sequences, and 260 amino acids from the HCV NS4/NS5 region (amino acids 1932-2191). Figure 23 presents a schematic representation of the recombinant antigen expressed by pHCV-45. SEQ.ID.NO. 10 and 11 presents the DNA and amino acid sequence of the HCV CKS-NS5E recombinant antigen produced by pHCV-45. Figure 24 presents the expression of pHCV-45 proteins in E.coli. Lane 1 contained the E.coli lysate containing pHCV-45 expressing the HCV CKS-NS5E antigen (amino acids 1932-2191) prior to induction and lanes 2 and 3 after 2 and 4 hours post induction, respectively. These results show that the pHCV-45 fusion protein has an apparent mobility corresponding to a molecular size of 55,000 daltons. This compares acceptably to the predicted molecular mass of 57,597 daltons.

B. Preparation of HCV CKS-NS5F

Eleven individual oligonucleotides representing amino acids 2188-2481 of the HCV genome were ligated together and cloned as a 895 base pair EcoRl-BamHl fragment into the CKS fusion vector pJ0200. The resulting plasmid, designated pHCV-48, expresses the HCV CKS-NS5F antigen under control of the lac promoter. The HCV CKS-NS5F antigen consists of 239 amino acids of CKS, eight amino acids contributed by linker DNA sequences, and 294 amino acids from the HCV NS5 region (amino acids 2188-2481). Figure 25 presents a schematic representation of the recombinant antigen expressed by pHCV-48. SEQ.ID.NO. 12 and 13 presents the DNA and amino acid sequence of the HCV CKS-NS5F recombinant antigen produced by pHCV-48. Figure 26 presents the expression of pHCV-48 proteins in E.coli. Lane 1 contained the E.coli lysate containing pHCV-48 expressing the HCV CKS-NS5F antigen (amino acids 2188-2481) prior to induction and lanes 2 and 3 after 2 and 4 hours post induction, respectively. These results show that the pHCV-48 fusion protein has an apparent mobility corresponding to a molecular size of 65,000

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daltons. This compares acceptably to the predicted molecular mass of 58,985 daltons.

C. Preparation of HCV CKS-NS5G

Seven individual oligonucleotides representing amino acids 2480-2729 of the HCV genome were ligated together and cloned as a 769 base pair EcoRI-BamHI fragment into the CKS fusion vector pJ0200. The resulting plasmid, designated pHCV-51 (SEQ.ID.NO. 10), expresses the HCV CKS-NS5G antigen under control of the <u>lac</u> promoter. The HCV CKS-NS5G antigen consists of 239 amino acids of CKS, eight amino acids contributed by linker DNA sequences, and 250 amino acids from the HCV NS5 region (amino acids 2480-2729). Figure 27 presents a schematic representation of the recombinant antigen expressed by pHCV-51. SEQ.NO.ID NO.14 and 15 presents the DNA and amino acid sequence of the HCV CKS-NS5G recombinant antigen produced by pHCV-51. Figure 28 presents the expression of pHCV-51 proteins in E.coli. Lane 1 contained the E.coli lysate containing pHCV-51 expressing the HCV CKS-NS5G antigen (amino acids 2480-2729) prior to induction and lanes 2 and 3 after 2 and 4 hours post induction, respectively. These results show that the pHCV-51 fusion protein has an apparent mobility corresponding to a molecular size of 55,000 daltons. This compares acceptably to the predicted molecular mass of 54,720 daltons.

D. Preparation of HCV CKS-NS5H

Six individual oligonucleotides representing amino acids 2728-2867 of the HCV genome were ligated together and cloned as a 439 base pair EcoRl-BamHI fragment into the CKS fusion vector pJ0200. The resulting plasmid, designated pHCV-50 (SEQ.NO.ID.11) expresses the HCV CKS-NS5H antigen under control of the lac promoter. The HCV CKS-NS5H antigen consists of 239 amino acids of CKS, eight amino acids contributed by linker DNA sequences, and 140 amino acids from the HCV NS5 region (amino acids 2728-2867). Figure 29 presents a schematic representation of the recombinant antigen expressed by pHCV-50. SEQ.ID.NO. 16 and 17 presents the DNA and amino acid sequence of the HCV CKS-NS5H recombinant antigen produced by pHCV-50. Figure 30 presents the expression of pHCV-50 proteins in E.coli. Lane 1 contained the E.coli lysate containing pHCV-50 expressing the HCV CKS-NS5H antigen (amino acids 2728-2867) prior to induction and lanes 2 and 3 after 2 and 4 hours post induction, respectively. These results show that the pHCV-50 fusion protein has an apparent mobility corresponding to a molecular size of 45,000 daltons. This compares acceptably to

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the predicted molecular mass of 42,783 daltons.

E. Preparation of HCV CKS-NS5I

Six individual oligonucleotides representing amino acids 2866-3011 of the HCV genome were ligated together and cloned as a 460 base pair EcoRI-BamHI fragment into the CKS fusion vector pJ0200. The resulting plasmid, designated pHCV-49 (SEQ.NO.ID.NO. 12), expresses the HCV CKS-NS5I antigen under control of the <u>lac</u> promoter. The HCV CKS-NS5I antigen consists of 239 amino acids of CKS, eight amino acids contributed by linker DNA sequences, and 146 amino acids from the HCV NS5 region (amino acids 2866-3011). Figure 31 presents a schematic representation of the recombinant antigen expressed by pHCV-49. SEQ.ID.NO. 18 and 19 presents the DNA and amino acid sequence of the HCV CKS-NS5I recombinant antigen produced by pHCV-49. Figure 32 presents the expression of pHCV-49 proteins in E.coli. Lane 1 contained the E.coli lysate containing pHCV-49 expressing HCV CKS-NS5I antigen (amino acids 2866-3011) prior to induction and lanes 2 and 3 after 2 and 4 hours post induction, respectively. These results show that the pHCV-49 fusion protein has an apparent mobility corresponding to a molecular size of 42,000 daltons. This compares acceptably to the predicted molecular mass of 43,497 daltons.

2.0 F. Immunoblot of HCV CKS-NS5 Antigens

Induced E.coli lysates containing pHCV-23, pHCV-45, pHCV-48, pHCV-51, pHCV-50, or pHCV-49 were individually run on preparative SDS/PAGE gels to separate the various HCV CKS-NS5 or HCV CKS-BCD recombinant antigens assay from the majority of other E.coli proteins. Gel slices containing the separated individual HCV CKS-NS5 or HCV CKS-BCD recombinant antigens were then electropheretically transferred to nitrocellulose, and the nitrocellulose sheet cut into strips. Figure 40 presents the results of a Western Blot analysis of various serum or plasma samples using these nitrocellulose strips. The arrows on the right indicate the position of each HCV CKS-BCD or HCV CKS-NS5 recombinant antigen, from top to bottom pHCV-23 (HCV CKS-BCD), pHCV-45 (HCV CKS-NS5E), pHCV-48 (HCV CKS-NS5F), pHCV-51 (HCV CKS-NS5G), pHCV-50 (HCV CKS-NS5H), pHCV-49 (HCV CKS-NS5I), and pJO200 (CKS). Panel A contained five normal human plasma, panel B contained five normal human sera, panel C contained twenty human sera positive in the Abbott HCV EIA test, panel D contained two mouse sera directed against CKS, and panel E contained two normal mouse sera. Both the HCV CKS-NS5E antigen expressed by pHCV-45 and the HCV CKS-NS5F antigen expressed by pHCV-48 were immunoreactive when screened with human serum

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samples containing HCV antibodies.

EXAMPLE 8. HCV CKS-C100

A. Preparation of HCV CKS-C100 Vectors

Eighteen individual oligonucleotides representing amino acids 1569-1931 of the HCV genome were ligated together and cloned as four separate EcoRI-BamHI subfragments into the CKS fusion vector pJ0200. After subsequent DNA sequences confirmation, the four subfragments were digested with the appropriate restriction enzymes, gel purified, ligated together, and cloned as an 1102 base pair EcoRI-BamHI fragment in the CKS fusion vector pJ0200. The resulting plasmid, designated pHCV-24, expresses the HCV CKS-C100 antigen under control of the lac promoter. The HCV CKS-c100 antigen consists of 239 amino acids of CKS, eight amino acids contributed by linker DNA sequences, 363 amino acids from the HCV NS4 region (amino acids 1569-1931) and 10 additional amino acids contributed by linker DNA sequences. The HCV CKS-c100 antigen was expressed at very low levels by pHCV-24.

Poor expression levels of this HCV CKS-c100 recombinant antigen were overcome by constructing two additional clones containing deletions in the extreme amino terminal portion of the HCV c100 region. The first of these clones, designated pHCV-57 (SEQ.ID.NO. 20 and 21), contains a 23 amino acid deletion 20 (HCV amino acids 1575-1597) and was constructed by deleting a 69 base pair Ddel restriction fragment. The second of these clones, designated pHCV-58 (SEQ.ID.NO. 22 and 23), contains a 21 amino acid deletion (HCV amino acids 1600-1620) and was constructed by deleting a 63 base pair NlaIV-HaeIII restriction fragment. Figure 34 presents a schematic representation of the recombinant antigens 25 expressed by pHCV-24, pHCV-57, and pHCV-58. SEQ.ID. NO. 13 presents the DNA and amino acid sequence of the HCV-C100D1 recombinant antigen produced by pHCV-57. SEQ.ID.NO. 14 presents the DNA and amino acid sequence of the HCV-C100D2 recombinant antigen produced by pHCV-58. Figure 35 presents the expression of pHCV-24, pHCV-57, and pHCV-58 proteins in E.coli. Lane 1 30 contained the E.coli lysate containing pHCV-24 expressing the HCV CKS-c100 antigen (amino acids 1569-1931) prior to induction and lanes 2 and 3 after 2 and 4 hours post induction, respectively. Lane 4 contained the E.coli lysate containing pHCV-57 expressing the HCV-CKS-C100D1 antigen (amino acids 1569-1574 and 1598-1931) prior to induction and lanes 5 and 6 after 2 and 4 hours induction, 35 respectively. Lane 7 contained the E.coli lysate containing pHCV-58 expressing the HCV CKS-C100D2 antigen (amino acids 1569-1599 and 1621-1931) prior to

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induction, and lanes 8 and 9 after 2 and 4 hours induction, respectively. These results show that both the pHCV-57 and pHCV-58 fusion proteins express at significantly higher levels than the pHCV-24 fusion protein and that both the pHCV-57 and pHCV-58 fusion proteins have an apparent mobility corresponding to a molecular size of 65,000 daltons. This compares acceptably to the predicted molecular mass of 64,450 daltons for pHCV-57 and 64,458 daltons for pHCV-58.

EXAMPLE 9. HCV PCR DERIVED EXPRESSION VECTORS

A. Preparation of HCV DNA Fragments

RNA was extracted from the serum of various chimpanzees or humans infected with HCV by first subjecting the samples to digestion with Proteinase K and SDS for 1 hour at 37° centigrade followed by numerous phenol:chloroform extractions. The RNA was then concentrated by several ethanol precipitations and resuspended in water. RNA samples were then reverse transcribed according to supplier's instructions using a specific primer. A second primer was then added and PCR amplification was performed according to supplier's instructions. An aliquot of this PCR reaction was then subjected to an additional round of PCR using nested primers located internal to the first set of primers. In general, these primers also contained restriction endonuclease recognition sequences to be used for subsequent cloning. An aliquot of this second round nested PCR reaction was then subjected to agarose gel electrophoresis and Southern blot analysis to confirm the specificity of the PCR reaction. The remainder of the PCR reaction was then digested with the appropriate restriction enzymes, the HCV DNA fragment of interest gel purified, and ligated to an appropriate cloning vector. This ligation was then transformed into E.coli and single colonies were isolated and plasmid DNA prepared for DNA sequences analysis. The DNA sequences was then evaluated to confirm that the specific HCV coding region of interest was intact. HCV DNA fragments obtained in this manner were then cloned into appropriate vectors for expression analysis.

3 0 B. Preparation of HCV CKS-NS3

Using the methods detailed above, a 474 base pair DNA fragment from the putative NS3 region of HCV was generated by PCR. This fragment represents HCV amino acids #1473-1629 and was cloned into the CKS expression vector pJ0201 by blunt-end ligation. The resulting clone, designated pHCV-105, expresses the HCV CKS-NS3 antigen under control of the <u>lac</u> promoter. The HCV CKS-NS3 antigen consists of 239 amino acids of CKS, 12 amino acids contributed by linker DNA sequences, 157 amino acids from the HCV NS3 region (amino acids 1473-1629),

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and 9 additional amino acids contributed by linker DNA sequences. Figure 36 presents a schematic representation of the pHCV-105 antigen. SEQ.ID.NO. 24 and 25 presents the DNA and amino acid sequence of the HCV CKS-NS3 recombinant antigen produced by pHCV-105. Figure 37 presents the expression of pHCV-105 proteins in E.coli. Lane 1 contained the E.coli lysate containing pHCV-105 expressing the HCV CKS-NS3 antigen (amino acids 1472-1629) prior to induction and lanes 2 and 3 after 2 and 4 hours induction, respectively. These results show that the pHCV-105 fusion protein has an apparent mobility corresponding to a molecular mass of 43,000 daltons. This compares acceptably to the predicted molecular mass of 46,454 daltons.

C. Preparation of HCV CKS-5'ENV

Using the methods detailed above, a 489 base pair DNA fragment from the putative envelope region of HCV was generated by PCR. This fragment represents the HCV amino acids 114-276 and was cloned into the CKS expression vector pJ0202 using EcoRI-BamHI restriction sites. The resulting clone, designated pHCV-103 (SEQ.ID.NO. 26 and 27), expresses the HCV CKS-5'ENV antigen under control of the lac promoter. The HCV CKS-5'ENV antigen consists of 239 amino acids of CKS, 7 amino acids contributed by linker DNA sequences, 163 amino acids from the HCV envelope region (amino acids 114-276), and 16 additional amino acids contributed by linker DNA sequences. Figure 38 presents a schematic representation of the pHCV-103 antigen. SEQ.ID.NO. 26 and 27 presents the DNA and amino acid sequence of the HCV CKS-5'ENV recombinant antigen produced by pHCV-103. Figure 37 presents the expression of pHCV-103 proteins in E.coli. Lane 1 contained the E.coli lysate containing pHCV-103 expressing the HCV CKS-5'ENV antigen (amino acids 114-276) prior to induction and lanes 5 and 6 after 2 and 4 hours induction, respectively. These results show that the pHCV-103 fusion protein has an apparent mobility corresponding to a molecular mass of 47,000 daltons. This compares acceptably to the predicted molecular mass of 46,091 daltons.

3.0 D. Preparation of HCV CKS-3'ENV

Using the methods detailed above, a 621 base pair DNA fragment form the putative envelope region of HCV was generated by PCR. This fragment represents HCV amino acids 263-469 and was cloned into the CKS expression vector pJ0202 using EcoRI restriction sites. The resulting clone, designated pHCV-101 (SEQ.ID.NO. 17), expresses the HCV CKS-3'ENV antigen under control of the lac promoter. The HCV CKS-3'ENV antigen consists of 239 amino acids of CKS, 7 amino acids contributed by linker DNA sequences, 207 amino acids from the HCV

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envelope region (amino acids 263-469), and 15 additional amino acids contributed by linker DNA sequences. Figure 39 presents a schematic representation of the pHCV-101 antigen. SEQ.ID.NO. 28 and 29 presents the DNA and amino acid sequence of the HCV CKS-3'ENV recombinant antigen produced by pHCV-101. Figure 37 presents the expression of pHCV-101 proteins in E.coli Lane 7 contained the E.coli lysate containing pHCV-101 expressing the HCV CKS-3'ENV antigen (amino acids 263-469) prior to induction and lanes 8 and 9 after 2 and 4 hours induction, respectively. These resulting show that the pHCV-101 fusion protein has an apparent mobility corresponding to a molecular mass of 47,000 daltons. This compares acceptably to the predicted molecular mass of 51,181 daltons.

E. Preparation of HCV CKS-NS2

Using the methods detailed above, a 636 base pair DNA fragment from the putative NS2 region of HCV was generated by PCR. This fragment represents the HCV amino acids 994-1205 and was cloned into the CKS expression vector pJ0201 using EcoRI restriction sites. The resulting clone, designated pHCV-102, expresses the HCV CKS-NS2 antigen under control of the lac promoter. The HCV CKS-NS2 antigen consists of 239 amino acids of CKS, 7 amino acids contributed by linker DNA sequences, 212 amino acids from the HCV NS2 region (amino acids 994-1205), and 16 additional amino acids contributed by linker DNA sequences. Figure 40 presents a schematic representation of the pHCV-102 antigen. SEQ.ID.NO. 30 and 31 presents the DNA and amino acid sequence of the HCV CKS-NS2 recombinant antigen produced by pHCV-102. Figure 41 presents the expression of pHCV-102 proteins in E.coli. Lane 1 contained the E.coli lysate containing pHCV-102 expressing the HCV CKS-NS2 antigen (amino acids 994-1205) prior to induction and lanes 2 and 3 after 2 and 4 hours induction, respectively. These results show that the pHCV-102 fusion protein has an apparent mobility corresponding to a molecular mass of 53,000 daltons. This compares acceptably to the predicted molecular mass of 51,213 daltons.

F. Preparation of HCV CKS-NS1

Using the methods detailed above, a 654 base pair DNA fragment from the putative NS1 region of HCV was generated by PCR. This fragment represents HCV amino acids 617-834 and was cloned into the CKS expression vector pJ0200 using EcoRI-BamHI restriction sites. The resulting clone, designated pHCV-107, expresses the HCV CKS-NS1 antigen under control of the lac promoter. The HCV CKS-NS1 antigen consists of 239 amino acids of CKS, 10 amino acids contributed by linker DNA sequences, and 218 amino acids from the HCV NS1 region (amino acids 617-834). Figure 42 presents a schematic representation of the pHCV-107

antigen. SEQ.ID.NO. 32 and 33 presents the DNA and amino acid sequence of the HCV CKS-NS1 recombinant antigen produced by pHCV-107.

G. Preparation of HCV CKS-ENV

Using the methods detailed above, a 1068 base pair DNA fragment from the putative envelope region of HCV was generated by PCR. This fragment represents HCV amino acids #114-469 and was cloned into the CKS expression vector pJ0202 using EcoRI restriction sites. The resulting clone, designated pHCV-104, expresses the HCV CKS-ENV antigen under control of the <u>lac</u> promoter. The HCV CKS-ENV antigen consists of 239 amino acids of CKS, 7 amino acids contributed by linker DNA sequences, 356 amino acids from the HCV envelope region (amino acids 114-469), and 15 additional amino acids contributed by linker DNA sequences. Figure 43 presents a schematic representation of the pHCV-104 antigen. SEQ.ID.NO. 34 and 35 presents the DNA and amino acid sequence of the HCV CKS-ENV recombinant antigen produced by pHCV-104.

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EXAMPLE 10. HCV CKS-NS1S1

A. Construction of the HCV CKS-NS1S1 Expression Vector

Eight individual oligonucleotides representing amino acids 365-579 of the HCV genome were ligated together and cloned as a 645 base pair EcoRI/BamHI fragment into the CKS fusion vector pJO200. The amino acid sequence of this antigen is designated as pHCV-77 (SEQ. ID. NO. 1). The resultant fusion protein HCV CKS-NS1S1 consists of 239 amino acids of CKS, seven amino acids contributed by linked DNA sequences, and 215 amino acids from the NS1 region of the HCV genome.

2.5 B. Production and Characterization of the Recombinant Antigen HCV-NS1S1

pHCV-77 was transformed into E.coli K-12 strain XL-1 (recA1, endA1, gyrA96, thi-1, hsdR17, SupE44, relA1, lac/f1, p10AB, lacl1ADM15, TN10) cells. Expression analysis and characterization of the recombinant protein was done using polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis as described in Example 1. The apparent molecular weight of the pHCV-77 antigen was the same as the expected molecular weight of 50,228 as visualized on a coumassie stained gel. The immunoreactivity as determined by Western blot analysis using human sera indicated that this recombinant antigen was indeed immunoreactive. FIGURE 47A presents the expression of pHCV-77 in E.coli. FIGURE 47B presents an immunoblot of the pHCV-77 antigen expressed in E.coli. Lane 1 contained the E.coli lysate containing pHCV-77 expressing the HCV CKS-NS1S1 antigen prior to induction and Lanes 2 and 3 are 2 and 4 hours post-induction, respectfully.

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EXAMPLE 11. HCV CKS-NS1S2

A. Construction of the HCV CKS-NS1S2 Expression Vector

Six individual oligonucleotides representing amino acids 565-731 of the HCV genome was ligated together and cloned as a 501 base pair EcoRI/BamHI fragment into the CKS fusion vector pJO200. The complete amino acid sequence of this antigen is designated as pHCV-65 (SEQ. ID. NO. 2). The resultant fusion protein HCV CKS-NS1S2 consists of 239 amino acids of CKS, eight amino acids contributed by linker DNA sequences, and 167 amino acids from the NS1 region of the HCV genome.

B. Production and Characterization of the Recombinant Antigen HCV-NS1S2

pHCV-65 was transformed into <u>E.coli</u> K-12 strain XL-1 (recA1, endA1, gyrA96, thi-1, hsdR17, SupE44, relA1, lac/f1, p10AB, laclqAMD15, TN10) cells. Expression analysis and characterization of the recombinant protein was done using polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis as described in Example 1. The apparent molecular weight of the pHCV-65 antigen was the same as the expected molecular weight of 46,223 as visualized on a coumassie stained gel. The immunoreactivity as determined by Western blot analyis using human sera indicated that this recombinant antigen was indeed immunoreactive. FIGURE 48A presents the expression of pHCV-65 in <u>E. coli</u>. FIGURE 48B presents an immunoblot of the pHCV-65 antigen expressed in <u>E. coli</u>. Lane 1 contained the <u>E. coli</u> lysate containing pHCV-65 expressing the HCV CKS-NS1S2 antigen prior to induction and Lanes 2 and 3 are 2 and 4 hours post-induction, respectively.

EXAMPLE 12. CKS-NS1S3

A. Construction of the HCV CKS-NS1S3 Expression Vector

Six individual oligonucleotides representing amino acids 717-847 of the HCV genome were ligated together and cloned as a 393 base pair EcoRl/BamHl fragment into the CKS fusion vector pJO200. The complete amino acid sequence of this antigen is designated as pHCV-78 (SEQ. ID. NO. 3). The resultant fusion protein HCV CKS-NS1S3 consists of 239 amino acids of CKS, eight amino acids contributed by linker DNA sequences, and 131 amino acids from the NS1 region of the HCV genome.

B. Production and Characterization of the Recombiant Antigen HCV-NS1S3

pHCV-78 was transformed into <u>E.coli</u> K-12 strain XL-1 (recA1, endA1, gyrA96, thi-1, hsdR17, SupE44, relA1, lac/f1, p10AB, laclqADM15, TN10) cells. Expression analysis and characterization of the recombinant protein was done using

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polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis as described in Example 1. Analysis of the coumassie stained gel indicated very low levels of expression of the protein with an expected molecular weight of 42,1141. Western blot analysis also failed to show any immunoreactivity and we are continuing to identify human sera that is specific to this region of NS1.

EXAMPLE 13. CKS-NS1S1-NS1S2

A. Construction of the HCV CKS-NS1S1-NS1S2 Expression Vector

The construction of pHCV-80 (NS1S1-NS1S2) involved using the SACI/BamHI insert from pHCV-65 and ligating that into the SacI/BamHI vector backbone of pHCV-77. The resultant HCV gene represents amino acids 365-731 of the HCV genome. This resulted in a 1101 base pair EcoRI/BamHI fragment of HCV cloned into the CKS fusion vector pJO200. The complete amino acid sequence of this antigen is designated as pHCV-80 (SEQ. ID. NO. 4). The resultant fusion protein HCV CKS NS1S1-NS1S2 consists of 239 amino acids of CKS, seven amino acids contributed by linker DNA sequences, and 367 amino acids from the NS1 region of the HCV genome.

B. Production and Characterization of the Recombinant Antigen HCV-NS1S1-NS1S2 pHCV-80 was transformed into E.coli K-12 strain XL-1 (recA1, endA1, gyrA96, thi-1, hsdR17, SupE44, relA1, lac/f1, p10AB, laclqADM15, TN10) cells. Expression analysis and characterization of the recombinant protein was done using polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis as described in Example 1. The apparent molecular weight of the pHCV-80 antigen was the same as the expected molecular weight of 68,454 as visualized on a coumassie stained gel. The immunoreactivity as determined by Western blot analysis using human sera indicated that this recombinant antigen was very immunoreactive. FIGURE 49A presents the expression of pHCV-80 in E. coli. FIGURE 49B presents an immunoblot of pHCV-80 antigen expressed in E. coli. Lane 1 contained the E. coli lysate containing pHCV-80 expressing the HCV CKS-NS1S1-NS1S2 antigen prior to induction and Lanes 2 and 3 are 2 and 4 hours post-induction, respectively.

EXAMPLE 14. HCV CKS-FULL LENGTH NS1

A. Construction of the HCV CKS-full length NS1 Expression Vector

The construction of pHCV-92 (SEQ. ID. NO. 5) full length NS1) involved using the Xhol/BamHI insert from pHCV-78 (SEQ. ID. NO. 3) and ligating that into the Xhol/BamHI vector backbone of pHCV-80 (SEQ. ID. NO. 4). The resultant HCV gene represents amino acids 365-847 of the HCV genome. This resulted in a 1449

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base pair EcoRI/BamHI fragment of HCV cloned into CKS fusion vector pJO200. The complete amino acid sequence of this antigen is designated as pHCV-92 (SEQ. ID. NO. 5). The resultant fusion protein HCV CKS-full length NS1 consists of 239 amino acids of CKS, seven amino acids contributed by linker DNA sequences, and 483 amino acids from the NS1 region of the HCV genome.

B. Production and Characterization of the Recombinant Antigen pHCV-92

pHCV-92 was transformed into <u>E.coli</u> K-12 strain XL-1 (recA1, endA1, gyrA96, thi-1, hsdR17, SupE44, relA1, lac/f1, p10AB, laclqADM15, TN10) cells. Expression analysis and characterization of the recombinant protein was done using polyacrylameide gel electrophoresis as described in Example 1. The expression levels as seen by counassie stained gel were virtually undectable and the Western blot indicated no immunoreactivity. We are still in the process of identifying sera that will recognize this region of HCV NS1.

The present invention thus provides unique recombinant antigens representing distinct antigenic regions of the HCV genome which can be used as reagents for the detection and/or confirmation of antibodies and antigens in test samples from individuals exposed to HCV. The NS1 protein is considered to be a non-structural membrane glycoprotein and to be able to elicit a protective immune response of the host against lethal viral infection.

The recombinant antigens, either alone or in combination, can be used in the assay formats provided herein and exemplified in the Examples. It also is contemplated that these recombinant antigens can be used to develop specific inhibitors of viral replication and used for therapeutic purposes, such as for vaccines. Other applications and modifications of the use of these antigens and the specific embodiments of this inventions as set forth herein, will be apparent to those skilled in the art. Accordingly, the invention is intended to be limited only in accordance with the appended claims.

SEQUENCE LISTING

- (1) GENERAL INFORMATION:
 - (i) APPLICANT: DEVARE, S. DESAI, S. DAILEY, S.
 - (ii) TITLE OF INVENTION: HCV SYNTHETIC PEPTIDE FROM NS1 REGION
 - (iii) NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 35
 - (iv) CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
 - (A) ADDRESSEE: ABBOTT LABORATORIES
 - (B) STREET: ONE ABBOTT PARK ROAD
 - (C) CITY: ABBOTT PARK
 - (D) STATE: ILLINOIS
 - (E) COUNTRY: U.S.
 - (F) ZIP: 60065-3500
 - (v) COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
 - (A) MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
 - (B) COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
 - (C) OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
 - (D) SOFTWARE: Patentin Release #1.0, Version #1.25
 - (vi) CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
 - (A) APPLICATION NUMBER:
 - (B) FILING DATE:
 - (C) CLASSIFICATION:
- (viii) ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
 - (A) NAME: POREMBSKI, PRISCILLA E.
 - (B) REGISTRATION NUMBER: 33,207
 - (C) REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 4834PC.02
- (ix) TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
 - (A) TELEPHONE: 708-937-6365
 - (B) TELEFAX: 708-937-9556
- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:1:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 463 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:1:

Met Ser Phe Val Val lie lle Pro Ala Arg Tyr Ala Ser Thr Arg Leu

1	5	10		15
Pro Gly L	ys Pro Leu Vai 20	Asp lie Asn Gly I 25	_ys Pro Met I ;	le Val His 30
Val Leu G 35		Glu Ser Gly Ala G 40	aiu Arg IIe IIe 45	Val Ala
Thr Asp H 50		Ala Arg Ala Val Gl 55	lu Ala Ala Gly 60	Gly Glu
Val Cys M 65	let Thr Arg Ala 70	Asp His Gln Ser	Gly Thr Glu A 75	arg Leu Ala 80
Glu Val Va	al Glu Lys Cys / 85	Ala Phe Ser Asp A 90	sp Thr Val IIe	e Val Asn 95
Val Gin G	ily Asp Glu Pro 100	Met Ile Pro Ala T 105	Thr lie Ile Arg 110	Gin Val
	sn Leu Ala Gin I5	Arg Gin Val Giy N 120	Met Thr Thr Lo 125	eu Ala Val
Pro Ile His 130		alu Ala Phe Asn P 135	ro Asn Ala Va 140	al Lys Val
Val Leu A 145	sp Ala Glu Gly 150	Tyr Ala Leu Tyr I 1	Phe Ser Arg / 55	Ala Thr Ile 160
Pro Trp A	sp Arg Asp Arg 165	Phe Ala Glu Gly 170		Val Gly Asp 175
Asn Phe	Leu Arg His Le 180	u Gly lle Tyr Gly ¹ 185		Sly Phe Ile 90
	yr Val Asn Trp 95	Gln Pro Ser Pro 200	Leu Glu His 205	ile Glu Met
Leu Glu 0 210		Leu Trp Tyr Gly 215	Glu Lys Ile H 220	is Val Ala
Val Ala G 225	In Glu Val Pro 230	Gly Thr Gly Val A: 2:	sp Thr Pro Gl 35	lu Asp Leu 240
Asp Pro S	Ser Thr Asn Se 245	r Thr Met Val Gly 250		Lys Val Let 255
Val Val Le	eu Leu Leu Phe 260	Ala Gly Val Asp / 265		lis Val Thr 70
	er Ala Gly His ⁻ 75	Thr Val Ser Gly Pl 280	he Val Ser Le 285	eu Leu Ala
Pro Gly A	la Lys Gln Asn	Val Gin Leu lie A 295	sn Thr Asn G 300	Bly Ser Trp

- His Leu Asn Ser Thr Ala Leu Asn Cys Asn Asp Ser Leu Asn Thr Gly 305 310 315 320
- Trp Leu Ala Gly Leu Phe Tyr His His Lys Phe Asn Ser Ser Gly Cys 325 330 335
- Pro Glu Arg Leu Ala Ser Cys Arg Pro Leu Thr Asp Phe Asp Gln Gly 340 345 350
- Trp Gly Gln lie Ser Tyr Ala Asn Gly Ser Gly Pro Asp Gln Arg Pro 355 360 365
- Tyr Cys Trp His Tyr Pro Pro Lys Pro Cys Gly lle Val Pro Ala Lys 370 375 380
- Ser Val Cys Gly Pro Val Tyr Cys Phe Thr Pro Ser Pro Val Val Val 385 390 395 400
- Gly Thr Thr Asp Arg Ser Gly Ala Pro Thr Tyr Ser Trp Gly Glu Asn 405 410 415
- Asp Thr Asp Val Phe Val Leu Asn Asn Thr Arg Pro Pro Leu Gly Asn 420 425 430
- Trp Phe Gly Cys Thr Trp Met Asn Ser Thr Gly Phe Thr Lys Val Cys 435 440 445
- Gly Ala Pro Pro Cys Val Ile Gly Gly Ala Gly Asn Asn Thr Leu 450 455 460

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:2:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 414 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:2:
- Met Ser Phe Val Val IIe IIe Pro Ala Arg Tyr Ala Ser Thr Arg Leu 1 5 10 15
- Pro Gly Lys Pro Leu Val Asp Ile Asn Gly Lys Pro Met Ile Val His 20 25 30
- Val Leu Glu Arg Ala Arg Glu Ser Gly Ala Glu Arg Ile Ile Val Ala
- Thr Asp His Glu Asp Val Ala Arg Ala Val Glu Ala Ala Gly Gly Glu 50 55 60

- Val Cys Met Thr Arg Ala Asp His Gln Ser Gly Thr Glu Arg Leu Ala 65 70 75 80
- Glu Val Val Glu Lys Cys Ala Phe Ser Asp Asp Thr Val Ile Val Asn 85 90 95
- Val Gin Giy Asp Giu Pro Met lie Pro Ala Thr lie lie Arg Gin Val 100 105 110
- Ala Asp Asn Leu Ala Gin Arg Gin Val Gly Met Thr Thr Leu Ala Val 115 120 125
- Pro lle His Asn Ala Glu Glu Ala Phe Asn Pro Asn Ala Val Lys Val 130 135 140
- Val Leu Asp Ala Glu Gly Tyr Ala Leu Tyr Phe Ser Arg Ala Thr Ile 145 150 155 160
- Pro Trp Asp Arg Asp Arg Phe Ala Glu Gly Leu Glu Thr Val Gly Asp 165 170 175
- Asn Phe Leu Arg His Leu Gly Ile Tyr Gly Tyr Arg Ala Gly Phe Ile 180 185 190
- Arg Arg Tyr Val Asn Trp Gln Pro Ser Pro Leu Glu His Ile Glu Met 195 200 205
- Leu Glu Gln Leu Arg Val Leu Trp Tyr Gly Glu Lys Ile His Val Ala 210 215 220
- Val Ala Gln Glu Val Pro Gly Thr Gly Val Asp Thr Pro Glu Asp Leu 225 230 235 240
- Asp Pro Ser Thr Asn Ser Met Gly Ala Pro Pro Cys Val Ile Gly Gly 245 250 255
- Ala Gly Asn Asn Thr Leu His Cys Pro Thr Asp Cys Phe Arg Lys His 260 265 270
- Pro Asp Ala Thr Tyr Ser Arg Cys Gly Ser Gly Pro Trp lie Thr Pro 275 280 285
- Arg Cys Leu Val Asp Tyr Pro Tyr Arg Leu Trp His Thr Pro Cys Thr 290 295 300
- Ile Asn Thr Thr Ile Phe Lys Ile Arg Met Tyr Val Gly Gly Val Glu 305 310 315 320
- His Arg Leu Glu Ala Ala Cys Asn Trp Thr Arg Gly Glu Arg Cys Asp 325 330 335
- Leu Giu Asp Arg Asp Arg Ser Glu Leu Ser Pro Leu Leu Leu Thr Thr 340 345 350

Thr Gin Trp Gin Vai Leu Pro Cys Ser Phe Thr Thr Leu Pro Ala Leu 355 360 365

Ser Thr Gly Leu lle His Leu Gly Gln Asn lle Val Asp Val Gln Tyr 370 375 380

Leu Tyr Gly Val Gly Ser Ser lie Ala Ser Trp Ala lie Lys Trp Glu 385 390 395 400

Tyr Val Val Leu Leu Phe Leu Leu Leu Ala Asp Ala Arg Val 405 410

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:3:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 378 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO3:

Met Ser Phe Val IIe IIe Pro Ala Arg Tyr Ala Ser Thr Arg Leu Pro

Gly Lys Pro Leu Val Asp Ile Asn Gly Lys Pro Met Ile Val His Val 20 25 30

Leu Glu Arg Ala Arg Glu Ser Gly Ala Glu Arg lie lie Val Ala Thr

Asp His Glu Asp Val Ala Arg Ala Val Glu Ala Ala Gly Gly Glu Val 50 55 60

Cys Met Thr Arg Ala Asp His Gin Ser Gly Thr Glu Arg Leu Ala Glu 65 70 75 80

Val Val Glu Lys Cys Ala Phe Ser Asp Asp Thr Val Ile Val Asn Val 85 90 95

Gin Gly Asp Glu Pro Met Ile Pro Ala Thr Ile Ile Arg Gin Val Ala 100 105 110

Asp Asn Leu Ala Gin Arg Gin Val Gly Met Thr Thr Leu Ala Val Pro

Ile His Asn Ala Glu Glu Ala Phe Asn Pro Asn Ala Val Lys Val Val 130 135 140

Leu Asp Ala Glu Gly Tyr Ala Leu Tyr Phe Ser Arg Ala Thr lle Pro 145 150 155 160

- Trp Asp Arg Asp Arg Phe Ala Giu Giy Leu Giu Thr Vai Giy Asp Asn 165 170 175
- Phe Leu Arg His Leu Gly Ile Tyr Gly Tyr Arg Ala Gly Phe Ile Arg 180 185 190
- Arg Tyr Val Asn Trp Gln Pro Ser Pro Leu Glu His Ile Glu Met Leu 195 200 205
- Glu Gln Leu Arg Val Leu Trp Tyr Gly Glu Lys Ile His Val Ala Val 210 215 220
- Ala Gin Giu Vai Pro Giy Thr Giy Vai Asp Thr Pro Giu Asp Leu Asp 225 230 235 240
- Pro Ser Thr Asn Ser Thr Met Glu Tyr Val Val Leu Leu Phe Leu Leu 245 250 255
- Leu Ala Asp Ala Arg Val Cys Ser Cys Leu Trp Met Met Leu Leu Ile 260 265 270
- Ser Gin Ala Giu Ala Ala Leu Giu Asn Leu Val IIe Leu Asn Ala Ala 275 280 285
- Ser Leu Ala Gly Thr His Gly Leu Val Ser Phe Leu Val Phe Phe Cys 290 295 300
- Phe Ala Trp Tyr Leu Lys Gly Lys Trp Val Pro Gly Ala Val Tyr Thr 305 310 315 320
- Phe Tyr Gly Met Trp Pro Leu Leu Leu Leu Leu Leu Leu Ala Leu Pro Gln 325 330 335
- Arg Ala Tyr Ala Leu Asp Thr Glu Val Ala Ala Ser Cys Gly Gly Val 340 345 350
- Val Leu Val Gly Leu Met Ala Leu Thr Leu Ser Pro Tyr Tyr Lys Arg 355 360 365
- Tyr lle Ser Trp Cys Leu Trp Trp Leu Gln 370 375
- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:4:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 622 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:4:

- Met Ser Phe Val Val lie lie Pro Ala Arg Tyr Ala Ser Thr Arg Leu
 1 5 10 15
- Pro Gly Lys Pro Leu Val Asp Ile Asn Gly Lys Pro Met Ile Val His 20 25 30
- Val Leu Glu Arg Ala Arg Glu Ser Gly Ala Glu Arg Ile Ile Val Ala 35 40 45
- Thr Asp His Glu Asp Val Ala Arg Ala Val Glu Ala Ala Gly Gly Glu
 50 55 60
- Val Cys Met Thr Arg Ala Asp His Gin Ser Gly Thr Glu Arg Leu Ala 65 70 75 80
- Glu Val Val Glu Lys Cys Ala Phe Ser Asp Asp Thr Val Ile Val Asn 85 90 95
- Val Gin Gly Asp Glu Pro Met IIe Pro Ala Thr IIe IIe Arg Gin Val 100 105 110
- Ala Asp Asn Leu Ala Gin Arg Gin Val Gly Met Thr Thr Leu Ala Val 115 120 125
- Pro Ile His Asn Ala Glu Glu Ala Phe Asn Pro Asn Ala Val Lys Val 130 135 140
- Val Leu Asp Ala Glu Gly Tyr Ala Leu Tyr Phe Ser Arg Ala Thr Ile 145 150 155 160
- Pro Trp Asp Arg Asp Arg Phe Ala Glu Gly Leu Glu Thr Val Gly Asp 165 170 175
- Asn Phe Leu Arg His Leu Gly Ile Tyr Gly Tyr Arg Ala Gly Phe Ile 180 185 190
- Arg Arg Tyr Val Asn Trp Gin Pro Ser Pro Leu Glu His Ile Glu Met 195 200 205
- Leu Glu Gln Leu Arg Val Leu Trp Tyr Gly Glu Lys Ile His Val Ala 210 215 220
- Val Ala Gin Glu Val Pro Giy Thr Gly Val Asp Thr Pro Glu Asp Leu 225 230 235 240
- Asp Pro Ser Thr Asn Ser Thr Met Val Gly Asn Trp Ala Lys Val Leu 245 250 255
- Val Val Leu Leu Phe Ala Gly Val Asp Ala Glu Thr His Val Thr 260 265 270
- Gly Gly Ser Ala Gly His Thr Val Ser Gly Phe Val Ser Leu Leu Ala 275 280 285
- Pro Gly Ala Lys Gin Asn Val Gin Leu lie Asn Thr Asn Gly Ser Trp

290	295	300

His Leu Asn Ser Thr Ala Leu Asn Cys Asn Asp Ser Leu Asn Thr Gly 305 310 315 320

- Trp Leu Ala Gly Leu Phe Tyr His His Lys Phe Asn Ser Ser Gly Cys 325 330 335
- Pro Glu Arg Leu Ala Ser Cys Arg Pro Leu Thr Asp Phe Asp Gln Gly 340 345 350
- Trp Gly Gln lie Ser Tyr Ala Asn Gly Ser Gly Pro Asp Gln Arg Pro 355 360 365
- Tyr Cys Trp His Tyr Pro Pro Lys Pro Cys Gly Ile Val Pro Ala Lys 370 375 380
- Ser Val Cys Gly Pro Val Tyr Cys Phe Thr Pro Ser Pro Val Val Val 385 390 395 400
- Gly Thr Thr Asp Arg Ser Gly Ala Pro Thr Tyr Ser Trp Gly Glu Asn 405 410 415
- Asp Thr Asp Val Phe Val Leu Asn Asn Thr Arg Pro Pro Leu Gly Asn 420 425 430
- Trp Phe Gly Cys Thr Trp Met Asn Ser Thr Gly Phe Thr Lys Val Cys 435 440 445
- Gly Ala Pro Pro Cys Val Ile Gly Pro Pro Cys Val Ile Gly Gly Ala 450 455 460
- Gly Asn Asn Thr Leu His Cys Pro Thr Asp Cys Phe Arg Lys His Pro 465 470 475 480
- Asp Ala Thr Tyr Ser Arg Cys Gly Ser Gly Pro Trp lle Thr Pro Arg 485 490 495
- Cys Leu Val Asp Tyr Pro Tyr Arg Leu Trp His Tyr Pro Cys Thr Ile 500 505 510
- Asn Tyr Thr Ile Phe Lys Ile Arg Met Tyr Val Gly Gly Val Glu His 515 520 525
- Arg Leu Glu Ala Ala Cys Asn Trp Thr Arg Gly Glu Arg Cys Asp Leu 530 535 540
- Glu Asp Arg Asp Arg Ser Glu Leu Ser Pro Leu Leu Leu Thr Thr 545 550 555 560
- Gln Trp Gln Val Leu Pro Cys Ser Phe Thr Thr Leu Pro Ala Leu Ser 565 570 575
- Thr Gly Leu IIe His Leu His Gln Asn IIe Val Asp Val Gln Tyr Leu 580 585 590

Tyr Gly Val Gly Ser Ser Ile Ala Ser Trp Ala Ile Lys Trp Glu Tyr 595 600 605

Val Val Leu Leu Phe Leu Leu Leu Ala Asp Ala Arg Val Xaa 610 615 620

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:5:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 738 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:5:

Met Ser Phe Val Val lie lie Pro Ala Arg Tyr Ala Ser Thr Arg Leu
1 5 10 15

Pro Gly Lys Pro Leu Val Asp Ile Asn Gly Lys Pro Met Ile Val His 20 25 30

Val Leu Glu Arg Ala Arg Glu Ser Gly Ala Glu Arg Ile Ile Val Ala 35 40 45

Thr Asp His Glu Asp Val Ala Arg Ala Val Glu Ala Ala Gly Glu 50 55 60

Val Cys Met Thr Arg Ala Asp His Gln Ser Gly Thr Glu Arg Leu Ala 65 70 75 80

Glu Val Val Glu Lys Cys Ala Phe Ser Asp Asp Thr Val Ile Val Asn 85 90 95

Val Gin Gly Asp Glu Pro Met lie Pro Ala Thr lie lie Arg Gin Val

Ala Asp Asn Leu Ala Gin Arg Gin Val Giy Met Thr Thr Leu Ala Val 115 120 125

Pro IIe His Asn Ala Glu Glu Ala Phe Asn Pro Asn Ala Val Lys Val 130 135 140

Val Leu Asp Ala Glu Gly Tyr Ala Leu Tyr Phe Ser Arg Ala Thr Ile 145 150 155 166

Pro Trp Asp Arg Asp Arg Phe Ala Glu Gly Leu Glu Thr Val Gly Asp 165 170 175

Asn Phe Leu Arg His Leu Gly lle Tyr Gly Tyr Arg Ala Gly Phe lle 180 185 190

- Arg Arg Tyr Val Asn Trp Gln Pro Ser Pro Leu Glu His Ile Glu Met 195 200 205
- Leu Glu Gln Leu Arg Val Leu Trp Tyr Gly Glu Lys lle His Val Ala 210 215 220
- Val Ala Gin Giu Val Pro Giy Thr Giy Val Asp Thr Pro Giu Asp Leu 225 230 235 240
- Asp Pro Ser Thr Asn Ser Thr Met Val Gly Asn Trp Ala Lys Val Leu 245 250 255
- Val Val Leu Leu Phe Ala Gly Val Asp Ala Glu Thr His Val Thr 260 265 270
- Gly Gly Ser Ala Gly His Thr Val Ser Gly Phe Val Ser Leu Leu Ala 275 280 285
- Pro Gly Ala Lys Gln Asn Val Gln Leu lle Asn Thr Asn Gly Ser Trp 290 295 300
- His Leu Asn Ser Thr Ala Leu Asn Cys Asn Asp Ser Leu Asn Thr Gly 305 310 315 320
- Trp Leu Ala Gly Leu Phe Tyr His His Lys Phe Asn Ser Ser Gly Cys 325 330 335
- Pro Glu Arg Leu Ala Ser Cys Arg Pro Leu Thr Asp Phe Asp Gln Gly 340 345 350
- Trp Gly Gln Ile Ser Tyr Ala Asn Gly Ser Gly Pro Asp Gln Arg Pro 355 360 365
- Tyr Cys Trp His Tyr Pro Pro Lys Pro Cys Gly lie Val Pro Ala Lys 370 380
- Ser Val Cys Gly Pro Val Tyr Cys Phe Thr Pro Ser Pro Val Val Val 385 390 395 400
- Gly Thr Thr Asp Arg Ser Gly Ala Pro Thr Tyr Ser Trp Gly Glu Asn 405 410 415
- Asp Thr Asp Val Phe Val Leu Asn Asn Thr Arg Pro Pro Leu Gly Asn 420 425 430
- Trp Phe Gly Cys Thr Trp Met Asn Ser Thr Gly Phe Thr Lys Val Cys
 435
 440
 445
- Gly Ala Pro Pro Cys Val IIe Gly Pro Pro Cys Val IIe Gly Gly Ala 450 455 460
- Gly Asn Asn Thr Leu His Cys Pro Thr Asp Cys Phe Arg Lys His Pro 465 470 475 480

- Asp Ala Thr Tyr Ser Arg Cys Gly Ser Gly Pro Trp Ile Thr Pro Arg 485 490 495
- Cys Leu Val Asp Tyr Pro Tyr Arg Leu Trp His Tyr Pro Cys Thr Ile 500 505 510
- Asn Tyr Thr Ile Phe Lys Ile Arg Met Tyr Val Gly Gly Val Glu His 515 520 525
- Arg Leu Glu Ala Ala Cys Asn Trp Thr Arg Gly Glu Arg Cys Asp Leu 530 535 540
- Glu Asp Arg Asp Arg Ser Glu Leu Ser Pro Leu Leu Leu Thr Thr 545 550 555 560
- Gin Trp Gin Val Leu Pro Cys Ser Phe Thr Thr Leu Pro Ala Leu Ser 565 570 575
- Thr Gly Leu IIe His Leu His Gln Asn IIe Val Asp Val Gln Tyr Leu 580 585 590
- Tyr Gly Val Gly Ser Ser Ile Ala Ser Trp Ala Ile Lys Trp Glu Tyr 595 600 605
- Val Val Leu Leu Phe Leu Leu Leu Ala Asp Ala Arg Val Cys Ser Cys 610 615 620
- Leu Trp Met Met Leu Leu lie Ser Gln Ala Glu Ala Ala Leu Glu Asn 625 630 635 640
- Leu Val IIe Leu Asn Ala Ala Ser Leu Ala Gly Thr His Gly Leu Val 645 650 655
- Ser Phe Leu Val Phe Phe Cys Phe Ala Trp Tyr Leu Lys Gly Lys Trp 660 665 670
- Val Pro Gly Ala Val Tyr Thr Phe Tyr Gly Met Trp Pro Leu Leu Leu 675 680 685
- Leu Leu Leu Ala Leu Pro Gin Arg Ala Tyr Ala Leu Asp Thr Giu Val 690 695 700
- Ala Ala Ser Cys Gly Gly Val Val Leu Val Gly Leu Met Ala Leu Thr 705 710 715 720
- Leu Ser Pro Tyr Tyr Lys Arg Tyr IIe Ser Trp Cys Leu Trp Trp Leu 725 730 735

Gln Xaa

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:6:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 4481 base pairs

120

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: circular	
(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)	
(ix) FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: CDS (B) LOCATION: 1301317	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:6:	
GAATTAATTC CCATTAATGT GAGTTAGCTC ACTCATTAGG CACCCCAGGC TITAC	CACTTT
ATGTTCCGGC TCGTATTTTG TGTGGAATTG TGAGCGGATA ACAATTGGGC ATCC/	AGTAAG
GAGGTTTAA ATG AGT TTT GTG GTC ATT ATT CCC GCG CGC TAC GCG TCG Met Ser Phe Val Val lie lie Pro Ala Arg Tyr Ala Ser 1 5 10	168
ACG CGT CTG CCC GGT AAA CCA TTG GTT GAT ATT AAC GGC AAA CCC ATG Thr Arg Leu Pro Gly Lys Pro Leu Val Asp lie Asn Gly Lys Pro Met 15 20 25	216
ATT GTT CAT GTT CTT GAA CGC GCG CGT GAA TCA GGT GCC GAG CGC ATC lle Val His Val Leu Glu Arg Ala Arg Glu Ser Gly Ala Glu Arg Ile 30 35 40 45	264
ATC GTG GCA ACC GAT CAT GAG GAT GTT GCC CGC GCC GTT GAA GCC GCT lle Val Ala Thr Asp His Glu Asp Val Ala Arg Ala Val Glu Ala Ala 50 55 60	312
GGC GGT GAA GTA TGT ATG ACG CGC GCC GAT CAT CAG TCA GGA ACA GAA Gly Gly Glu Val Cys Met Thr Arg Ala Asp His Gin Ser Gly Thr Glu 65 70 75	360
CGT CTG GCG GAA GTT GTC GAA AAA TGC GCA TTC AGC GAC GAC ACG GTG Arg Leu Ala Glu Val Val Glu Lys Cys Ala Phe Ser Asp Asp Thr Val 80 85 90	408
ATC GTT AAT GTG CAG GGT GAT GAA CCG ATG ATC CCT GCG ACA ATC ATT lie Val Asn Val Gin Giy Asp Giu Pro Met lie Pro Ala Thr lie lie 95 100 105	456
CGT CAG GTT GCT GAT AAC CTC GCT CAG CGT CAG GTG GGT ATG GCG ACT Arg Gln Val Ala Asp Asn Leu Ala Gln Arg Gln Val Gly Met Ala Thr 110 115 120 125	504
CTG GCG GTG CCA ATC CAC AAT GCG GAA GAA GCG TTT AAC CCG AAT GCG Leu Ala Val Pro lle His Asn Ala Glu Glu Ala Phe Asn Pro Asn Ala 130 135 140	552
GTG AAA GTG GTT CTC GAC GCT GAA GGG TAT GCA CTG TAC TTC TCT CGC Val Lys Val Val Leu Asp Ala Glu Gly Tyr Ala Leu Tyr Phe Ser Arg 145 150 155	600

GCC ACC ATT CCT TGG GAT CGT GAT CGT TTT GCA GAA GGC CTT GAA ACC Ala Thr Ile Pro Trp Asp Arg Asp Arg Phe Ala Glu Gly Leu Glu Thr 160 165 170	648
GTT GGC GAT AAC TTC CTG CGT CAT CTT GGT ATT TAT GGC TAC CGT GCA Val Gly Asp Asn Phe Leu Arg His Leu Gly Ile Tyr Gly Tyr Arg Ala 175 180 185	· 69 6
GGC TTT ATC CGT CGT TAC GTC AAC TGG CAG CCA AGT CCG TTA GAA CAC Gly Phe lie Arg Arg Tyr Val Asn Trp Gln Pro Ser Pro Leu Glu His 190 195 200 205	744
ATC GAA ATG TTA GAG CAG CTT CGT GTT CTG TGG TAC GGC GAA AAA ATC Ile Giu Met Leu Giu Gin Leu Arg Val Leu Trp Tyr Gly Glu Lys Ile 210 215 220	792
CAT GTT GCT GCT CAG GAA GTT CCT GGC ACA GGT GTG GAT ACC CCT His Val Ala Val Ala Gln Glu Val Pro Gly Thr Gly Val Asp Thr Pro 225 230 235	840
GAA GAT CTC GAC CCG TCG ACG AAT TCC ATG TCT ACC AAC CCG AAA CCG Glu Asp Leu Asp Pro Ser Thr Asn Ser Met Ser Thr Asn Pro Lys Pro 240 245 250	888
CAG AAA AAA AAC AAA CGT AAC ACC AAC CGT CGT CCG CAG GAC GTT AAA GIn Lys Lys Asn Lys Arg Asn Thr Asn Arg Arg Pro Gin Asp Vai Lys 255 260 265	936
TTC CCG GGT GGT CAG ATC GTT GGT GGT GTT TAC CTG CTG CCG CGT Phe Pro Gly Gly Gly Gln lie Val Gly Gly Val Tyr Leu Leu Pro Arg 270 275 280 285	984
CGT GGT CCG CGT CTG GGT GTT CGT GCT ACG CGT AAA ACC TCT GAA CGT Arg Gly Pro Arg Leu Gly Val Arg Ala Thr Arg Lys Thr Ser Glu Arg 290 295 300	1032
TCT CAG CCG CGT GGG CGT CGT CAG CCG ATC CCG AAA GCT CGT CCG Ser Gin Pro Arg Giy Arg Arg Gin Pro Ile Pro Lys Ala Arg Arg Pro 305 310 315	1080
GAA GGT CGT ACC TGG GCT CAG CCG GGT TAC CCG TGG CCG CTG TAC GGT Glu Gly Arg Thr Trp Ala Gln Pro Gly Tyr Pro Trp Pro Leu Tyr Gly 320 325 330	1128
AAC GAA GGT TGC GGT TGG GCT GGT TGG CTG TCT CCG CGT GGA TCT Asn Glu Gly Cys Gly Trp Ala Gly Trp Leu Leu Ser Pro Arg Gly Ser 335 340 345	1176
CGT CCG TCT TGG GGT CCG ACC GAC CCG CGT CGT CGT TCT CGT AAC CTT Arg Pro Ser Trp Gly Pro Thr Asp Pro Arg Arg Arg Ser Arg Asn Leu 350 355 360 365	1224
GGT AAA GTT ATC GAT ACC CTG ACC TGC GGT TTC GCT GAC CTG ATG GGT	1272

370 375 380

TAC ATA CCG CTG GTT GGA GCT CCG CTG GGT GGT GCT CGT GCT

Tyr lle Pro Leu Val Gly Ala Pro Leu Gly Gly Ala Ala Arg Ala

385

390

395

TAACCCATGG ATCCTCTAGA CTGCAGGCAT GCTAAGTAAG TAGATCTTGA GCGCGTTCGC 1377 GCTGAAATGC GCTAATTTCA CTTCACGACA CTTCAGCCAA TTTTGGGAGG AGTGTCGTAC 1437 CGTTACGATT TTCCTCAATT TTTCTTTTCA ACAATTGATC TCATTCAGGT GACATCTTTT 1497 ATATTGGCGC TCATTATGAA AGCAGTAGCT TTTATGAGGG TAATCTGAAT GGAACAGCTG 1557 CGTGCCGAAT TAAGCCATTT ACTGGCCGAA AAACTCAGTC GTATTGAGTG CGTCAATGAA 1617 AAAGCCGATA CGCCGTTGTG GCCTTTGTAT GACACCCAGG GAAACCCAAT GCCGTTAATG 1677 GCAAGAAGCT TAGCCCGCCT AATGAGCGGG CTTTTTTTTC GACGCGAGGC TGGATGGCCT 1737 TCCCCATTAT GATTCTTCTC GCTTCCGCG GCATCGCGAT GCCCGCGTTG CAGGCCATGC 1797 TGTCCAGGCA GGTAGATGAC GACCATCAGG GACACCTTCA AGGATCGCTC GCGGCTCTTA 1857 CCAGCCTAAC TTCGATCACT GGACCCCTGA TOGTCACGCC GATTTATGCC GCCTCGGCGA 1917 GCACATGGAA CGGGTTGGCA TGGATTGTAG GCGCCCCCCT ATACCTTGTC TGCCTCCCCG 1977 CONTROCTOG CONTROLATEG ACCORGACCA COTOGACCTG AATGGAAGCC GCCGCACCT 2037 CGCTAACGGA TTCACCACTC CAAGAATTGG AGCCAATCAA TTCTTGCGGA GAACTGTGAA 2097 TGCGCAAACC AACCCTTGGC AGAACATATC CATCGCGTCC GCCATCTCCA GCAGCCGCAC 2157 GOGGCGCATC TOGGGCAGCG TTGGGTCCTG GCCACGGGTG CGCATGATCG TGCTCCTGTC 2217 GTTGAGGACC CGCCTAGGCT GCCGGGGTTG CCTTACTGGT TAGCAGAATG AATCACCGAT 2277 ACCCGACCGA ACCTGAGCG ACTCCTCCTC CAAAACCTCT CCGACCTGAG CAACAACATG 2337 AATGGTCTTC GGTTTCCGTG TTTCGTAAAG TCTGGAAACG CGGAAGTCAG CGCCCTGCAC 2397 CATTATGTTC CGGATCTGCA TCGCAGGATG CTGCTGGCTA CCCTGTGGAA CACCTACATC 2457 TGTATTAACG AAGCGCTTCT TCCGCTTCCT CGCTCACTGA CTCGCTGCGC TCGGTCGTTC 2517 GGCTGCGGCG AGCGGTATCA GCTCACTCAA AGGCGGTAAT ACGGTTATCC ACAGAATCAG 2577 GGGATAACGC AGGAAAGAAC ATGTGAGCAA AAGGCCAGCA AAAGGCCAGG AACCGTAAAA 2637 AGGCCGCGTT GCTGGCGTTT TTCCATAGGC TCCGCCCCCC TGACGAGCAT CACAAAAATC 2697 GACGCTCAAG TCAGAGGTGG CGAAACCCGA CAGGACTATA AAGATACCAG GCGTTTCCCC 2757 CTGGAAGCTC CCTCGTGCGC TCTCCTGTTC CGACCCTGCC GCTTACCGGA TACCTGTCCG 2817

CCTTTCTCCCTTCGGGAAGCGTGGCGCTTTCTCAATGCTCACGTGTAGGTATCTCAGTT	االك
CGGTGTAGGT OGTTCGCTCC AAGCTGGGCT GTGTGCACGA ACCCCCGTT CAGCCCGACC	293
GCTGCGCCTT ATCCGGTAAC TATCGTCTTG AGTCCAACCC GGTAAGACAC GACTTATCGC	2997
CACTGGCAGC AGCCACTGGT AACAGGATTA GCAGAGCGAG GTATGTAGGC GGTGCTACAG	3057
AGTTCTTGAA GTGGTGGCCT AACTACGGCT ACACTAGAAG GACAGTATTT GGTATCTGCG	3117
CTCTGCTGAA GCCAGTTACC TTCGGAAAAA GAGTTGGTAG CTCTTGATCC GGCAAACAAA	3177
CCACCGCTGG TAGCGGTGGT TTTTTTGTTT GCAAGCAGCA GATTACGCGC AGAAAAAAAG	3237
GATCTCAAGA AGATCCTTTG ATCTTTTCTA CGGGGTCTGA CGCTCAGTGG AACGAAAACT	3297
CACGTTAAGG GATTTTGGTC ATGAGATTAT CAAAAAGGAT CTTCACCTAG ATCCTTTTAA	3357
ATTAAAAATG AAGTTTTAAA TCAATCTAAA GTATATATGA GTAAACTTGG TCTGACAGTT	3417
ACCAATGCTT AATCAGTGAG GCACCTATCT CAGCGATCTG TCTATTTCGT TCATCCATAG	3477
TTGCCTGACT CCCCGTCGTG TAGATAACTA CGATACGGGA GGGCTTACCA TCTGGCCCCA	3537
GTGCTGCAAT GATACCGCGA GACCCACGCT CACCGGCTCC AGATTTATCA GCAATAAACC	3597
AGCCAGCCGG AACGCCCGAG CCCAGAAGTG GTCCTCCAAC TTTATCCGCC TCCATCCAGT	3 657
CTATTAATTG TTGCCGGGAA GCTAGAGTAA GTAGTTCGCC AGTTAATAGT TTGCGCAACG	3717
TTGTTGCCAT TGCTACAGGC ATCGTGGTGT CACGCTCGTC GTTTGGTATG GCTTCATTCA	3777
GCTCCGGTTC CCAACGATCA AGGCGAGTTA CATGATCCCC CATGTTGTGC AAAAAAGCGG	3837
TTAGCTCCTT CGGTCCTCCG ATCGTTGTCA GAAGTAAGTT GGCCGCAGTG TTATCACTCA	3897
TGGTTATGGC AGCACTGCAT AATTCTCTTA CTGTCATGCC ATCCGTAAGA TGCTTTTCTG	3957
TGACTGGTGA GTACTCAACC AAGTCATTCT GAGAATAGTG TATGCGGCGA CCGAGTTGCT	4017
CTTGCCOGGC GTCAACACGG GATAATACCG CGCCACATAG CAGAACTTTA AAAGTGCTCA	4077
TCATTGGAAA ACGTTCTTCG GGGCGAAAAC TCTCAAGGAT CTTACCGCTG TTGAGATCCA	4137
GTTCGATGTA ACCCACTCGT GCACCCAACT GATCTTCAGC ATCTTTTACT TTCACCAGCG	4197
TTTCTGGGTG AGCAAAAACA GGAAGGCAAA ATGCCGCAAA AAAGGGAATA AGGGCGACAC	4257
GGAAATGTTG AATACTCATA CTCTTCCTTT TTCAATATTA TTGAAGCATT TATCAGGGTT	4317
ATTGTCTCAT GAGCGGATAC ATATTTGAAT GTATTTAGAA AAATAAACAA ATAGGGGTTC	4377
COCCOACATE TOCCOGA A A GTOCCACCTG ACGTOTAAGA AACCATTATT ATCATGACAT	4437

TAACCTATAA AAATAGGCGT ATCACGAGGC CCTTTCGTCT TCAA

4481

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:7:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 396 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:7:

Met Ser Phe Val Val IIe IIe Pro Ala Arg Tyr Ala Ser Thr Arg Leu

Pro Gly Lys Pro Leu Val Asp Ile Asn Gly Lys Pro Met Ile Val His

Val Leu Glu Arg Ala Arg Glu Ser Gly Ala Glu Arg lie Ile Val Ala 35 40 45

Thr Asp His Glu Asp Val Ala Arg Ala Val Glu Ala Ala Gly Gly Glu
50 55 60

Val Cys Met Thr Arg Ala Asp His Gln Ser Gly Thr Glu Arg Leu Ala 65 70 75 80

Glu Val Val Glu Lys Cys Ala Phe Ser Asp Asp Thr Val Ile Val Asn 85 90 95

Val Gin Giy Asp Giu Pro Met IIe Pro Ala Thr IIe IIe Arg Gin Val 100 105 110

Ala Asp Asn Leu Ala Gin Arg Gin Vai Gly Met Ala Thr Leu Ala Val 115 120 125

Pro Ile His Asn Ala Glu Glu Ala Phe Asn Pro Asn Ala Val Lys Val 130 135 140

Val Leu Asp Ala Glu Gly Tyr Ala Leu Tyr Phe Ser Arg Ala Thr Ile 145 150 155 160

Pro Trp Asp Arg Asp Arg Phe Ala Glu Gly Leu Glu Thr Val Gly Asp 165 170 175

Asn Phe Leu Arg His Leu Gly Ile Tyr Gly Tyr Arg Ala Gly Phe Ile 180 185 190

Arg Arg Tyr Val Asn Trp Gln Pro Ser Pro Leu Glu His Ile Glu Met 195 200 205

Leu Glu Gln Leu Arg Val Leu Trp Tyr Gly Glu Lys lle His Val Ala 210 215 220 Val Ala Gin Giu Val Pro Giy Thr Giy Val Asp Thr Pro Giu Asp Leu 225 230 235 240

Asp Pro Ser Thr Asn Ser Met Ser Thr Asn Pro Lys Pro Gln Lys Lys 245 250 255

Asn Lys Arg Asn Thr Asn Arg Arg Pro Gln Asp Val Lys Phe Pro Gly 260 265 270

Gly Gly Gln lle Val Gly Gly Val Tyr Leu Leu Pro Arg Arg Gly Pro 275 280 285

Arg Leu Gly Val Arg Ala Thr Arg Lys Thr Ser Glu Arg Ser Gln Pro 290 295 300

Arg Gly Arg Arg Gln Pro lie Pro Lys Ala Arg Arg Pro Glu Gly Arg 305 310 315 320

Thr Trp Ala Gln Pro Gly Tyr Pro Trp Pro Leu Tyr Gly Asn Glu Gly 325 330 335

Cys Gly Trp Ala Gly Trp Leu Leu Ser Pro Arg Gly Ser Arg Pro Ser 340 345 350

Trp Gly Pro Thr Asp Pro Arg Arg Arg Ser Arg Asn Leu Gly Lys Val 355 360 365

Ile Asp Thr Leu Thr Cys Gly Phe Alà Asp Leu Met Gly Tyr Ile Pro 370 375 380

Leu Val Gly Ala Pro Leu Gly Gly Ala Ala Arg Ala 385 390 395

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:8:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 5600 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: circular
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
 - (B) LOCATION: 130..2472
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:8:
- GAATTAATTC CCATTAATGT GAGTTAGCTC ACTCATTAGG CACCCCAGGC TITACACTTT 60
- ATGTTCCGGC TCGTATTTTG TGTGGAATTG TGAGCGGATA ACAATTGGGC ATCCAGTAAG 120

GAGGTTTAA ATG AGT TTT GTG GTC ATT ATT CCC GCG CGC TAC GCG TCG Met Ser Phe Val Val IIe IIe Pro Ala Arg Tyr Ala Ser 1 5 10	168
ACG CGT CTG CCC GGT AAA CCA TTG GTT GAT ATT AAC GGC AAA CCC ATG Thr Arg Leu Pro Gly Lys Pro Leu Val Asp Ile Asn Gly Lys Pro Met 15 20 25	216
ATT GTT CAT GTT CTT GAA CGC GCG CGT GAA TCA GGT GCC GAG CGC ATC Ile Val His Val Leu Glu Arg Ala Arg Glu Ser Gly Ala Glu Arg Ile 30 45	264
ATC GTG GCA ACC GAT CAT GAG GAT GTT GCC CGC GCC GTT GAA GCC GCT lle Val Ala Thr Asp His Glu Asp Val Ala Arg Ala Val Glu Ala Ala 50 55 60	312
GGC GGT GAA GTA TGT ATG ACG CGC GCC GAT CAT CAG TCA GGA ACA GAA Gly Gly Glu Val Cys Met Thr Arg Ala Asp His Gln Ser Gly Thr Glu 65 70 75	360
CGT CTG GCG GAA GTT GTC GAA AAA TGC GCA TTC AGC GAC GAC ACG GTG Arg Leu Ala Glu Val Val Glu Lys Cys Ala Phe Ser Asp Asp Thr Val 80 85 90	408
ATC GTT AAT GTG CAG GGT GAT GAA CCG ATG ATC CCT GCG ACA ATC ATT lie Val Asn Val Gin Gly Asp Glu Pro Met lie Pro Ala Thr lie lie 95 100 105	456
CGT CAG GTT GCT GAT AAC CTC GCT CAG CGT CAG GTG GGT ATG GCG ACT Arg Gin Val Ala Asp Asn Leu Ala Gin Arg Gin Val Gly Met Ala Thr 110 115 120 125	504
CTG GCG GTG CCA ATC CAC AAT GCG GAA GAA GCG TTT AAC CCG AAT GCG Leu Ala Val Pro Ile His Asn Ala Glu Glu Ala Phe Asn Pro Asn Ala 130 135 140	552
GTG AAA GTG GTT CTC GAC GCT GAA GGG TAT GCA CTG TAC TTC TCT CGC Val Lys Val Val Leu Asp Ala Glu Gly Tyr Ala Leu Tyr Phe Ser Arg 145 150 155	600
GCC ACC ATT CCT TGG GAT CGT GAT CGT TTT GCA GAA GGC CTT GAA ACC Ala Thr Ile Pro Trp Asp Arg Asp Arg Phe Ala Glu Gly Leu Glu Thr 160 165 170	648
GTT GGC GAT AAC TTC CTG CGT CAT CTT GGT ATT TAT GGC TAC CGT GCA Val Gly Asp Asn Phe Leu Arg His Leu Gly lle Tyr Gly Tyr Arg Ala 175 180 185	696
GGC TTT ATC CGT CGT TAC GTC AAC TGG CAG CCA AGT CCG TTA GAA CAC Gly Phe Ile Arg Arg Tyr Val Asn Trp Gln Pro Ser Pro Leu Glu His 190 195 200 205	744
ATC GAA ATG TTA GAG CAG CTT CGT GTT CTG TGG TAC GGC GAA AAA ATC lle Glu Met Leu Glu Gln Leu Arg Val Leu Trp Tyr Gly Glu Lys lle 210 215 220	792

CAT GTT GCT GTT His Val Ala Val Al 225	a Gin Giu Val P	TT CCT GGC Tro Gly Thr (30	ACA GGT GT Gly Val Asp T 235	G GAT ACC CCT Thr Pro	840
GAA GAT CTC GAC Glu Asp Leu Asp I 240		Ser Met Al			. 888
GTT GAA AAT CTC Val Glu Asn Leu G 255					936
TCTTCTCCGCCG Ser Ser Pro Pro V 270			Val Ala His		984
GCT CCG ACT GGT Ala Pro Thr Gly S 2					1032
GCT CAG GGT TAC Ala Gin Giy Tyr Ly 305	s Val Leu Val L	TT CTG AAC eu Asn Pro 310	CCG TCT GT Ser Val Ala A 315	T GCT GCT ACT Ala Thr	1080
CTG GGT TTC GGC Leu Gly Phe Gly A 320		Lys Ala His			1128
ATT CGT ACT GGT lie Arg Thr Gly Va 335					1176
TCT ACT TAC GGT A Ser Thr Tyr Gly Ly 350			Cys Ser Gly		1224
TAC GAT ATC ATC A Tyr Asp lie lie lie (37	Cys Asp Glu Cy	AA TGC CAC s His Ser T 375	hr Asp Ala Th	GCT ACT TCT or Ser 80	1272
ATC CTG GGT ATC (lle Leu Gly lle Gly 385	GT ACC GTT CT Thr Val Leu Asp 39	o Gin Aia Gi	GCT GAA ACT u Thr Ala Gly 395	GCA GGT GCT Ala	1320
CGT CTG GTT GTT (Arg Leu Val Val Le 400	CTG GCT ACT G ou Ala Thr Ala T 405	CT ACT CCG Thr Pro Pro	CCG GGT TC Gly Ser Val 7 410	TGTT ACT GTT hr Val	1368
CCG CAC CCG AAC Pro His Pro Asn IIe 415	ATC GAA GAA G e Glu Glu Val A 420	la Leu Ser ⁻	TCG ACT ACT Thr Thr Gly G 125	GGT GAA ATC Blu lle	1416
DOG TTO TAC GGT /					1464

430	435	440	44	5	
	TC TGC CAC TCT A Cys His Ser Lys I 450				1512
	CT CTG GGT ATC A a Leu Gly lie Asn A 5				1560
	TT ATC CCG ACT T Il lle Pro Thr Ser 0 485				1608
	TG ACT GGT TAC A et Thr Gly Tyr Thr 500			and the second s	1656
	GC AAT TCG TCG A s Asn Ser Ser Th 515			g	1704
	CT GGT AAA CCG G r Gly Lys Pro Ala 1 530				1752
	TC GAC GAA ATG G e Asp Glu Met Glu l5				1800 ~
	GT ATG ATG CTG (Met Met Leu Ala G 565				1848
	AG ACC GCTTCT C Thr Ala Ser Arg 580		il Ile Ala Pro Ala	CCG GCT	1896
	AC TGG CAG AAA (1 Trp GIn Lys Leu 595		rp Ala Lys His N		1944
	CTCT GGT ATC C Ser Gly lle Gin T 610				1992
	CG GCT ATC GCA A Ala lle Ala Ser L 5				2040
	TG ACC ACC TCT C I Thr Thr Ser Gin 64	Thr Leu Leu P			2088
GGT TGG GTT G	CT GCT CAG CTG G	CT GCT CCG G	GT GCT GCT ACC	GCTTTC	2136

Gly	Trp 655		Ala	Ala	Gln	Leu 660		Ala	Pro	Gly	Ala 665		Fhr A	Ala F	⊃he					
	GG Gly			Leu		Gly .			lle G					eu G		CTG	GG	Γ	2184	
	GTI Val		lle .										al A			S CT	GG/	١	2232	
GCT Ala	CTC Leu	Vai	T G(Ala 705	CT T Phe	TC A Lys	AA A	ATC . Met	ATG Ser 710	Gly	GG Glu	TGA Val	Pro	T C0 Ser 715	GT Thr	CT A Glu	CC	GAA	. :	2280	
	CTO		Asn					a Ile					Ala			CTG	GIT	• ;	2328	
Vai	GG1 Gly 735	GT Val	ΓGT Val∫	TTG Cys	Ala	CT G Ala I '40	CT / le L	ATC .eu /	CTG Arg A	rg F	CG His V 745	CA(al G	CGT ly P	T G(ro G	SC C	cg	G GT	. 2	2376	
	GG Gly			Gin :							Ala I			Ser.		CT	CGT	2	2424	
	AAC Asn		Val							As				s Ala			AAG	2	2472	
TAA	STAC	SAT (TTC	GAG	CGC	GTT	CGC	CC.	TGA	\AT(GCG	CTA4	ιπ	CAC	TTC/	AC (GAC/	ACT	TCAG	2532
CCA	ATT	rrg(G GA	.GG/	AGT	STC (GTA	.ccc	ATT	C G/	Т	TCC	TC A	ATT	TTC	77	TTC	VAC	AATT	2592
GAT	CTC	ATTO	AG	GTG	ACA	TCT	П	ATA	TTG	GCG	CTC	ATTA	ATG.	AAA	GCA	GT/	AGC	П	TATG	2652
AGG	GTA	ATC	ΓGA	ATG	GAA	CA G	сто	CG	recc	GA	ATTA	AGC	CAT	ΠA	CTG	3G (CGA	~	ACTC	2712
AGT	CGTA	ATTO	AG	TGC	GTC	AA T(SAA	A AA	GCG	GAT	ACG	GCG	TTG	TGG	GCT	TT	TATE	GA(CAGC	2772
CAG	GGA	44 0	CCA	ATG	ccc	ATTE	ATG	GC/	VAG A	AGC	ATTC	GCC	CGC	CTA	ATG	AG	CGG	GCT	ПП	2832
ПТС	GAC	CCC	3 AG	GCT	CCA	TC C	~~		~~^		T_A		~	~~~	·TT	~~	CCC		ATCG	2892
GGA	τ~~			 .		VIG C	-	110	عمارار	\ I I P	(IGA	1101	101		, , , ,	Ų G				
	نحاا	œ	ാങ																	2252
TCA				TGC	AGG	ECC A	TGC	त्रादा	TOCA	GGC	CAGG	ITAG	ATG	ACG	ACC/	AT C	AGG	GA	CAGC	2952 3012
	V AGG	SATC	GC	TGC TCG	AGG CGG	OCA	TGC TTA	TGT .CCA	.GCC	GGC TAA	CTT	ITAG DGAT	ATG CA(ACG	ACC/ BACC	AT C	CTGA	GA TC	CAGC GTCA	
cec	VAGO CGA	SATO	GC TGC	TGC TCG(AGG CGG	CT C	TGC TTA CGA	TGT CCA	TOCA ,GCC ,CAT (GGC TAA GGA	CAGG CTTC ACG	ITAG DGAT GGT	ATG CAC	ACG CTG(CAT(ACC/ BACC BGAT	AT C	CTGA STAG	GCA GCC	CAGC GTCA GCCG	3012

TCAATTCTTG CGGAGAACTG TGAATGCGCA AACCAACCCT TGGCAGAACA TATCCAT CGC	3252
GTCCGCCATC TCCAGCAGCC GCACGCGCGCGCATCTCGGGCAGCGTTGGGT CCTGGCCACG	33 12
GGTGCCCATG ATCGTGCTCC TGTCGTTGAG GACCCGGCTA GGCTGCCGGG GTTGCCTTAC	3372
TGGTTAGCAG AATGAATCAC CGATACGCGA GCGAACGTGA AGCGACTGCT GCTGCAAAAC	3432
GTCTGCGACC TGAGCAACAA CATGAATGGT CTTCGGTTTC CGTGTTTCGT AAAGTCTGGA	3492
AACGCGGAAG TCAGCGCCCT GCACCATTAT GTTCCGGATC TGCATCGCAG GATGCTGCTG	3552
GCTACCCTGT GGAACACCTA CATCTGTATT AACGAAGCGC TTCTTCCGCT TCCTCGCTCA	361 2
CTGACTCGCT GCGCTCGGTC GTTCGGCTGC GGCGAGCGGT ATCAGCTCAC TCAAAGGCGG	3672
TAATACGGTT ATCCACAGAA TCAGGGGATA ACGCAGGAAA GAACATGTGA GCAAAAGGCC	3732
AGCAAAAGGC CAGGAACCGT AAAAAGGCCG CGTTGCTGGC GTTTTTCCAT AGGCTCCGCC	3792
CCCCTGACGA GCATCACAAA AATCGACGCT CAAGTCAGAG GTGGCGAAAC CCGACAGGAC	3852
TATAAAGATA CCAGGCGTTT CCCCCTGGAA GCTCCCTCGT GCGCTCTCCT GTTCCGACCC	3912
TECCECTTAC CEGATACCTE TCCECCTTTC TCCCTTCEGG AAGCGTGGCG CTTTCTCAAT	3972
GCTCACGCTG TAGGTATCTC AGTTCGGTGT AGGTCGTTCG CTCCAAGCTG GGCTGTGTGC	4032
ACGAACCCC CGTTCAGCCC GACCGCTGCG CCTTATCCGG TAACTATCGT CTTGAGTCCA	4092
ACCCGGTAAG ACACGACTTA TCGCCACTGG CAGCAGCCAC TGGTAACAGG ATTAGCAGAG	4152
CGAGGTATGT AGGCGGTGCT ACAGAGTTCT TGAAGTGGTG GCCTAACTAC GGCTACACTA	4212
GAAGGACAGT ATTTGGTATC TGCGCTCTGC TGAAGCCAGT TACCTTCGGA AAAAGAGTTG	4272
GTACCTCTTG ATCCGGCAAA CAAACCACCG CTGGTAGCGG TGGTTTTTT GTTTGCAAGC	4332
AGCAGATTAC GCGCAGAAAA AAAGGATCTC AAGAAGATCC TTTGATCTTT TCTACGGGGT	4392
CTGACGCTCA GTGGAACGAA AACTCACGTT AAGGGATTTT GGTCATGAGA TTATCAAAAA	4452
GGATCTTCAC CTAGATCCTT TTAAATTAAA AATGAAGTTT TAAATCAATC TAAAGTATAT	4512
ATGAGTAAAC TTGGTCTGAC AGTTACCAAT GCTTAATCAG TGAGGCACCT ATCTCAGCGA	4572
TCTGTCTATT TCGTTCATCC ATAGTTGCCT GACTCCCCGT CGTGTAGATA ACTACGATAC	4632
GGGAGGGCTT ACCATCTGGC COCAGTGCTG CAATGATACC GCGAGACCCA CGCTCACCGG	4692
CTCCAGATTT ATCAGCAATA AACCAGCCAG CCGGAAGGGC CGAGCGCAGA AGTGGTCCTG	4752
CAACTITATC CGCCTCCATC CAGTCTATTA ATTGTTGCCG GGAAGCTAGA GTAAGTAGTT	4812
CGCCAGTTAA TAGTTTGCGC AACGTTGTTG CCATTGCTAC AGGCATCGTG GTGTCACGCT	4872

CGTCGTTTGG TATGGCTTCA TTCAGCTCCG GTTCCC	CAACG ATCAAGGCGA GTTACATGAT	4932
CCCCCATGTT GTGCAAAAAA GCGGTTAGCT CCTTC	EGTOC TOOGATOGTT GTCAGAAGTA	4992
AGTTGGCCGC AGTGTTATCA CTCATGGTTA TGGCA	GCACT GCATAATTCT CTTACTGTCA	5052
TGCCATCCGT AAGATGCTTT TCTGTGACTG GTGAG	TACTO AACCAAGTCA TTCTGAGAAT	5112
AGTGTATGCG GCGACCGAGTTGCTCTTGCC CGGCG	TCAAC ACGGGATAAT ACCGCGCCAC	5172
ATAGCAGAACTTTAAAAGTG CTCATCATTG GAAAAC	GTTC TTCGGGGCGA AAACTCTCAA	5232
GGATCTTACC GCTGTTGAGA TCCAGTTCGA TGTAAC	COCAC TOGTGCACCC AACTGATCTT	5292
CAGCATCTTT TACTTTCACC AGCGTTTCTG GGTGAG	CAAA AACAGGAAGG CAAAATGCCG	5352
CAAAAAAGGG AATAAGGGCG ACACGGAAAT GTTG	AATACT CATACTCTTC CTTTTCAAT	5412
ATTATTGAAG CATTTATCAG GGTTATTGTC TCATGA	AGCGG ATACATATTT GAATGTATTT	5472
AGAAAAATAA ACAAATAGGG GTTCCGCGCA CATTTC	CCCG AAAAGTGCCA CCTGACGTCT	5532
AAGAAACCAT TATTATCATG ACATTAACCT ATAAAA	ATAG GCGTATCACG AGGCCCTTTC	5592
GTCTTCAA	5600	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:9:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 781 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:9:

Met Ser Phe Val Val lie lle Pro Ala Arg Tyr Ala Ser Thr Arg Leu 1 5 10 15

Pro Gly Lys Pro Leu Val Asp Ile Asn Gly Lys Pro Met Ile Val His 20 25 30

Val Leu Glu Arg Ala Arg Glu Ser Gly Ala Glu Arg Ile Ile Val Ala 35 40 45

Thr Asp His Glu Asp Val Ala Arg Ala Val Glu Ala Ala Gly Gly Glu 50 55 60

Val Cys Met Thr Arg Ala Asp His Gln Ser Gly Thr Glu Arg Leu Ala 65 70 75 80

Glu Val Val Glu Lys Cys Ala Phe Ser Asp Asp Thr Val lie Val Asn

85	90	95

- Val Gin Gly Asp Glu Pro Met IIe Pro Ala Thr IIe IIe Arg Gin Val 100 105 110
- Ala Asp Asn Leu Ala Gln Arg Gln Val Gly Met Ala Thr Leu Ala Val 115 120 125
- Pro Ile His Asn Ala Glu Glu Ala Phe Asn Pro Asn Ala Val Lys Val 130 135 140
- Val Leu Asp Ala Glu Gly Tyr Ala Leu Tyr Phe Ser Arg Ala Thr Ile 145 150 155 160
- Pro Trp Asp Arg Asp Arg Phe Ala Glu Gly Leu Glu Thr Val Gly Asp 165 170 175
- Asn Phe Leu Arg His Leu Gly Ile Tyr Gly Tyr Arg Ala Gly Phe Ile 180 185 190
- Arg Arg Tyr Val Asn Trp Gln Pro Ser Pro Leu Glu His Ile Glu Met 195 200 205
- Leu Glu Gln Leu Arg Val Leu Trp Tyr Gly Glu Lys Ile His Val Ala 210 215 220
- Val Ala Gin Giu Val Pro Giy Thr Giy Val Asp Thr Pro Giu Asp Leu 225 230 235 240
- Asp Pro Ser Thr Asn Ser Met Ala Val Asp Phe Ile Pro Val Glu Asn 245 250 255
- Leu Glu Thr Thr Met Arg Ser Pro Val Phe Thr Asp Asn Ser Ser Pro
- Pro Val Val Pro Gln Ser Phe Gln Val Ala His Leu His Ala Pro Thr 275 280 285
- Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Thr Lys Val Pro Ala Ala Tyr Ala Ala Gln Gly 290 295 300
- Tyr Lys Val Leu Val Leu Asn Pro Ser Val Ala Ala Thr Leu Gly Phe 305 310 315 320
- Gly Ala Tyr Met Ser Lys Ala His Gly Ile Asp Pro Asn Ile Arg Thr 325 330 335
- Gly Val Arg Thr lie Thr Thr Gly Ser Pro lie Thr Tyr Ser Thr Tyr 340 345 350
- Gly Lys Phe Leu Ala Asp Gly Gly Cys Ser Gly Gly Ala Tyr Asp lle 355 360 365
- lle lle Cys Asp Glu Cys His Ser Thr Asp Ala Thr Ser lle Leu Gly 370 375 380

- lle Gly Thr Vai Leu Asp Gin Ala Glu Thr Ala Gly Ala Arg Leu Val 385 390 395 400
- Val Leu Ala Thr Ala Thr Pro Pro Gly Ser Val Thr Val Pro His Pro 405 410 415
- Asn lie Glu Glu Val Ala Leu Ser Thr Thr Gly Glu lie Pro Phe Tyr 420 425 430
- Gly Lys Ala lle Pro Leu Glu Val lle Lys Gly Gly Arg His Leu lle 435 440 445
- Phe Cys His Ser Lys Lys Cys Asp Glu Leu Ala Ala Lys Leu Val 450 455 460
- Ala Leu Gly ile Asn Ala Val Ala Tyr Tyr Arg Gly Leu Asp Val Ser 465 470 475 480
- Val lie Pro Thr Ser Gly Asp Val Val Val Val Ala Thr Asp Ala Leu 485 490 495
- Met Thr Gly Tyr Thr Gly Asp Phe Asp Ser Val Ile Asp Cys Asn Thr 500 505 510
- Cys Asn Ser Ser Thr Gly Cys Val Val Ile Val Gly Arg Val Val Leu 515 520 525
- Ser Gly Lys Pro Ala lie lie Pro Asp Arg Glu Vai Leu Tyr Arg Glu 530 535 540
- Phe Asp Glu Met Glu Glu Cys Ser Gln His Leu Pro Tyr lle Glu Gln 545 550 555 560
- Gly Met Met Leu Ala Glu Gln Phe Lys Gln Lys Ala Leu Gly Leu Leu 565 570 575
- Gin Thr Ala Ser Arg Gin Ala Giu Val Ile Ala Pro Ala Val Gin Thr 580 585 590
- Asn Trp Gin Lys Leu Giu Thr Phe Trp Ala Lys His Met Trp Asn Phe 595 600 605
- lle Ser Gly lle Gln Tyr Leu Ala Gly Leu Ser Thr Leu Pro Gly Asn 610 615 620
- Pro Ala IIe Ala Ser Leu Met Ala Phe Thr Ala Ala Val Thr Ser Pro 625 630 635 640
- Leu Thr Thr Ser Gln Thr Leu Leu Phe Asn lle Leu Gly Gly Trp Val 645 650 655
- Ala Ala Gin Leu Ala Ala Pro Gly Ala Ala Thr Ala Phe Val Gly Ala 660 665 670

Gly Leu Ala Gly Ala Ala Ile Gly Ser Val Gly Leu Gly Lys Val Leu 675 680 685	
lle Asp Ile Leu Ala Giy Tyr Giy Ala Giy Val Ala Giy Ala Leu Val 690 695 - 700	
Ala Phe Lys lie Met Ser Gly Glu Val Pro Ser Thr Glu Asp Leu Val 705 710 715 720	
Asn Leu Leu Pro Ala lie Leu Ser Pro Gly Ala Leu Val Val Gly Val 725 730 735	
Val Cys Ala Ala lle Leu Arg Arg His Val Gly Pro Gly Glu Gly Ala 740 745 750	
Val Gln Trp Met Asn Arg Leu lle Ala Phe Ala Ser Arg Gly Asn His 755 760 765	
Val Ser Pro Trp Asp Pro Leu Asp Cys Arg His Ala Lys 770 775 780	
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:10:	
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 1548 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: circular 	
(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)	
(ix) FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: CDS (B) LOCATION: 11548	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:10:	
ATG AGT TIT GTG GTC ATT ATT CCC GCG CGC TAC GCG TCG ACG CGT CTG Met Ser Phe Val Val IIe IIe Pro Ala Arg Tyr Ala Ser Thr Arg Leu 1 5 10 15	48
CCC GGT AAA CCA TTG GTT GAT ATT AAC GGC AAA CCC ATG ATT GTT CAT Pro Gly Lys Pro Leu Val Asp Ile Asn Gly Lys Pro Met Ile Val His 20 25 30	96
GTT CTT GAA CGC GCG CGT GAA TCA GGT GCC GAG CGC ATC ATC GTG GCA Val Leu Glu Arg Ala Arg Glu Ser Gly Ala Glu Arg Ile Ile Val Ala 35 40 45	144
ACC GAT CAT GAG GAT GTT GCC CGC GCC GTT GAA GCC GCT GGC GGT GAA Thr Asp His Glu Asp Val Ala Arg Ala Val Glu Ala Ala Gly Gly Glu 50 55 60	192
GTA TGT ATG ACG CGC GCC GAT CAT CAG TCA GGA ACA GAA CGT CTG GCG	240

Val Cys Met Th	nr Arg Ala Asp H 70	lis GIn Ser G 75		Leu Ala 80	
	AA AAA TGC GC Lys Cys Ala Ph 85			TG ATC GTT AAT /al Asn 95	288
	p Glu Pro Met I			IT CGT CAG GTT iln Val	33 6
	TC GCT CAG CGT u Ala Gln Arg G 12	in Val Gly Me		T CTG GCG GTG Ala Val	384
CCA ATC CAC AA Pro Ile His Asn 130				GGTG AAA GTG Lys Val	432
GTT CTC GAC G Val Leu Asp Ala 145			ne Ser Arg Ala	C GCC ACC ATT Thr Ile 160	480
CCTTGGGATC Pro Trp Asp Arg				CGTTGGCGAT Gly Asp 175	528
AAC TTC CTG CO Asn Phe Leu Ar 18	g His Leu Gly I			Phe IIe	576
CGT CGT TAC GT Arg Arg Tyr Val 195	Asn Trp Gin P			CATC GAA ATG Glu Met	624
TTA GAG CAG C ^T Leu Glu Gln Leu 210					672
GTT GCT CAG GA Val Ala Gln Glu 225			Thr Pro Glu A		720
GAC CCG TCG A(Asp Pro Ser Th					768
GCT GCT GCT CO Ala Ala Ala Arg 260	Val Thr Ala ile l				816
OTT CTG CGT CG Leu Leu Arg Arg 275		p IIe Ser Se			864

	TCTTGGCTGC Ser Trp Leu Arg 295	Asp lie Trp As			912
	TTC AAA ACC TG Phe Lys Thr Trp 310	Leu Lys Ala L			960
	CCGTTCGTTTC ro Phe Val Ser 0 325		y Tyr Lys Giy \		1008
Arg Val Asp (GGT ATC ATG CA Gly lle Met His T 340				1056
	GTT AAA AAC GO al Lys Asn Gly				1104
	ATG TGG TCT GO Met Trp Ser Gly 375	Thr Phe Pro			1152
	ACC CCG CTG C Thr Pro Leu Pro 390	Ala Pro Asn T			1200
	GCT GAA GAA TA la Giu Giu Tyr V 405			Phe	1248
His Tyr Val Ti	ACC GGT ATG AC hr Gly Met Thr T 20			Cys Gln	1296
	CCG GAG TTC TI ro Glu Phe Phe				1344
	CCG CCG TGC A Pro Pro Cys Lys 455	Pro Leu Leu Ai			1392
	CTG CAC GAA TA eu His Glu Tyr F 470		Gin Leu Pro C		1440
	GAC GTT GCT G Sp Val Ala Val i 485				1488
His Ile Thr Ala	GCT GAA GCT GO I Glu Ala Ala Gly				1536

AGG CAT GCT AAG Arg His Ala Lys 515 1548

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:11:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 516 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:11:
- Met Ser Phe Val Val IIe IIe Pro Ala Arg Tyr Ala Ser Thr Arg Leu 1 5 10 15
- Pro Gly Lys Pro Leu Val Asp IIe Asn Gly Lys Pro Met IIe Val His 20 25 30
- Val Leu Glu Arg Ala Arg Glu Ser Gly Ala Glu Arg Ile Ile Val Ala 35 40 45
- Thr Asp His Glu Asp Val Ala Arg Ala Val Glu Ala Ala Gly Gly Glu 50 55 60
- Val Cys Met Thr Arg Ala Asp His Gln Ser Gly Thr Glu Arg Leu Ala 65 70 75 80
- Giu Val Val Glu Lys Cys Ala Phe Ser Asp Asp Thr Val Ile Val Asn 85 90 95
- Val Gin Giy Asp Glu Pro Met Ile Pro Ala Thr Ile Ile Arg Gin Val 100 105 110
- Ala Asp Asn Leu Ala Gin Arg Gin Vai Gly Met Ala Thr Leu Ala Val 115 120 125
- Pro Ile His Asn Ala Glu Glu Ala Phe Asn Pro Asn Ala Val Lys Val 130 135 140
- Val Leu Asp Ala Glu Gly Tyr Ala Leu Tyr Phe Ser Arg Ala Thr Ile 145 150 155 160
- Pro Trp Asp Arg Asp Arg Phe Ala Glu Gly Leu Glu Thr Val Gly Asp 165 170 175
- Asn Phe Leu Arg His Leu Gly Ile Tyr Gly Tyr Arg Ala Gly Phe Ile 180 185 190
- Arg Arg Tyr Val Asn Trp Gln Pro Ser Pro Leu Glu His Ile Glu Met 195 200 205

- Leu Glu Gln Leu Arg Val Leu Trp Tyr Gly Glu Lys lle His Val Ala 210 215 220
- Val Ala Gin Giu Val Pro Giy Thr Giy Val Asp Thr Pro Giu Asp Leu 225 230 235 240
- Asp Pro Ser Thr Asn Ser Pro Trp Thr His Tyr Val Pro Glu Ser Asp 245 250 255
- Ala Ala Arg Val Thr Ala lie Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Val Thr Gin 260 265 270
- Leu Leu Arg Arg Leu His Gln Trp IIe Ser Ser Glu Cys Thr Thr Pro 275 280 285
- Cys Ser Gly Ser Trp Leu Arg Asp lle Trp Asp Trp lle Cys Glu Val 290 295 300
- Leu Ser Asp Phe Lys Thr Trp Leu Lys Ala Lys Leu Met Pro Gln Leu 305 310 315 320
- Pro Gly lle Pro Phe Val Ser Cys Gln Arg Gly Tyr Lys Gly Val Trp 325 330 335
- Arg Val Asp Gly IIe Met His Thr Arg Cys His Cys Gly Ala Glu IIe 340 345 350
- Thr Gly His Val Lys Asn Gly Thr Met Arg Ile Val Gly Pro Arg Thr 355 360 365
- Cys Arg Asn Met Trp Ser Gly Thr Phe Pro Ile Asn Ala Tyr Thr Thr 370 375 380
- Gly Pro Cys Thr Pro Leu Pro Ala Pro Asn Tyr Thr Phe Ala Leu Trp 385 390 395 400
- Arg Val Ser Ala Glu Glu Tyr Val Glu lle Arg Gln Val Gly Asp Phe
 405
 410
 415
- His Tyr Val Thr Gly Met Thr Thr Asp Asn Leu Lys Cys Pro Cys Gln 420 425 430
- Val Pro Ser Pro Glu Phe Phe Thr Glu Leu Asp Gly Val Arg Leu His 435 440 445
- Arg Phe Ala Pro Pro Cys Lys Pro Leu Leu Arg Glu Glu Val Ser Phe 450 455 460
- Arg Val Gly Leu His Glu Tyr Pro Val Gly Ser Gln Leu Pro Cys Glu 465 470 475 480
- Pro Glu Pro Asp Val Aia Val Leu Thr Ser Met Leu Thr Asp Pro Ser 485 490 495

His Ile Thr Ala Glu Ala Ala Gly Arg Arg Leu Asp Pro Leu Asp Cys 500 505 510	
Arg His Ala Lys 515	
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:12:	
(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:(A) LENGTH: 1623 base pairs(B) TYPE: nucleic acid(C) STRANDEDNESS: single(D) TOPOLOGY: circular	
(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)	
(ix) FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: CDS (B) LOCATION: 11623	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:12:	
ATG AGT TTT GTG GTC ATT ATT CCC GCG CGC TAC GCG TCG ACG CGT CTG Met Ser Phe Val Val IIe IIe Pro Ala Arg Tyr Ala Ser Thr Arg Leu 1 5 10 15	4 8
CCC GGT AAA CCA TTG GTT GAT ATT AAC GGC AAA CCC ATG ATT GTT CAT Pro Gly Lys Pro Leu Val Asp IIe Asn Gly Lys Pro Met IIe Val His 20 25 30	96
GTT CTT GAA CGC GCG CGT GAA TCA GGT GCC GAG CGC ATC ATC GTG GCA Val Leu Glu Arg Ala Arg Glu Ser Gly Ala Glu Arg Ile Ile Val Ala 35 40 45	144
ACC GAT CAT GAG GAT GTT GCC CGC GCC GTT GAA GCC GCT GGC GGT GAA Thr Asp His Glu Asp Val Ala Arg Ala Val Glu Ala Ala Gly Gly Glu 50 55 60	192
GTA TGT ATG ACG CGC GCC GAT CAT CAG TCA GGA ACA GAA CGT CTG GCG Val Cys Met Thr Arg Ala Asp His Gln Ser Gly Thr Glu Arg Leu Ala 65 70 75 80	240
BAA GTT GTC GAA AAA TGC GCA TTC AGC GAC GAC ACG GTG ATC GTT AAT Blu Val Val Glu Lys Cys Ala Phe Ser Asp Asp Thr Val Ile Val Asn 85 90 95	288
GTG CAG GGT GAT GAA CCG ATG ATC CCT GCG ACA ATC ATT CGT CAG GTT /al Gln Gly Asp Glu Pro Met Ile Pro Ala Thr Ile Ile Arg Gln Val 100 105 110	336
SCT GAT AAC CTC GCT CAG CGT CAG GTG GGT ATG GCG ACT CTG GCG GTG Ala Asp Asn Leu Ala Gin Arg Gin Val Gly Met Ala Thr Leu Ala Val 115 120 125	384

CCA ATC CAC AAT GCG GAA GAA GCG TTT AAC CCG AAT G Pro lle His Asn Ala Glu Glu Ala Phe Asn Pro Asn Ala Val 130 135 140	CG GTG AAA GTG 4 Lys Val	32
GTT CTC GAC GCT GAA GGG TAT GCA CTG TAC TTC TCT C Val Leu Asp Ala Glu Gly Tyr Ala Leu Tyr Phe Ser Arg A 145 150 155		80
CCT TGG GAT CGT GAT CGT TTT GCA GAA GGC CTT GAA A Pro Trp Asp Arg Asp Arg Phe Aia Glu Gly Leu Glu Thr Vi 165 170	CC GTT GGC GAT 5 al Gly Asp 175	28
AAC TTC CTG CGT CAT CTT GGT ATT TAT GGC TAC CGT G Asn Phe Leu Arg His Leu Gly Ile Tyr Gly Tyr Arg Ala Gly 180 185 19	y Phe Ile	76
CGT CGT TAC GTC AAC TGG CAG CCA AGT CCG TTA GAA C Arg Arg Tyr Val Asn Trp Gln Pro Ser Pro Leu Glu His III 195 200 205	AC ATC GAA ATG 6 e Glu Met	24
TTA GAG CAG CTT CGT GTT CTG TGG TAC GGC GAA AAA A Leu Glu Gln Leu Arg Val Leu Trp Tyr Gly Glu Lys Ile His 210 215 220		72
GTT GCT CAG GAA GTT CCT GGC ACA GGT GTG GAT ACC C Val Ala Gin Giu Val Pro Giy Thr Giy Val Asp Thr Pro Giu 225 230 235		20
GAC CCG TCG ACG AAT TCT ATG CGT CGA CTG GCT CGT G Asp Pro Ser Thr Asn Ser Met Arg Arg Leu Ala Arg Gly S 245 250		68
TCT GTT GCT TCT TCT GCT TCT CAA CTG TCT GCT CC Ser Val Ala Ser Ser Ser Ala Ser Gin Leu Ser Ala Pro Ser 260 265 270	Leu Lys	16
GCT ACC TGC ACC GCT AAC CAC GAC TCT CCG GAC GCT G Ala Thr Cys Thr Ala Asn His Asp Ser Pro Asp Ala Glu Le 275 280 285		64
GCT AAC CTG CTG TGG CGT CAG GAA ATG GGT GGT AAC A Ala Asn Leu Leu Trp Arg Gln Glu Met Gly Gly Asn Ile Th 290 295 300		12
GAA TCT GAA AAC AAA GTT GTT ATC CTG GAC TCT TTC GA Glu Ser Glu Asn Lys Val Val Ile Leu Asp Ser Phe Asp Pro 305 310 315		5 0
GCT GAA GAA GAC GAA CGT GAG ATC TCT GTT CCG GCT G Ala Giu Giu Asp Giu Arg Giu Ile Ser Val Pro Ala Giu Ile L 325 330	AA ATC CTG CGT 10 eu Arg 335	800
AAATCT CGT CGT TTC GCT CAG GCT CTG CCG GTT TGG G Lys Ser Arg Arg Phe Ala Gin Ala Leu Pro Val Trp Ala Arg 340 345 35	Pro Asp)56

TAC AAC CCG CCG CTG GTT GAA ACC TGG AAA AAA CCG GAC TAC GAA CCG Tyr Asn Pro Pro Leu Val Glu Thr Trp Lys Lys Pro Asp Tyr Glu Pro 355 360 365	. 1104
CCG GTT GTT CAC GGT TGC CCG CTG CCG CCG AAA TCT CCG CCG GTT Pro Val Val His Gly Cys Pro Leu Pro Pro Pro Lys Ser Pro Pro Val 370 375 380	1152
CCG CCG CCG CGT AAA AAA CGT ACC GTT GTT CTG ACC GAA TCT ACC CTG Pro Pro Pro Arg Lys Lys Arg Thr Val Val Leu Thr Glu Ser Thr Leu 385 390 395 400	1200
TCT ACC GCT CTG GCT GAA CTG GCT ACC CGT TCT TTC GGT TCT TCT TCT Ser Thr Ala Leu Ala Glu Leu Ala Thr Arg Ser Phe Gly Ser Ser Ser 405 410 415	1248
ACC TCG GGT ATC ACC GGT GAC AAC ACC ACC TCT TCT GAA CCG GCT Thr Ser Giy Ile Thr Giy Asp Asn Thr Thr Thr Ser Ser Glu Pro Ala 420 425 430	1296
CCG TCT GGT TGC CCG CCG GAC TCT GAC GCT GAA TCT TAC TCT TCT ATG Pro Ser Gly Cys Pro Pro Asp Ser Asp Ala Glu Ser Tyr Ser Ser Met 435 440 445	1344
CCG CCG CTG GAA GGT GAA CCG GGT GAC CCG GAT CTG TCT GAC GGT TCT Pro Pro Leu Glu Gly Glu Pro Gly Asp Pro Asp Leu Ser Asp Gly Ser 450 455 460	1392
TGG TCT ACC GTT TCT TCT GAA GCT AAC GCT GAA GAC GTT GTT TGC TGC Trp Ser Thr Val Ser Ser Glu Ala Asn Ala Glu Asp Val Val Cys Cys 465 470 475 480	1440
TCT ATG TCT TAC TCT TGG ACC GGT GCT CTG GTT ACT CCG TGC GCT GCT Ser Met Ser Tyr Ser Trp Thr Gly Ala Leu Val Thr Pro Cys Ala Ala 485 490 495	1488
GAA GAA CAG AAA CTG CCG ATC AAC GCT CTG TCT AAC TCT CTG CTG CGT Glu Glu Gln Lys Leu Pro Ile Asn Ala Leu Ser Asn Ser Leu Leu Arg 500 505 510	1536
CAC CAC AAC CTG GTT TAC TCT ACC ACC TCT CGT TCT GCT TGC CAG CGT His His Asn Leu Val Tyr Ser Thr Thr Ser Arg Ser Ala Cys Gin Arg 515 520 525	1584
CAG AAA AAA GTT ACC TTC GAC CGT CTG CAA GTT CTA GAC 3In Lys Lys Vai Thr Phe Asp Arg Leu Gin Vai Leu Asp 530 535 540	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:13:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 541 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid

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- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:13:
- Met Ser Phe Val Val IIe IIe Pro Ala Arg Tyr Ala Ser Thr Arg Leu
 1 5 10 15
- Pro Gly Lys Pro Leu Val Asp Ile Asn Gly Lys Pro Met Ile Val His 20 25 30
- Val Leu Glu Arg Ala Arg Glu Ser Gly Ala Glu Arg Ile Ile Val Ala 35 40 45
- Thr Asp His Glu Asp Val Ala Arg Ala Val Glu Ala Ala Gly Gly Glu 50 55 60
- Val Cys Met Thr Arg Ala Asp His Gin Ser Gly Thr Glu Arg Leu Ala 65 70 75 80
- Glu Val Val Glu Lys Cys Ala Phe Ser Asp Asp Thr Val Ile Val Asn 85 90 95
- Val Gin Giy Asp Giu Pro Met Ile Pro Ala Thr Ile Ile Arg Gin Val 100 105 110
- Ala Asp Asn Leu Ala Gin Arg Gin Vai Gly Met Ala Thr Leu Ala Val 115 120 125
- Pro Ile His Asn Ala Glu Glu Ala Phe Asn Pro Asn Ala Val Lys Val 130 135 140
- Val Leu Asp Ala Glu Gly Tyr Ala Leu Tyr Phe Ser Arg Ala Thr lie 145 150 155 160
- Pro Trp Asp Arg Asp Arg Phe Ala Glu Glu Leu Glu Thr Vai Gly Asp 165 170 175
- Asn Phe Leu Arg His Leu Gly Ile Tyr Gly Tyr Arg Ala Gly Phe Ile 180 185 190
- Arg Arg Tyr Val Asn Trp Gln Pro Ser Pro Leu Glu His Ile Glu Met 195 200 205
- Leu Glu Gln Leu Arg Val Leu Trp Tyr Gly Glu Lys lle His Val Ala 210 215 220
- Val Ala Gln Glu Val Pro Gly Thr Gly Val Asp Thr Pro Glu Asp Leu 225 230 235 240
- Asp Pro Ser Thr Asn Ser Met Arg Arg Leu Ala Arg Gly Ser Pro Pro 245 250 255
- Ser Val Ala Ser Ser Ser Ala Ser Gln Leu Ser Ala Pro Ser Leu Lys

265

270

- Ala Thr Cys Thr Ala Asn His Asp Ser Pro Asp Ala Glu Leu Ile Glu 275 280 285
- Ala Asn Leu Leu Trp Arg Gin Glu Met Gly Gly Asn lie Thr Arg Val 290 295 300
- Glu Ser Glu Asn Lys Val Val lie Leu Asp Ser Phe Asp Pro Leu Val 305 310 315 320
- Ala Glu Glu Asp Glu Arg Glu Ile Ser Val Pro Ala Glu Ile Leu Arg 325 330 335
- Lys Ser Arg Arg Phe Ala Gin Ala Leu Pro Val Trp Ala Arg Pro Asp 340 345 350
- Tyr Asn Pro Pro Leu Val Glu Thr Trp Lys Lys Pro Asp Tyr Glu Pro 355 360 365
- Pro Val Val His Gly Cys Pro Leu Pro Pro Pro Lys Ser Pro Pro Val 370 375 380
- Pro Pro Pro Arg Lys Lys Arg Thr Val Val Leu Thr Glu Ser Thr Leu 385 390 395 400
- Ser Thr Ala Leu Ala Glu Leu Ala Thr Arg Ser Phe Gly Ser Ser Ser 405 410 415
- Thr Ser Gly lie Thr Gly Asp Asn Thr Thr Thr Ser Ser Glu Pro Ala 420 425 430
- Pro Ser Gly Cys Pro Pro Asp Ser Asp Ala Glu Ser Tyr Ser Ser Met 435 440 445
- Pro Pro Leu Glu Gly Glu Pro Gly Asp Pro Asp Leu Ser Asp Gly Ser 450 455 460
- Trp Ser Thr Val Ser Ser Glu Ala Asn Ala Glu Asp Val Val Cys Cys 465 470 475 480
- Ser Met Ser Tyr Ser Trp Thr Gly Ala Leu Val Thr Pro Cys Ala Ala 485 490 495
- Glu Glu Gln Lys Leu Pro Ile Asn Ala Leu Ser Asn Ser Leu Leu Arg 500 505 510
- His His Asn Leu Val Tyr Ser Thr Thr Ser Arg Ser Ala Cys Gln Arg 515 520 525
- Gln Lys Lys Val Thr Phe Asp Arg Leu Gln Val Leu Asp 530 535 540
- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:14:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 1488 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: circular	
(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)	
(ix) FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: CDS (B) LOCATION: 11488	
(xī) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:14:	
ATG AGT TIT GTG GTC ATT ATT CCC GCG CGC TAC GCG TCG ACG CGT CTG Met Ser Phe Val Val Ile Ile Pro Ala Arg Tyr Ala Ser Thr Arg Leu 1 5 10 15	48
CCC GGT AAA CCA TTG GTT GAT ATT AAC GGC AAA CCC ATG ATT GTT CAT Pro Gly Lys Pro Leu Val Asp Ile Asn Gly Lys Pro Met Ile Val His 20 25 30	96
GTT CTT GAA CGC GCG CGT GAA TCA GGT GCC GAG CGC ATC ATC GTG GCA Val Leu Glu Arg Ala Arg Glu Ser Gly Ala Glu Arg Ile Ile Val Ala 35 40 45	144
ACC GAT CAT GAG GAT GTT GCC CGC GCC GTT GAA GCC GCT GGC GGT GAA Thr Asp His Glu Asp Val Ala Arg Ala Val Glu Ala Ala Gly Gly Glu 50 55 60	192
GTATGT ATG ACG CGC GCC GAT CAT CAG TCA GGA ACA GAA CGT CTG GCG Val Cys Met Thr Arg Ala Asp His Gln Ser Gly Thr Glu Arg Leu Ala 65 70 75 80	240
GAA GTT GTC GAA AAA TGC GCA TTC AGC GAC GAC ACG GTG ATC GTT AAT Glu Val Val Glu Lys Cys Ala Phe Ser Asp Asp Thr Val Ile Val Asn 85 90 95	288
GTG CAG GGT GAT GAA CCG ATG ATC CCT GCG ACA ATC ATT CGT CAG GTT Val Gin Gly Asp Glu Pro Met lie Pro Ala Thr lie lie Arg Gin Val 100 105 110	336
GCT GAT AAC CTC GCT CAG CGT CAG GTG GGT ATG GCG ACT CTG GCG GTG Ala Asp Asn Leu Ala Gln Arg Gln Val Gly Met Ala Thr Leu Ala Val 115 120 125	384
CCA ATC CAC AAT GCG GAA GAA GCG TTT AAC CCG AAT GCG GTG AAA GTG Pro lle His Asn Ala Glu Glu Ala Phe Asn Pro Asn Ala Val Lys Val 130 135 140	432
GTT CTC GAC GCT GAA GGG TAT GCA CTG TACTTC TCT CGC GCC ACC ATT Val Leu Asp Ala Glu Gly Tyr Ala Leu Tyr Phe Ser Arg Ala Thr lie 145 150 155 160	480

Pro Trp Asp Arg Asp Arg Phe All 165 170	GCA GAA GGC CTT GAA ACC GTT GGC GAT a Glu Gly Leu Glu Thr Val Gly Asp 175	528
AAC TTC CTG CGT CAT CTT GGT Asn Phe Leu Arg His Leu Gly He 180	ATT TAT GGC TAC CGT GCA GGC TTT ATC Tyr Gly Tyr Arg Ala Gly Phe lle 190	576
CGT CGT TAC GTC AAC TGG CAG Arg Arg Tyr Val Asn Trp Gin Pro 195 200	CCA AGT CCG TTA GAA CAC ATC GAA ATG Ser Pro Leu Glu His lle Glu Met 205	624
TTA GAG CAG CTT CGT GTT CTG T Leu Glu Gln Leu Arg Val Leu Trp 210 215	TGG TAC GGC GAA AAA ATC CAT GTT GCT Tyr Gly Glu Lys IIe His Val Ala 220	672
Val Ala Gin Giu Vai Pro Giy Thr	ACA GGT GTG GAT ACC CCT GAA GAT CTC Gly Val Asp Thr Pro Glu Asp Leu 35 240	720
	BAC TCC CAC TAC CAG GAC GTT CTG AAA p Ser His Tyr GIn Asp Val Leu Lys 255	768
GAA GTT AAA GCT GCT GCT TCT A Glu Val Lys Ala Ala Ala Ser Lys V 260 265	AAA GTT AAA GCT AAC CTG CTG TCT GTT /al Lys Ala Asn Leu Leu Ser Val 270	816
GAA GAA GCA TGC TCT CTG ACC (Glu Glu Ala Cys Ser Leu Thr Pro 275 280	CCG CCG CAC TCT GCT AAA TCT AAA TTC Pro His Ser Ala Lys Ser Lys Phe 285	864
GGT TAC GGT GCT AAA GAC GTT C Gly Tyr Gly Ala Lys Asp Val Arg 290 295	CGT TGC CAC GCT CGT AAA GCT GTT ACC Cys His Ala Arg Lys Ala Val Thr 300	912
	AT CTG CTG GAA GAC AAC GTT ACC CCG Leu Leu Glu Asp Asn Val Thr Pro 5 320	960
ATC GAC ACC ACC ATC ATG GCT A lie Asp Thr Thr lie Met Ala Lys A: 325 330	sn Glu Val Phe Cys Val Gln Pro 335	1008
GAA AAA GGT GGT CGT AAA CCG C Glu Lys Gly Gly Arg Lys Pro Ala 7 340 345	GCT CGT CTG ATC GTT TTC CCG GAC CTG Arg Leu lle Val Phe Pro Asp Leu 350	1056
GGT GTT CGT GTT TGC GAA AAA A Gly Val Arg Val Cys Glu Lys Met . 355 360		1104
	FCT TCT TAC GGT TTC CAG TAC TCT CCG Ser Tyr Gly Phe Gln Tyr Ser Pro 380	1152

GGT CAG CGT GTT GAG TTC CTG GTT CAG GCT TGG AAA TCT AAA AAA ACC Gly Gln Arg Val Glu Phe Leu Val Gln Ala Trp Lys Ser Lys Lys Thr 385 390 395 400	1200
CCG ATG GGT TTC TCT TAC GAC ACC CGT TGC TTC GAC TCT ACC GTT ACC Pro Met Gly Phe Ser Tyr Asp Thr Arg Cys Phe Asp Ser Thr Val Thr 405 410 415	1248
GAA TCT GAC ATT CGT ACC GAA GAA GCT ATC TAC CAG TGC TGC GAC CTG Glu Ser Asp lie Arg Thr Glu Glu Ala Ile Tyr Gln Cys Cys Asp Leu 420 425 430	1296
GAC CCG CAG GCT CGT GTT GCT ATC AAA TCT CTG ACC GAA CGT CTG TAC Asp Pro Gin Ala Arg Val Ala IIe Lys Ser Leu Thr Glu Arg Leu Tyr 435 440 445	1344
GTT GGT GGT CCG CTG ACC AAC TCT CGG GGT GAA AAC TGC GGT TAC CGT Val Gly Gly Pro Leu Thr Asn Ser Arg Gly Glu Asn Cys Gly Tyr Arg 450 455 460	1392
CGT TGC CGT GCT TCT GGT GTT CTG ACC ACC TCT TGC GGT AAC ACC CTG Arg Cys Arg Ala Ser Gly Val Leu Thr Thr Ser Cys Gly Asn Thr Leu 465 470 475 480	1440
ACC TGC TAC ATC AAA GCT CGT GCT GCT GCT GCT GCT GGT CTG CAG Thr Cys Tyr Ile Lys Ala Arg Ala Ala Cys Arg Ala Ala Gly Leu Gin 485 490 495	1488
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:15:	
(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 496 amino acids (B) TYPE: amino acid (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	.
(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:15:	
Met Ser Phe Val Val IIe IIe Pro Ala Arg Tyr Ala Ser Thr Arg Leu 1 5 10 15	
Pro Gly Lys Pro Leu Val Asp Ile Asn Gly Lys Pro Met Ile Val His 20 25 30	
Val Leu Glu Arg Ala Arg Glu Ser Gly Ala Glu Arg Ile Ile Val Ala 35 40 45	
Thr Asp His Glu Asp Val Ala Arg Ala Val Glu Ala Ala Gly Gly Glu 50 55 60	
Val Cys Met Thr Arg Ala Asp His Gln Ser Gly Thr Glu Arg Leu Ala 65 70 75 80	

- Glu Vai Vai Glu Lys Cys Ala Phe Ser Asp Asp Thr Val Ile Vai Asn 85 90 95
- Val Gin Gly Asp Glu Pro Met IIe Pro Ala Thr IIe IIe Arg Gin Val 100 105 110
- Ala Asp Asn Leu Ala Gin Arg Gin Vai Giy Met Ala Thr Leu Ala Vai 115 120 125
- Pro Ile His Asn Ala Glu Glu Ala Phe Asn Pro Asn Ala Val Lys Val 130 135 140
- Val Leu Asp Ala Glu Gly Tyr Ala Leu Tyr Phe Ser Arg Ala Thr Ile 145 150 150 160
- Pro Trp Asp Arg Asp Arg Phe Ala Glu Gly Leu Glu Thr Val Gly Asp 165 170 175
- Asn Phe Leu Arg His Leu Gly Ile Tyr Gly Tyr Arg Ala Gly Phe Ile 180 185 190
- Arg Arg Tyr Val Asn Trp Gln Pro Ser Pro Leu Glu His Ile Glu Met 195 200 205
- Leu Glu Gln Leu Arg Val Leu Trp Tyr Gly Glu Lys lle His Val Ala 210 215 220
- Val Ala Gin Giu Val Pro Giy Thr Giy Val Asp Thr Pro Giu Asp Leu 225 230 235 240
- Asp Pro Ser Thr Asn Ser Leu Asp Ser His Tyr Gln Asp Val Leu Lys 245 250 255
- Giu Vai Lys Ala Ala Ala Ser Lys Val Lys Ala Asn Leu Leu Ser Val 260 265 270
- Glu Glu Ala Cys Ser Leu Thr Pro Pro His Ser Ala Lys Ser Lys Phe 275 280 285
- Gly Tyr Gly Ala Lys Asp Vai Arg Cys His Ala Arg Lys Ala Vai Thr 290 295 300
- His Ile Asn Ser Val Trp Lys Asp Leu Leu Glu Asp Asn Val Thr Pro 305 310 315 320
- lle Asp Thr Thr Ile Met Ala Lys Asn Glu Val Phe Cys Val Gln Pro 325 330 335
- Giu Lys Giy Giy Arg Lys Pro Ala Arg Leu lle Val Phe Pro Asp Leu 340 345 350
- Gly Val Arg Val Cys Glu Lys Met Ala Leu Tyr Asp Val Val Thr Lys 355 360 365

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Leu Pro Leu Ala Val Met Gly Ser Ser Tyr Gly Phe Gln Tyr Ser Pro 370 375 380	
Gly Gln Arg Val Glu Phe Leu Val Gln Ala Trp Lys Ser Lys Lys Thr 385 390 395 400	
Pro Met Gly Phe Ser Tyr Asp Thr Arg Cys Phe Asp Ser Thr Val Thr 405 410 415	
Glu Ser Asp lle Arg Thr Glu Glu Ala lle Tyr Gln Cys Cys Asp Leu 420 425 430	
Asp Pro Gin Ala Arg Val Ala Ile Lys Ser Leu Thr Glu Arg Leu Tyr 435 440 445	
Val Gly Gly Pro Leu Thr Asn Ser Arg Gly Glu Asn Cys Gly Tyr Arg 450 455 460	
Arg Cys Arg Ala Ser Gly Val Leu Thr Thr Ser Cys Gly Asn Thr Leu 465 470 475 480	
Thr Cys Tyr Ile Lys Ala Arg Ala Ala Cys Arg Ala Ala Gly Leu Gln 485 490 495	
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:16:	
(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 1161 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: circular	•
(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)	
(ix) FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: CDS (B) LOCATION: 11161	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:16:	
ATG AGT TIT GTG GTC ATT ATT CCC GCG CGC TAC GCG TCG ACG CGT CTG Met Ser Phe Val Val Ile Ile Pro Ala Arg Tyr Ala Ser Thr Arg Leu 1 5 10 15	48
CCC GGT AAA CCA TTG GTT GAT ATT AAC GGC AAA CCC ATG ATT GTT CAT Pro Gly Lys Pro Leu Val Asp Ile Asn Gly Lys Pro Met Ile Val His 20 25 30	96
GTT CTT GAA CGC GCG CGT GAA TCA GGT GCC GAG CGC ATC ATC GTG GCA Val Leu Glu Arg Ala Arg Glu Ser Gly Ala Glu Arg Ile Ile Val Ala 35 40 45	144
ACC GAT CAT GAG GAT GTT GCC CGC GCC GTT GAA GCC GCT GGC GGT GAA Thr Asp His Glu Asp Val Ala Arg Ala Val Glu Ala Ala Gly Gly Glu	192

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50	55	60			
GTATGT ATG ACG Val Cys Met Thr 65 70	Arg Ala Asp Hi	s Gln Ser (TCA GGA ACA Gly Thr Glu A 80	GAA CGT CTG GCG Arg Leu Ala	240
GAA GTT GTC GAA Glu Val Val Glu L 85	A AAA TGC GCA ys Cys Ala Phe 90	TTC AGC 0 Ser Asp A 95	Asp Thr Val III	GTG ATC GTT AAT e Val Asn	288
GTG CAG GGT GA Val Gin Gly Asp (100	T GAA CCG ATO Glu Pro Met Ile 105	ATC CCT (Pro Ala T	Thr lie lie Arg	ATT CGT CAG GTT Gin Val	336
GCT GAT AAC CTC Ala Asp Asn Leu 115	GCT CAG CGT Ala Gin Arg Gir 120	CAG GTG G 1 Val Gly M 125	GT ATG GCG let Ala Thr Le	ACT CTG GCG GTG eu Ala Val	384
CCA ATC CAC AAT Pro Ile His Asn Al 130	GCG GAA GAA a Glu Glu Ala I 135	GCG TTT A Phe Asn Pi 140	AC CCG AAT (ro Asn Ala Va	GCG GTG AAA GTG ai Lys Val	432
GTT CTC GAC GCT Val Leu Asp Ala (145 15	Glu Gly Tyr Ala	GCA CTG T Leu Tyr F 55	TAC TTC TCT (Phe Ser Arg / 160	CGC GCC ACC ATT Ala Thr Ile	480
CCT TGG GAT CGT Pro Trp Asp Arg A 165	GAT CGT TTT (Asp Arg Phe Al 170	a Glu Gly	GC CTT GAA Leu Glu Thr \ 75	ACC GTT GGC GAT Val Gly Asp	528
AAC TTC CTG CGT Asn Phe Leu Arg 180	CAT CTT GGT His Leu Gly II 185	ATT TAT G e Tyr Gly 1 190	Tyr Arg Ala G	GCA GGC TTT ATC ally Phe IIe	576
CGT CGT TAC GTC Arg Arg Tyr Val A 195	AAC TGG CAG Asn Trp Gln Pro 200	CCA AGT C o Ser Pro 205	CGTTAGAA Leu Glu His	CAC ATC GAA ATG lie Glu Met	624
TTA GAG CAG CTT Leu Glu Gln Leu 210	CGT GTT CTG Arg Val Leu Tr 215	TGG TAC G p Tyr Gly (220	GC GAA AAA Glu Lys IIe Hi	ATC CAT GTT GCT is Val Ala	672
GTT GCT CAG GAA Val Ala Gin Giu V 225 23	al Pro Gly Thr	ACA GGT G Gly Val As 35	STG GAT ACC SP Thr Pro Gli 240	CCT GAA GAT CTC u Asp Leu	720
GAC CCG TCG ACC Asp Pro Ser Thr A 245	3 AAT TGC ATG Asn Cys Met Le 250	u Gln Asp	EAC TGC ACC Cys Thr Met 55	ATG CTG GTT TGC Leu Val Cys	768
GGT GAC GAC CTO Gly Asp Asp Leu \ 260	GGTT GTT ATC Val Val IIe Cys 265	TGC GAA T Glu Ser Ala 270	a Giy Vai Gin	GTT CAG GAA GAC Glu Asp	816
GCT GCT TCT CTG	CGT GCT TTC	ACC GAA G	CT ATG ACC	CGT TAC TCT GCT	864

Ala Ala Ser 275	Leu Arg Ala Ph 280	e Thr Glu Ala Met Thr Arg Tyr Ser Ala 285	
		CAG CCG GAA TAC GAC CTG GAA CTG ATC ACC In Pro Glu Tyr Asp Leu Glu Leu Ile Thr 300	912
		CT GTT GCT CAC GAC GGT GCT GGT AAA CGT r Val Ala His Asp Gly Ala Gly Lys Arg 315 320	960
Val Tyr Tyr		BAC CCG ACC ACC CCG CTG GCT CGT GCT GCT P Pro Thr Thr Pro Leu Ala Arg Ala Ala 30 335	1008
	Ala Arg His Thr	ACC CCG GTA AAC TCT TGG CTG GGT AAC ATC Pro Val Asn Ser Trp Leu Gly Asn lie 350	1056
		CTG TGG GCC CGT ATG ATC CTG ATG ACC CAC I Trp Ala Arg Met IIe Leu Met Thr His 365	1104
		CT CGT GAC CAG CTG GAA CAG GCT CTG GAC Arg Asp Gin Leu Giu Gin Ala Leu Asp 380	1152
TOO 6 . 6 .			
TGC GAG A Cys Glu lle 385	TC	1161	
Cys Glu lle 385	TC ATION FOR SEQ	·	
Cys Glu lie 385 (2) INFORM (i) SEQU (A) (B)		ID NO:17: TERISTICS: mino acids id	
(2) INFORM, (i) SEQU (A) (B) (D)	ATION FOR SEQ ENCE CHARACT LENGTH: 387 a TYPE: amino ac	EID NO:17: TERISTICS: mino acids iid ear	
Cys Giu lie 3 8 5 (2) INFORM/ (i) SEQU (A) (B) (D)	ATION FOR SEQ ENCE CHARACT LENGTH: 387 a TYPE: amino ac TOPOLOGY: line ECULE TYPE: p	EID NO:17: TERISTICS: mino acids iid ear	
Cys Glu lie 385 (2) INFORM (i) SEQU (A) (B) (D) (ii) MOL (xi) SEQU Met Ser Phe	ATION FOR SEQ ENCE CHARACT LENGTH: 387 a TYPE: amino ac TOPOLOGY: line ECULE TYPE: p	ID NO:17: TERISTICS: mino acids id ear	
Cys Glu lie 3 8 5 (2) INFORM/ (i) SEQU (A) (B) (D) (ii) MOL (xi) SEQU Met Ser Phe	ATION FOR SEQ ENCE CHARACT LENGTH: 387 a TYPE: amino ac TOPOLOGY: line ECULE TYPE: p JENCE DESCRIF Val Val Ile Ile F 5 10	ERISTICS: mino acids id ear protein PTION: SEQ ID NO:17: Pro Ala Arg Tyr Ala Ser Thr Arg Leu	
Cys Glu lie 385 (2) INFORM/ (i) SEQU (A) (B) (D) (ii) MOL (xi) SEQL Met Ser Phe 1 Pro Gly Lys 20	ENCE CHARACT LENGTH: 387 a TYPE: amino ac TOPOLOGY: line ECULE TYPE: p JENCE DESCRIF Val Val Ile Ile F 5 10 Pro Leu Val Asp 25	ERISTICS: mino acids id ear protein PTION: SEQ ID NO:17: Pro Ala Arg Tyr Ala Ser Thr Arg Leu 15 o Ile Asn Gly Lys Pro Met Ile Val His	

- Val Cys Met Thr Arg Ala Asp His Gln Ser Gly Thr Glu Arg Leu Ala 65 70 75 80
- Glu Val Val Glu Lys Cys Ala Phe Ser Asp Asp Thr Val Ile Val Asn 85 90 95
- Val Gin Gly Asp Glu Pro Met Ile Pro Ala Thr. Ile Ile Arg Gin Val 100 105 110
- Ala Asp Asn Leu Ala Gin Arg Gin Val Gly Met Ala Thr Leu Ala Val
- Pro Ile His Asn Ala Giu Giu Ala Phe Asn Pro Asn Ala Val Lys Val 130 135 140
- Val Leu Asp Ala Glu Gly Tyr Ala Leu Tyr Phe Ser Arg Ala Thr Ile 145 150 155 160
- Pro Trp Asp Arg Asp Arg Phe Ala Glu Gly Leu Glu Thr Val Gly Asp 165 170 175
- Asn Phe Leu Arg His Leu Gly Ile Tyr Gly Tyr Arg Ala Gly Phe Ile 180 185 190
- Arg Arg Tyr Val Asn Trp Gln Pro Ser Pro Leu Glu His Ile Glu Met 195 200 205
- Leu Glu Gln Leu Arg Val Leu Trp Tyr Gly Glu Lys lle His Val Ala 210 215 220
- Val Ala Gin Giu Val Pro Giy Thr Giy Val Asp Thr Pro Giu Asp Leu 225 230 235 240
- Asp Pro Ser Thr Asn Cys Met Leu Gln Asp Cys Thr Met Leu Val Cys 245 250 255
- Giy Asp Asp Leu Val Val Ile Cys Giu Ser Ala Giy Val Gin Giu Asp 260 265 270
- Ala Ala Ser Leu Arg Ala Phe Thr Glu Ala Met Thr Arg Tyr Ser Ala 275 280 285
- Pro Pro Gly Asp Pro Pro Gln Pro Glu Tyr Asp Leu Glu Leu lle Thr 290 295 300
- Ser Cys Ser Ser Asn Val Ser Val Ala His Asp Gly Ala Gly Lys Arg 305 310 315 320
- Val Tyr Tyr Leu Thr Arg Asp Pro Thr Thr Pro Leu Ala Arg Ala Ala 325 330 335
- Trp Glu Thr Ala Arg His Thr Pro Val Asn Ser Trp Leu Gly Asn lle 340 345 350
- lle Met Phe Ala Pro Thr Leu Trp Ala Arg Met lle Leu Met Thr His

355	360		365		•
Phe Phe Ser 370	r Val Leu Ile A 375		Gin Leu Glu (30	Gin Ala Leu Asp	
Cys Glu lle 385					
(2) INFORMA	ATION FOR S	EQ ID NO:	18:		
(A) L (B) T (C) ST	NCE CHARAC ENGTH: 1179 YPE: nucleic RANDEDNES DPOLOGY: ci	base pair acid S: single			
(ii) MOLE	CULE TYPE:	DNA (gen	omic)		
	URE: ME/KEY: CD DCATION: 1				
(xi) SEQUE	ENCE DESCR	IPTION: SI	EQ ID NO:18:		
Met Ser Phe	Val Val lie II		GCG CGC TAC (Arg Tyr Ala S 15	GCG TCG ACG CGT CTG er Thr Arg Leu	48
			AAC GGC AAA 1 Gly Lys Pro 30	CCC ATG ATT GTT CAT Met Ile Val His	96
	•	ilu Ser Gly	GGT GCC GAG Ala Glu Arg II 5	CGC ATC ATC GTG GCA le lie Val Ala	144
			GCC GTT GAA Val Glu Ala Al	GCC GCT GGC GGT GAA a Gly Gly Glu	192
				ACA GAA CGT CTG GCG Glu Arg Leu Ala	i 240
	ilu Lys Cys Al		AGC GAC GAC Asp Asp Thr \ 95	ACG GTG ATC GTT AAT Val lie Val Asn	288
		Net lie Pro	CCT GCG ACA Ala Thr lie lie 110	ATC ATT CGT CAG GTT e Arg Gin Val	336
			GTG GGT ATG	GCG ACT CTG GCG GTG hr Leu Ala Val	384

115	120	125		
Pro Ile His Asn Ala	Glu Glu Ala Phe	GTTT AAC Asn Pro A 40	CCG AAT GCG GTG AAA GTG ISN Ala Val Lys Val	432
GTT CTC GAC GCT 0 Val Leu Asp Ala Gl 145 150	u Gly Tyr Ala Le	A CTG TAC u Tyr Phe	TTC TCT CGC GCC ACC ATT Ser Arg Ala Thr IIe 160	480
CCT TGG GAT CGT (Pro Trp Asp Arg As 165	GAT CGT TTT GCA p Arg Phe Ala G 170	GAA GGC liu Gly Leu 175	CTT GAA ACC GTT GGC GAT Glu Thr Val Gly Asp	528
AAC TTC CTG CGT C Asn Phe Leu Arg H 180	CAT CTT GGT ATT lis Leu Gly Ile Ty 185	TAT GGC yr Gly Tyr 190	TAC CGT GCA GGC TTT ATC Arg Ala Gly Phe lle	57 6
CGT CGT TAC GTC A Arg Arg Tyr Val As 195	VAC TGG CAG CC n Trp Gin Pro So 200	A AGT CCG er Pro Leu 205	TTA GAA CAC ATC GAA ATG Glu His lie Glu Met	624
Leu Glu Gin Leu Ar	g Val Leu Trp T	STAC GGC yr Gly Glu 20	GAA AAA ATC CAT GTT GCT Lys lie His Val Ala	672
GTT GCT CAG GAA 0 Vai Ala Gin Giu Val 225 230	Pro Gly Thr Gly	A GGT GTG Val Asp T	GAT ACC CCT GAA GAT CTC hr Pro Glu Asp Leu 240	720
GAC CCG TCG ACG Asp Pro Ser Thr As 245	AAT TCC ATG GA sn Ser Met Glu I 250	G ATC TAC le Tyr Gly 255	GGT GCT TGC TAC TCT ATC Ala Cys Tyr Ser lle	768
GAA CCG CTG GAC (Glu Pro Leu Asp Le 260	CTG CCG CCG AT eu Pro Pro Ile Ile 265	CATT CAG GIn Arg L 270	CGT CTG CAC GGT CTG TCT eu His Gly Leu Ser	816
GCT TTC TCT CTG C Ala Phe Ser Leu Hi 275	CAC TCT TAC TCC is Ser Tyr Ser Pr 280	CCG GGT o Gly Glu 285	GAA ATC AAC CGT GTT GCT Ile Asn Arg Val Ala	864
Ala Cys Leu Arg Ly	rs Leu Gly Val Pi	CCG CCG ro Pro Leu 00	CTG CGT GCT TGG CGT CAC Arg Ala Trp Arg His	912
CGT GCT CGT TCT G Arg Ala Arg Ser Va 305 310	l Arg Ala Arg Leu	CTGCTG	GCT CGT GGT GGC CGT GCT Arg Gly Gly Arg Ala 320	960
GCT ATC TGC GGT A Ala lie Cys Gly Lys 325	AAA TAC CTG TTC Tyr Leu Phe As 330	AAC TGG n Trp Ala 335	GCT GTT CGT ACC AAA CTG Val Arg Thr Lys Leu	1008
	ATC GCT GCT GCT	T GGT CAG	CTG GAC CTG TCT GGT TGG	1056

Lys Leu Thr Pro IIe Ala Ala Ala Gly Gln Leu Asp Leu Ser Gly Trp 340 345 350

TTC ACC GCT GGT TAC TCT GGT GGT GAC ATC TAC CAC TCT GTT TCT CAC

1 104
Phe Thr Ala Gly Tyr Ser Gly Gly Asp Ile Tyr His Ser Val Ser His

355

360

365

GTT GGT ATC TAC CTG CTG CCG AAC CGT Val Gly lie Tyr Leu Leu Pro Asn Arg 385 390 1179

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:19:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 393 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:14:

Met Ser Phe Val Val IIe IIe Pro Ala Arg Tyr Ala Ser Thr Arg Leu 1 5 10 15

Pro Gly Lys Pro Leu Val Asp Ile Asn Gly Lys Pro Met Ile Val His 20 25 30

Val Leu Glu Arg Ala Arg Glu Ser Gly Ala Glu Arg Ile Ile Val Ala 35 40 45

Thr Asp His Glu Asp Val Ala Arg Ala Val Glu Ala Ala Gly Gly Glu 50 55 60

Val Cys Met Thr Arg Ala Asp His Gln Ser Gly Thr Glu Arg Leu Ala 65 70 75 80

Glu Val Val Glu Lys Cys Ala Phe Ser Asp Asp Thr Val Ile Val Asn 85 90 95

Val Gln Gly Asp Glu Pro Met Ile Pro Ala Thr Ile Ile Arg Gin Val 100 105 110

Ala Asp Asn Leu Ala Gin Arg Gin Val Gly Met Ala Thr Leu Ala Val 115 120 125

Pro Ile His Asn Ala Glu Glu Ala Phe Asn Pro Asn Ala Val Lys Val 130 135 140

Val Leu Asp Ala Glu Gly Tyr Ala Leu Tyr Phe Ser Arg Ala Thr Ile

11.1

145 150 155 160

Pro Trp Asp Arg Asp Arg Phe Ala Glu Gly Leu Glu Thr Val Gly Asp 165 170 175

Asn Phe Leu Arg His Leu Gly Ile Tyr Gly Tyr Arg Ala Gly Phe Ile 180 185 190

Arg Arg Tyr Val Asn Trp Gln Pro Ser Pro Leu Glu His lle Glu Met 195 200 205

Leu Glu Gln Leu Arg Val Leu Trp Tyr Gly Glu Lys Ile His Val Ala 210 215 220

Val Ala Gin Giu Val Pro Giy Thr Giy Val Asp Thr Pro Giu Asp Leu 225 230 235 240

Asp Pro Ser Thr Asn Ser Met Glu IIe Tyr Gly Ala Cys Tyr Ser IIe 245 250 255

Glu Pro Leu Asp Leu Pro Pro IIe IIe Gln Arg Leu His Gly Leu Ser 260 265 270

Ala Phe Ser Leu His Ser Tyr Ser Pro Gly Glu lle Asn Arg Val Ala 275 280 285

Ala Cys Leu Arg Lys Leu Gly Val Pro Pro Leu Arg Ala Trp Arg His 290 295 300

Arg Ala Arg Ser Val Arg Ala Arg Leu Leu Ala Arg Gly Gly Arg Ala 305 310 315 320

Ala Ile Cys Gly Lys Tyr Leu Phe Asn Trp Ala Val Arg Thr Lys Leu 325 330 335

Lys Leu Thr Pro IIe Ala Ala Ala Gly Gln Leu Asp Leu Ser Gly Trp 340 345 350

Phe Thr Ala Gly Tyr Ser Gly Gly Asp lle Tyr His Ser Val Ser His 355 360 365

Ala Arg Pro Arg Trp lle Trp Phe Cys Leu Leu Leu Leu Ala Ala Gly 370 375 380

Val Gly lie Tyr Leu Leu Pro Asn Arg 385 390

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:20:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1791 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: circular

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

\cdot	
(ix) FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: CDS (B) LOCATION: 11791	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:20:	
ATG AGT TTT GTG GTC ATT ATT CCC GCG CGC TAC GCG TCG ACG CGT CTG Met Ser Phe Val Val lie lie Pro Ala Arg Tyr Ala Ser Thr Arg Leu 1 5 10 15	4 8
CCC GGT AAA CCATTG GTT GAT ATT AAC GGC AAA CCC ATG ATT GTT CAT Pro Gly Lys Pro Leu Val Asp IIe Asn Gly Lys Pro Met IIe Val His 20 25 30	96
GTT CTT GAA CGC GCG CGT GAA TCA GGT GCC GAG CGC ATC ATC GTG GCA Val Leu Glu Arg Ala Arg Glu Ser Gly Ala Glu Arg Ile Ile Val Ala 35 40 45	144
ACC GAT CAT GAG GAT GTT GCC CGC GCC GTT GAA GCC GCT GGC GGT GAA Thr Asp His Glu Asp Val Ala Arg Ala Val Glu Ala Ala Gly Gly Glu 50 55 60	192
GTA TGT ATG ACG CGC GCC GAT CAT CAG TCA GGA ACA GAA CGT CTG GCG Val Cys Met Thr Arg Ala Asp His Gln Ser Gly Thr Glu Arg Leu Ala 65 70 75 80	240
GAA GTT GTC GAA AAA TGC GCA TTC AGC GAC ACG GTG ATC GTT AAT Glu Val Val Glu Lys Cys Ala Phe Ser Asp Asp Thr Val Ile Val Asn 85 90 95	288
GTG CAG GGT GAT GAA CCG ATG ATC CCT GCG ACA ATC ATT CGT CAG GTT Val Gin Gly Asp Glu Pro Met Ile Pro Ala Thr Ile Ile Arg Gln Val 100 105 110	336
GCT GAT AAC CTC GCT CAG CGT CAG GTG GGT ATG GCG ACT CTG GCG GTG Ala Asp Asn Leu Ala Gln Arg Gln Val Gly Met Ala Thr Leu Ala Val 115 120 125	3 84
CCA ATC CAC AAT GCG GAA GAA GCG TTT AAC CCG AAT GCG GTG AAA GTG Pro lle His Asn Ala Glu Glu Ala Phe Asn Pro Asn Ala Val Lys Val 130 135 140	432
GTT CTC GAC GCT GAA GGG TAT GCA CTG TAC TTC TCT CGC GCC ACC ATT Val Leu Asp Ala Glu Gly Tyr Ala Leu Tyr Phe Ser Arg Ala Thr Ile 145 150 155 160	480
CCT TGG GAT CGT GAT CGT TTT GCA GAA GGC CTT GAA ACC GTT GGC GAT Pro Trp Asp Arg Asp Arg Phe Ala Glu Gly Leu Glu Thr Val Gly Asp 165 170 175	528
AAC TTC CTG CGT CAT CTT GGT ATT TAT GGC TAC CGT GCA GGC TTT ATC Asn Phe Leu Arg His Leu Gly Ile Tyr Gly Tyr Arg Ala Gly Phe Ile	57 6

180	185	190	
Arg Arg Tyr Val Asn	Trp Gln Pro Ser	AGT CCG TTA GAA CAC A ^T Pro Leu Glu His Ile Glu 05	TC GAA ATG 62: Met
TTA GAG CAG CTT CG Leu Glu Gln Leu Arg 210 21	Val Leu Trp Tyr	AC GGC GAA AAA ATC CA Gly Glu Lys lle His Val A	AT GTT GCT 67: Ala
GTT GCT CAG GAA GT Val Ala Gin Giu Val F 225 230	T CCT GGC ACA G Pro Gly Thr Gly V 235	GT GTG GAT ACC CCT G al Asp Thr Pro Glu Asp 240	AA GAT CTC 720 Leu
GAC CCG TCG ACG AA Asp Pro Ser Thr Asn 245	ATTCC ATG GAC G Ser Met Asp Ala 250	CT CAC TTC CTG TCT CA His Phe Leu Ser Gln Al 255	G GCG CCG 760 a Pro
CCG CCG TCT TGG GA Pro Pro Ser Trp Asp 260	AT CAG ATG TGG A Gin Met Trp Lys 265	AATGC CTG ATC CGT CT Cys Leu lle Arg Leu Ly 270	GAAA CCG 816 S Pro
Thr Leu His Gly Pro	Thr Pro Leu Leu	CTG TAC CGT CTG GGT G Tyr Arg Leu Gly Ala Va 35	CTGTTCAG 864 IGIn
AAC GAA ATC ACC CT Asn Glu lle Thr Leu 290 29:	Thr His Pro Val	TT ACC AAA TAC ATC AT Thr Lys Tyr lie Met Thr	GACCTGC 912 Cys
ATG TCT GCT GAT CT Met Ser Ala Asp Leu 305 310	A GAA GTT GTT A Glu Val Val Thr 315	CC TCT ACC TGG GTT CT Ser Thr Trp Val Leu Val 320	GGTTGGT 960 Gly
GGT GTT CTG GCT GC Gly Val Leu Ala Ala L 325	CT CTG GCT GCT T eu Ala Ala Tyr C 330	AC TGC CTG TCG ACC G s Leu Ser Thr Gly Cys \ 335	STTGC GTT 100 /al
GTT ATC GTT GGT CG Val lle Val Gly Arg V 340	TGTT GTT CTG To al Val Leu Ser G 345	CT GGT AAA CCG GCC AT iy Lys Pro Ala IIe IIe Pro 350	TATC CCG 105
Asp Arg Glu Val Leu	Tyr Arg Glu Phe A	TC GAC GAA ATG GAA G Asp Glu Met Glu Glu Cys 35	AA TGC TCT 110 Ser
CAGCAC CTG CCGTA Gin His Leu Pro Tyr I 370 379	le Glu Gln Gly M	GT ATG ATG CTG GCT G et Met Leu Ala Glu Gln f	AA CAGTTC 115 Phe
AAA CAG AAA GCT CT(Lys Gin Lys Ala Leu (385 390	GGT CTG CTG C Gly Leu Leu Gln 7 395	AG ACC GCT TCT CGT CA Thr Ala Ser Arg Gin Ala (400	GGCTGAA 120 Glu
GTT ATC GCT CCG GC	T GTT CAG ACC A	AC TGG CAG AAA CTC GA	AG ACC TTC 124

Vai Ile Ala Pro Ala Vai Gin Thr Asn Trp Gin Lys Leu Glu Thr Phe 405 410 415	
TGG GCT AAA CAC ATG TGG AAC TTC ATC TCT GGT ATC CAG TAC CTG GCT Trp Ala Lys His Met Trp Asn Phe Ile Ser Gly Ile Gln Tyr Leu Ala 420 425 430	1296
GGT CTG TCT ACC CTG CCG GGT AAC CCG GCT ATC GCA AGC TTG ATG GCT Gly Leu Ser Thr Leu Pro Gly Asn Pro Ala Ile Ala Ser Leu Met Ala 435 440 445	1344
TTC ACC GCT GCT GTT ACC TCT CCG CTG ACC ACC TCT CAG ACC CTG CTG Phe Thr Ala Ala Val Thr Ser Pro Leu Thr Thr Ser Gln Thr Leu Leu 450 455 460	1392
TTC AAC ATT CTG GGT GGT TGG GTT GCT GCT CAG CTG GCT GCT CCG GGT Phe Asn Ile Leu Gly Gly Trp Val Ala Ala Gin Leu Ala Ala Pro Gly 475 480	1440
GCT GCT ACC GCT TTC GTT GGT GCT GGT CTG GCT GCT G	1488
TCT GTA GGC CTG GGT AAA GTT CTG ATC GAC ATT CTG GCT GGT TAC GGT Ser Val Gly Leu Gly Lys Val Leu Ile Asp Ile Leu Ala Gly Tyr Gly 500 505 510	1536
GCT GGT GTT GCT GGA GCT CTG GTT GCT TTC AAA ATC ATG TCT GGT GAA Ala Gly Val Ala Gly Ala Leu Val Ala Phe Lys lie Met Ser Gly Glu 515 520 525	1584
GTT CCG TCT ACC GAA GAT CTG GTT AAC CTG CTG CCG GCT ATC CTG TCT Val Pro Ser Thr Glu Asp Leu Val Asn Leu Leu Pro Ala IIe Leu Ser 530 535 540	1632
CCG GGT GCT CTG GTT GTT GGT GTT GTT TGC GCT GCT	1680
CAC GTT GGC CCG GGT GAA GGT GCT GTT CAG TGG ATG AAC CGT CTG ATC His Val Gly Pro Gly Glu Gly Ala Val Gln Trp Met Asn Arg Leu lle 565 570 575	1728
GCT TTC GCT TCT CGT GGT AAC CAC GTT TCT CCA TGG GAT CCT CTA GAC Ala Phe Ala Ser Arg Gly Asn His Val Ser Pro Trp Asp Pro Leu Asp 580 585 590	1776
TGC AGG CAT GCT AAG 1791 Cys Arg His Ala Lys	

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:21:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 597 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:21:
- Met Ser Phe Val Val lie lie Pro Ala Arg Tyr Ala Ser Thr Arg Leu
 1 5 10 15
- Pro Gly Lys Pro Leu Val Asp lie Asn Gly Lys Pro Met Ile Val His 20 25 30
- Val Leu Glu Arg Ala Arg Glu Ser Gly Ala Glu Arg Ile Ile Val Ala 35 40 45
- Thr Asp His Glu Asp Val Ala Arg Ala Val Glu Ala Ala Gly Glu 50 55 60
- Val Cys Met Thr Arg Ala Asp His Gln Ser Gly Thr Glu Arg Leu Ala 65 70 75 80
- Giu Val Val Giu Lys Cys Ala Phe Ser Asp Asp Thr Val lie Val Asn 85 90 95
- Val Gin Giy Asp Glu Pro Met Ile Pro Ala Thr Ile Ile Arg Gin Val 100 105 110
- Ala Asp Asn Leu Ala Gin Arg Gin Val Gly Met Ala Thr Leu Ala Val 115 120 125
- Pro Ile His Asn Ala Glu Glu Ala Phe Asn Pro Asn Ala Val Lys Val 130 135 140
- Val Leu Asp Ala Glu Gly Tyr Ala Leu Tyr Phe Ser Arg Ala Thr Ile 145 150 155 160
- Pro Trp Asp Arg Asp Arg Phe Ala Glu Gly Leu Glu Thr Val Gly Asp 165 170 175
- Asn Phe Leu Arg His Leu Gly Ile Tyr Gly Tyr Arg Ala Gly Phe Ile 180 185 190
- Arg Arg Tyr Val Asn Trp Gln Pro Ser Pro Leu Glu His Ile Glu Met 195 200 205
- Leu Glu Gln Leu Arg Val Leu Trp Tyr Gly Glu Lys lle His Val Ala 210 215 220
- Val Ala Gin Glu Val Pro Gly Thr Gly Val Asp Thr Pro Glu Asp Leu 225 230 235 240
- Asp Pro Ser Thr Asn Ser Met Asp Ala His Phe Leu Ser Gln Ala Pro 245 250 255

- Pro Pro Ser Trp Asp Gln Met Trp Lys Cys Leu IIe Arg Leu Lys Pro 260 265 270
- Thr Leu His Gly Pro Thr Pro Leu Leu Tyr Arg Leu Gly Ala Val Gln 275 280 285
- Asn Glu lle Thr Leu Thr His Pro Val Thr Lys Tyr lle Met Thr Cys 290 295 300
- Met Ser Ala Asp Leu Glu Val Val Thr Ser Thr Trp Val Leu Val Gly 305 310 315 320
- Gly Val Leu Ala Ala Leu Ala Ala Tyr Cys Leu Ser Thr Gly Cys Val 325 330 335
- Val lie Val Gly Arg Val Val Leu Ser Gly Lys Pro Ala lie lie Pro 340 345 350
- Asp Arg Glu Val Leu Tyr Arg Glu Phe Asp Glu Met Glu Glu Cys Ser 355 360 365
- Gln His Leu Pro Tyr Ile Glu Gln Gly Met Met Leu Ala Glu Gln Phe 370 375 380
- Lys Gin Lys Ala Leu Giy Leu Leu Gin Thr Ala Ser Arg Gin Ala Giu 385 390 395 400
- Val Ile Ala Pro Ala Val Gin Thr Asn Trp Gin Lys Leu Giu Thr Phe 405 410 415
- Trp Ala Lys His Met Trp Asn Phe Ile Ser Gly Ile Gin Tyr Leu Ala 420 425 430
- Gly Leu Ser Thr Leu Pro Gly Asn Pro Ala IIe Ala Ser Leu Met Ala 435 440 445
- Phe Thr Ala Ala Val Thr Ser Pro Leu Thr Thr Ser Gin Thr Leu Leu 450 455 460
- Phe Asn Ile Leu Gly Gly Trp Val Ala Ala Gln Leu Ala Ala Pro Gly 465 470 475 480
- Ala Ala Thr Ala Phe Val Gly Ala Gly Leu Ala Gly Ala Ala Ile Gly 485 490 495
- Ser Val Gly Leu Gly Lys Val Leu lle Asp lle Leu Ala Gly Tyr Gly 500 505 510
- Ala Giy Val Ala Giy Ala Leu Val Ala Phe Lys Ile Met Ser Giy Giu 515 520 525
- Val Pro Ser Thr Glu Asp Leu Val Asn Leu Leu Pro Ala Ile Leu Ser 530 535 540

545 550 555 560	
His Val Gly Pro Gly Glu Gly Ala Val Gln Trp Met Asn Arg Leu lle 565 570 575	
Ala Phe Ala Ser Arg Gly Asn His Val Ser Pro Trp Asp Pro Leu Asp 580 585 590	
Cys Arg His Ala Lys 595	
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:22:	
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 1797 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: circular 	
(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)	
(ix) FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: CDS (B) LOCATION: 11797	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:22:	
ATG AGT TIT GTG GTC ATT ATT CCC GCG CGC TAC GCG TCG ACG CGT CTG Met Ser Phe Val Val lie lie Pro Ala Arg Tyr Ala Ser Thr Arg Leu 1 5 10 15	48
CCC GGT AAA CCA TTG GTT GAT ATT AAC GGC AAA CCC ATG ATT GTT CAT Pro Gly Lys Pro Leu Val Asp Ile Asn Gly Lys Pro Met Ile Val His 20 25 30	96
GTT CTT GAA CGC GCG CGT GAA TCA GGT GCC GAG CGC ATC ATC GTG GCA Val Leu Glu Arg Ala Arg Glu Ser Gly Ala Glu Arg lie lie Val Ala 35 40 45	144
ACC GAT CAT GAG GAT GTT GCC CGC GCC GTT GAA GCC GCT GGC GGT GAA Thr Asp His Glu Asp Val Ala Arg Ala Val Glu Ala Ala Gly Gly Glu 50 55 60	192
GTA TGT ATG ACG CGC GCC GAT CAT CAG TCA GGA ACA GAA CGT CTG GCG Val Cys Met Thr Arg Ala Asp His Gln Ser Gly Thr Glu Arg Leu Ala 65 70 75 80	240
GAA GTT GTC GAA AAA TGC GCA TTC AGC GAC GAC ACG GTG ATC GTT AAT Glu Val Val Glu Lys Cys Ala Phe Ser Asp Asp Thr Val lie Val Asn 85 90 95	288
GTG CAG GGT GAT GAA CCG ATG ATC CCT GCG ACA ATC ATT CGT CAG GTT Val Gin Giy Asp Glu Pro Met lie Pro Ala Thr lie lie Arg Gin Val	336

	100	10	5	1.	10				
	Asn Leu							GCG GTG al	384 .
	C CAC AAT His Asn Al		J Ala Phe					G AAA GTG al	432
	Asp Ala			eu Tyr				C ACC ATT	480
	GGAT CGT Asp Arg A 165	Asp Arg F						GGC GAT Asp	528
	CTGCGT e Leu Arg 180		Gly lle T		Tyr			CTTT ATC	576
	Tyr Val A							GAA ATG Met	624
	GCAG CTT Gin Leu		eu Trp T					rGTTGCT a	672
	TCAGGAA Gin Giu V 23	al Pro Gl		y Val A				A GAT CTC eu	720
	G TCG ACC Ser Thr A 245	Asn Ser N						ACC AAA Lys	768
	FGGTGAA Gly Glu A 260		ro Tyr L		l Ala			ACC GTT al	816
	Arg Ala G							GGT GCT Ala	864
	AAC GAA Asn Glu I		eu Thr·H					ATC ATG et	912
	CATG TCT Met Ser A 31	Ala Asp L			l Thr			GTT CTG .eu	960
GTT GGT	r ggt gtt	CTG GCT	GCTCT	G GCT	GCT	TAC TGC	CTGTCG	ACC GGT	1008

Val Gly Gly Val Leu Ala Ala Leu Ala Ala Tyr Cys Leu Ser Thr Gly 325 330 335	
TGC GTT GTT ATC GTT GGT CGT GTT GTT CTG TCT GGT AAA CCG GCC ATT Cys Val Val Ile Val Gly Arg Val Val Leu Ser Gly Lys Pro Ala Ile 340 345 350	1056
ATC CCG GAC CGT GAA GTT CTG TAC CGT GAG TTC GAC GAA ATG GAA GAA lie Pro Asp Arg Glu Vai Leu Tyr Arg Glu Phe Asp Glu Met Glu Glu 355 360 365	1104
TGC TCT CAG CAC CTG CCG TAC ATC GAA CAG GGT ATG ATG CTG GCT GAA Cys Ser Gin His Leu Pro Tyr Ile Glu Gin Gly Met Met Leu Ala Glu 370 375 380	1152
CAG TTC AAA CAG AAA GCT CTG GGT CTG CTG CAG ACC GCT TCT CGT CAG Gin Phe Lys Gin Lys Ala Leu Gly Leu Leu Gin Thr Ala Ser Arg Gin 385 390 395 400	1200
GCT GAA GTT ATC GCT CCG GCT GTT CAG ACC AAC TGG CAG AAA CTC GAG Ala Glu Val Ile Ala Pro Ala Val Gln Thr Asn Trp Gln Lys Leu Glu 405 410 415	1248
ACC TTC TGG GCT AAA CAC ATG TGG AAC TTC ATC TCT GGT ATC CAG TAC Thr Phe Trp Ala Lys His Met Trp Asn Phe Ile Ser Gly Ile Gln Tyr 420 425 430	1296
CTG GCT GGT CTG TCT ACC CTG CCG GGT AAC CCG GCT ATC GCA AGC TTG Leu Ala Gly Leu Ser Thr Leu Pro Gly Asn Pro Ala Ile Ala Ser Leu 435 440 445	1344 .s
ATG GCT TTC ACC GCT GCT GTT ACC TCT CCG CTG ACC ACC TCT CAG ACC Met Ala Phe Thr Ala Ala Val Thr Ser Pro Leu Thr Thr Ser Gln Thr 450 455 460	1392
CTG CTG TTC AAC ATT CTG GGT GGT TGG GTT GCT GCT CAG CTG GCT GCT Leu Leu Phe Asn lie Leu Gly Gly Trp Val Ala Ala Gin Leu Ala Ala 465 470 475 480	1440
CCG GGT GCT GCT ACC GCT TTC GTT GGT GCT GGT CTG GCT GGT GCT GC	1488
ATC GGT TCT GTA GGC CTG GGT AAA GTT CTG ATC GAC ATT CTG GCT GGT lie Gly Ser Val Gly Leu Gly Lys Val Leu lie Asp lie Leu Ala Gly 500 505 510	1536
TAC GGT GCT GGT GTT GCT GGA GCT CTG GTT GCT TTC AAA ATC ATG TCT Tyr Gly Ala Gly Val Ala Gly Ala Leu Val Ala Phe Lys Ile Met Ser 515 520 525	1584
GGT GAA GTT CCG TCT ACC GAA GAT CTG GTT AAC CTG CTG CCG GCT ATC Gly Glu Val Pro Ser Thr Glu Asp Leu Val Asn Leu Leu Pro Ala Ile 530 535 540	1632

CGT CGT CAC GTT GGC CCG GGT GAA GGT GCT GTT CAG TGG ATG AAC CGT 1728

Arg Arg His Val Gly Pro Gly Glu Gly Ala Val Gln Trp Met Asn Arg

565 570 575

CTG ATC GCT TTC GCT TCT CGT GGT AAC CAC GTT TCT CCA TGG GAT CCT 1776

Leu Ile Ala Phe Ala Ser Arg Gly Asn His Val Ser Pro Trp Asp Pro

580 585 590

CTA GAC TGC AGG CAT GCT AAG Leu Asp Cys Arg His Ala Lys 595 1797

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:23:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 599 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:23:

Met Ser Phe Val Val lie lie Pro Ala Arg Tyr Ala Ser Thr Arg Leu
1 5 10 15

Pro Gly Lys Pro Leu Val Asp Ile Asn Gly Lys Pro Met Ile Val His 20 25 30

Val Leu Giu Arg Ala Arg Giu Ser Giy Ala Giu Arg Ile Ile Val Ala 35 40 45

Thr Asp His Glu Asp Val Ala Arg Ala Val Glu Ala Ala Gly Gly Glu 50 55 60

Val Cys Met Thr Arg Ala Asp His Gin Ser Gly Thr Glu Arg Leu Ala 65 70 75 80

Glu Val Val Glu Lys Cys Ala Phe Ser Asp Asp Thr Val Ile Val Asn 85 90 95

Val Gin Gly Asp Glu Pro Met Ile Pro Ala Thr Ile Ile Arg Gin Val 100 105 110

Ala Asp Asn Leu Ala Gin Arg Gin Val Giy Met Ala Thr Leu Ala Val 115 120 125

Pro IIe His Asn Ala Glu Glu Ala Phe Asn Pro Asn Ala Val Lys Val 130 135 140

- Val Leu Asp Ala Giu Gly Tyr Ala Leu Tyr Phe Ser Arg Ala Thr Ile 145 150 155 160
- Pro Trp Asp Arg Asp Arg Phe Ala Glu Gly Leu Glu Thr Val Gly Asp 165 170 175
- Asn Phe Leu Arg His Leu Gly Ile Tyr Gly Tyr Arg Ala Gly Phe Ile 180 185 190
- Arg Arg Tyr Val Asn Trp Gln Pro Ser Pro Leu Glu His IIe Glu Met 195 200 205
- Leu Glu Gln Leu Arg Val Leu Trp Tyr Gly Glu Lys lle His Val Ala 210 215 220
- Val Ala Gln Glu Val Pro Gly Thr Gly Val Asp Thr Pro Glu Asp Leu 225 230 235 240
- Asp Pro Ser Thr Asn Ser Met Asp Ala His Phe Leu Ser Gln Thr Lys 245 250 255
- Gin Ser Gly Glu Asn Leu Pro Tyr Leu Val Ala Tyr Gln Ala Thr Val 260 265 270
- Cys Ala Arg Ala Gin Ala Pro Thr Pro Leu Leu Tyr Arg Leu Gly Ala 275 280 285
- Val Gln Asn Glu IIe Thr Leu Thr His Pro Val Thr Lys Tyr IIe Met 290 295 300
- Thr Cys Met Ser Ala Asp Leu Glu Val Val Thr Ser Thr Trp Val Leu 305 310 315 320
- Val Gly Gly Val Leu Ala Ala Leu Ala Ala Tyr Cys Leu Ser Thr Gly 325 330 335
- Cys Val Val Ile Val Gly Arg Val Val Leu Ser Gly Lys Pro Ala Ile 340 345 350
- Ile Pro Asp Arg Glu Val Leu Tyr Arg Glu Phe Asp Glu Met Glu Glu 355 360 365
- Cys Ser Gln His Leu Pro Tyr lle Glu Gln Gly Met Met Leu Ala Glu 370 375 380
- Gin Phe Lys Gin Lys Ala Leu Giy Leu Leu Gin Thr Ala Ser Arg Gin 385 390 395 400
- Ala Glu Val Ile Ala Pro Ala Val Gln Thr Asn Trp Gln Lys Leu Glu 405 410 415
- Thr Phe Trp Ala Lys His Met Trp Asn Phe IIe Ser Gly IIe Gln Tyr 420 425 430
- Leu Ala Gly Leu Ser Thr Leu Pro Gly Asn Pro Ala Ile Ala Ser Leu

96

435 440 445
Met Ala Phe Thr Ala Ala Val Thr Ser Pro Leu Thr Thr Ser Gln Thr 450 455 460
Leu Leu Phe Asn Ile Leu Gly Gly Trp Val Ala Ala Gin Leu Ala Ala 465 470 475 480
Pro Gly Ala Ala Thr Ala Phe Val Gly Ala Gly Leu Ala Gly Ala Ala 485 490 495
lle Gly Ser Val Gly Leu Gly Lys Val Leu Ile Asp lle Leu Ala Gly 500 505 510
Tyr Gly Ala Gly Val Ala Gly Ala Leu Val Ala Phe Lys Ile Met Ser 515 520 525
Gly Glu Val Pro Ser Thr Glu Asp Leu Val Asn Leu Leu Pro Ala Ile 530 535 540
Leu Ser Pro Gly Ala Leu Val Val Gly Val Val Cys Ala Ala Ile Leu 545 550 555 560
Arg Arg His Val Gly Pro Gly Glu Gly Ala Val Gln Trp Met Asn Arg 565 570 575
Leu Ile Ala Phe Ala Ser Arg Gly Asn His Val Ser Pro Trp Asp Pro 580 585 590
Leu Asp Cys Arg His Ala Lys 595
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:24:
(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 1251 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: circular
(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)
(ix) FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: CDS (B) LOCATION: 11251
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:24:

ATG AGT TIT GTG GTC ATT ATT CCC GCG CGC TAC GCG TCG ACG CGT CTG

CCC GGT AAA CCA TTG GTT GAT ATT AAC GGC AAA CCC ATG ATT GTT CAT

Met Ser Phe Val Vai lie lie Pro Ala Arg Tyr Ala Ser Thr Arg Leu

Pro Gly Lys Pro Leu Val Asp lle Asn Gly Lys Pro Met lle Val His

20	25	30	
Val Leu Glu Arg Ala A	G CGT GAATCA Arg Glu Ser Gly 10 4	GGT GCC GAG CGC ATC ATC GTG GC Ala Glu Arg Ile Ile Val Ala 5	XA 144
ACC GAT CAT GAG GAT Thr Asp His Glu Asp \ 50 55	r GTT GCC CGC Val Ala Arg Ala 60	GCC GTT GAA GCC GCT GGC GGT GA Vai Giu Ala Ala Gly Gly Glu	A 192
GTA TGT ATG ACG CGC Val Cys Met Thr Arg A 65 70	CGCC GAT CAT Ala Asp His Glr 75	CAG TCA GGA ACA GAA CGT CTG GC Ser Gly Thr Glu Arg Leu Ala 80	G 240
GAA GTT GTC GAA AAA Glu Val Val Glu Lys C 85	ATGC GCATTC ys Ala Phe Ser 90	AGC GAC GAC ACG GTG ATC GTT AA Asp Asp Thr Val lie Val Asn 95	T 288
GTG CAG GGT GAT GA Val Gln Gly Asp Glu i 100	A CCG ATG ATC Pro Met Ile Pro 105	CCT GCG ACA ATC ATT CGT CAG GT Ala Thr Ile Ile Arg Gln Val 110	T 336
Ala Asp Asn Leu Ala (ain Arg Gin Val	GTG GGT ATG GCG ACT CTG GCG GTO Gly Met Ala Thr Leu Ala Val 125	G 384
CCA ATC CAC AAT GCG Pro IIe His Asn Ala Gl 130 135	u Glu Ala Phe A	TTT AAC CCG AAT GCG GTG AAA GT(Asn Pro Asn Ala Val Lys Val)	G 432
GTT CTC GAC GCT GA/ Val Leu Asp Ala Glu (145 150	A GGG TAT GCA Bly Tyr Ala Leu 155	CTG TAC TTC TCT CGC GCC ACC AT Tyr Phe Ser Arg Ala Thr Ile 160	Т 480
CCT TGG GAT CGT GAT Pro Trp Asp Arg Asp A 165	CGTTTTGCA Arg Phe Ala Glu 170	GÁA GGC CTT GAA ACC GTT GGC GA I Gly Leu Glu Thr Val Gly Asp 175	Г 528
AAC TTC CTG CGT CAT Asn Phe Leu Arg His 180	CTT GGT ATT Leu Gly lle Tyr 185	TAT GGC TAC CGT GCA GGC TTT ATC Gly Tyr Arg Ala Gly Phe lie 190	576
Arg Arg Tyr Val Asn 7	rp Gin Pro Sei	AGT CCG TTA GAA CAC ATC GAA ATG Pro Leu Glu His IIe Glu Met 205	6 624
TTA GAG CAG CTT CGT Leu Glu Gln Leu Arg \ 210 215	/al Leu Trp Tyr	TAC GGC GAA AAA ATC CAT GTT GCT Gly Glu Lys Ile His Val Ala)	672
GTT GCT CAG GAA GTT Val Ala Gin Giu Val Pr 225 230	CCT GGC ACA TO Gly Thr Gly \ 235	GGT GTG GAT ACC CCT GAA GAT CTC /al Asp Thr Pro Glu Asp Leu 240	720
GAC CCG TCG ACT CG/	A ATT CGA GCT	CGG TAC CCT GAG ACA ATC ACG CTT	768

Asp Pro Ser Thr Arg lie Arg Ala Arg Tyr Pro Glu Thr lie Thr Leu 245 250 255	•
CCC CAG GAT GCT GTC TCC CGC ACC CAG CGT CGG GGC AGG ACT GGC AGG Pro Gin Asp Ala Val Ser Arg Thr Gin Arg Arg Gly Arg Thr Gly Arg 260 265 270	816
GGG AAG CCA GGC ATC TAC AGA TTT GTG GCA CCG GGG GAG CGC CCT TCC Gly Lys Pro Gly Ile Tyr Arg Phe Val Ala Pro Gly Glu Arg Pro Ser 275 280 285	864
GGC ATG TTC GAC TCC GTC CTC TGC GAG TGC TAT GAC GCG GGC TGG Gly Met Phe Asp Ser Ser Val Leu Cys Glu Cys Tyr Asp Ala Gly Trp 290 295 300	912
CCT TGG TAT GAG CTC ACA CCC GCC GAG ACC ACA GTT AGG CTA CGA GCG Pro Trp Tyr Glu Leu Thr Pro Ala Glu Thr Thr Val Arg Leu Arg Ala 305 310 315 320	960
TAC ATG AAC ACC CCG GGA CTC CCC GTG TGC CAA GAC CAT CTT GAA TTT Tyr Met Asn Thr Pro Gly Leu Pro Val Cys Gln Asp His Leu Glu Phe 325 330 335	1008
TGG GAG GGC GTC TTC ACG GGT CTC ACC CAT ATA GAC GCC CAC TTT CTA Trp Glu Gly Val Phe Thr Gly Leu Thr His Ile Asp Ala His Phe Leu 340 345 350	1056
TCC CAG ACA AAG CAG AGT GGG GAA AAC CTT CCT TAC CTG GTA GCG TAC Ser Gin Thr Lys Gin Ser Giy Giu Asn Leu Pro Tyr Leu Val Ala Tyr 355 360 365	1104
CAA GCC ACC GTG TGC GCT AGA GCT CAA GCC CCT CCC CCA TCG TGG GAC Gin Ala Thr Val Cys Ala Arg Ala Gin Ala Pro Pro Pro Ser Trp Asp 370 375 380	1152
CAG ATG TGG AAG TGC TTG ATC CGC CTC AAG CCT ACC CTT CAT GGG CCG Gln Met Trp Lys Cys Leu lle Arg Leu Lys Pro Thr Leu His Gly Pro 385 390 395 400	1200
ACC CCC CTG CTA TAC AGA CTG GGC GGG GGA TCC TCT AGA CTG CAG GCA Thr Pro Leu Leu Tyr Arg Leu Gly Gly Gly Ser Ser Arg Leu Gln Ala 405 410 415	1248
TGC 1251 Cys	
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:25:	

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 417 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:24:
- Met Ser Phe Val Val IIe IIe Pro Ala Arg Tyr Ala Ser Thr Arg Leu
 1 5 10 15
- Pro Gly Lys Pro Leu Val Asp Ile Asn Gly Lys Pro Met Ile Val His 20 25 30
- Val Leu Glu Arg Ala Arg Glu Ser Gly Ala Glu Arg Ile Ile Val Ala 35 40 45
- Thr Asp His Glu Asp Val Ala Arg Ala Val Glu Ala Ala Gly Glu 50 55 60
- Val Cys Met Thr Arg Ala Asp His Gln Ser Gly Thr Glu Arg Leu Ala 65 70 75 80
- Glu Val Val Glu Lys Cys Ala Phe Ser Asp Asp Thr Val Ile Val Asn 85 90 95
- Val Gin Giy Asp Giu Pro Met Ile Pro Ala Thr Ile Ile Arg Gin Val 100 105 110
- Ala Asp Asn Leu Ala Gin Arg Gin Val Gly Met Ala Thr Leu Ala Val 115 120 125
- Pro Ile His Asn Ala Glu Glu Ala Phe Asn Pro Asn Ala Val Lys Val 130 135 140
- Val Leu Asp Ala Giu Giy Tyr Ala Leu Tyr Phe Ser Arg Ala Thr Ile 145 150 155 160
- Pro Trp Asp Arg Asp Arg Phe Ala Glu Gly Leu Glu Thr Val Gly Asp 165 170 175
- Asn Phe Leu Arg His Leu Gly Ile Tyr Gly Tyr Arg Ala Gly Phe Ile 180 185 190
- Arg Arg Tyr Val Asn Trp Gln Pro Ser Pro Leu Glu His IIe Glu Met 195 200 205
- Leu Glu Gln Leu Arg Val Leu Trp Tyr Gly Glu Lys lle His Val Ala 210 215 220
- Val Ala Gin Giu Val Pro Gly Thr Gly Val Asp Thr Pro Glu Asp Leu 225 230 235 240
- Asp Pro Ser Thr Arg lie Arg Ala Arg Tyr Pro Glu Thr lie Thr Leu 245 250 255
- Pro Gin Asp Ala Val Ser Arg Thr Gin Arg Arg Gly Arg Thr Gly Arg 260 265 270

Gly Lys Pro Gly lie Tyr Arg Phe Val Ala Pro Gly Glu Arg Pro Ser 275 280 285	
Gly Met Phe Asp Ser Ser Val Leu Cys Glu Cys Tyr Asp Ala Gly Trp 290 295 300	
Pro Trp Tyr Glu Leu Thr Pro Ala Glu Thr Thr Val Arg Leu Arg Ala 305 310 315 320	
Tyr Met Asn Thr Pro Gly Leu Pro Val Cys Gln Asp His Leu Glu Phe 325 330 335	
Trp Glu Gly Val Phe Thr Gly Leu Thr His Ile Asp Ala His Phe Leu 340 345 350	
Ser Gin Thr Lys Gin Ser Gly Glu Asn Leu Pro Tyr Leu Val Ala Tyr 355 360 365	
Gin Ala Thr Val Cys Ala Arg Ala Gin Ala Pro Pro Pro Ser Trp Asp 370 375 380	
Gln Met Trp Lys Cys Leu Ile Arg Leu Lys Pro Thr Leu His Gly Pro 385 390 395 400	
Thr Pro Leu Leu Tyr Arg Leu Gly Gly Gly Ser Ser Arg Leu Gln Ala 405 410 415	
Cys	
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:26:	
(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:(A) LENGTH: 1275 base pairs(B) TYPE: nucleic acid(C) STRANDEDNESS: single(D) TOPOLOGY: circular	
(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)	
(ix) FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: CDS (B) LOCATION: 11275	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO26:	
ATG AGT TTT GTG GTC ATT ATT CCC GCG CGC TAC GCG TCG ACG CGT CTG Met Ser Phe Val Val lie lie Pro Ala Arg Tyr Ala Ser Thr Arg Leu 1 5 10 15	48
CCC GGT AAA CCA TTG GTT GAT ATT AAC GGC AAA CCC ATG ATT GTT CAT Pro Gly Lys Pro Leu Val Asp Ile Asn Gly Lys Pro Met Ile Val His 20 25 30	96
GTT CTT GAA CGC GCG CGT GAA TCA GGT GCC GAG CGC ATC ATC GTG GCA	144

Val Leu Glu Arg Ala Arg Glu Ser Gly Ala Glu Arg Ile Ile Val Ala 35 40 45	
ACC GAT CAT GAG GAT GTT GCC CGC GCC GTT GAA GCC GCT GGC GGT GAA Thr Asp His Glu Asp Val Ala Arg Ala Val Glu Ala Ala Gly Gly Glu 50 55 60	192
GTA TGT ATG ACG CGC GCC GAT CAT CAG TCA GGA ACA GAA CGT CTG GCG Val Cys Met Thr Arg Ala Asp His Gln Ser Gly Thr Glu Arg Leu Ala 65 70 75 80	240
GAA GTT GTC GAA AAA TGC GCA TTC AGC GAC GAC ACG GTG ATC GTT AAT Glu Val Val Glu Lys Cys Ala Phe Ser Asp Asp Thr Val Ile Val Asn 85 90 95	288
GTG CAG GGT GAT GAA CCG ATG ATC CCT GCG ACA ATC ATT CGT CAG GTT Vai Gin Gly Asp Giu Pro Met Ile Pro Ala Thr Ile Ile Arg Gin Vai 100 105 110	336
GCT GAT AAC CTC GCT CAG CGT CAG GTG GGT ATG GCG ACT CTG GCG GTG Ala Asp Asn Leu Ala Gln Arg Gln Val Gly Met Ala Thr Leu Ala Val 115 120 125	384
CCA ATC CAC AAT GCG GAA GAA GCG TTT AAC CCG AAT GCG GTG AAA GTG Pro Ile His Asn Ala Glu Glu Ala Phe Asn Pro Asn Ala Val Lys Val 130 135 140	432
GTT CTC GAC GCT GAA GGG TAT GCA CTG TAC TTC TCT CGC GCC ACC ATT Val Leu Asp Ala Glu Gly Tyr Ala Leu Tyr Phe Ser Arg Ala Thr Ile 145 150 155 160	480
CCT TGG GAT CGT GAT CGT TTT GCA GAA GGC CTT GAA ACC GTT GGC GAT Pro Trp Asp Arg Asp Arg Phe Ala Glu Gly Leu Glu Thr Val Gly Asp 165 170 175	528
AAC TTC CTG CGT CAT CTT GGT ATT TAT GGC TAC CGT GCA GGC TTT ATC Asn Phe Leu Arg His Leu Gly Ile Tyr Gly Tyr Arg Ala Gly Phe Ile 180 185 190	576
CGT CGT TAC GTC AAC TGG CAG CCA AGT CCG TTA GAA CAC ATC GAA ATG Arg Arg Tyr Val Asn Trp Gln Pro Ser Pro Leu Glu His lle Glu Met 195 200 205	624
ITA GAG CAG CTT CGT GTT CTG TGG TAC GGC GAA AAA ATC CAT GTT GCT Leu Glu Gin Leu Arg Val Leu Trp Tyr Gly Glu Lys IIe His Val Ala 210 215 220	672
GTT GCT CAG GAA GTT CCT GGC ACA GGT GTG GAT ACC CCT GAA GAT CTC Val Ala Gin Giu Val Pro Gly Thr Gly Val Asp Thr Pro Glu Asp Leu 225 230 235 240	720
BAC CCG TCG ACT CGA ATT CGT AGG TCG CGC AAT TTG GGT AAG GTC ATC Asp Pro Ser Thr Arg Ile Arg Arg Ser Arg Asn Leu Gly Lys Val Ile 245 250 255	768

GAC ACC CTC ACG TGC GGC TTC GCC GAC CTC ATG GGG TAT ATT CCG CTC Asp Thr Leu Thr Cys Gly Phe Ala Asp Leu Met Gly Tyr lle Pro Leu 260 265 270	816
GTC GGC GCC CCT CTT GGA GGC GCT GCC AGG GCC CTG GGC CAT GGC GTC Val Gly Ala Pro Leu Gly Gly Ala Ala Arg Ala Leu Gly His Gly Val 275 280 285	864
CGG GTT CTG GAA GAC GGC GTG AAC TAT GCG ACA GGG AAT CTT CCT GGT Arg Val Leu Glu Asp Gly Val Asn Tyr Ala Thr Gly Asn Leu Pro Gly 290 295 300	912
TGC TCT TTC TCT ATC TTC CTT CTG GCC CTG CTC TCT TGC CTG ACC GTG Cys Ser Phe Ser Ile Phe Leu Leu Ala Leu Leu Ser Cys Leu Thr Val 305 310 315 320	960
CCC GCA TCA GCC TAC CAA GTA CGC AAC TCC TCG GGC CTT TAC CAT GTC Pro Ala Ser Ala Tyr Gln Val Arg Asn Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr His Val 325 330 335	1008
ACC AAT GAT TGC CCC AAC TCG AGT ATT GTG TAC GAG ACG GCC GAT GCC Thr Asn Asp Cys Pro Asn Ser Ser Ile Val Tyr Glu Thr Ala Asp Ala 340 345 350	1056
ATC CTG CAC ACT CCG GGG TGC GTC CCT TGC GTT CGT GAG GGC AAC GCC lle Leu His Thr Pro Gly Cys Val Pro Cys Val Arg Glu Gly Asn Ala 355 360 365	1104
TOG AGA TGT TGG GTG GCG GTG GCC CCC ACA GTG GCC ACC AGG GAT GGA Ser Arg Cys Trp Val Ala Val Ala Pro Thr Val Ala Thr Arg Asp Gly 370 375 380	1152
AAA CTC CCC GCA ACG CAG CTT CGA CGT CAC ATT GAT CTG CTT GTC GGG Lys Leu Pro Ala Thr Gln Leu Arg Arg His Ile Asp Leu Leu Val Gly 385 390 395 400	1200
AGC GCC ACC CTC TGT TCG GCC CTC TAC TTA AGG AGC TCG GTA CCC GGG Ser Ala Thr Leu Cys Ser Ala Leu Tyr Leu Arg Ser Ser Val Pro Gly 405 410 415	1248
GAT CCT CTA GAC TGC AGG CAT GCT AAG Asp Pro Leu Asp Cys Arg His Ala Lys 420 425	
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:27:	
(3) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 425 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:27:

- Met Ser Phe Val Val lie lie Pro Ala Arg Tyr Ala Ser Thr Arg Leu 1 5 10 15
- Pro Gly Lys Pro Leu Val Asp Ile Asn Gly Lys Pro Met Ile Val His 20 25 30
- Val Leu Glu Arg Ala Arg Glu Ser Gly Ala Glu Arg Ile Ile Val Ala 35 40 45
- Thr Asp His Glu Asp Val Ala Arg Ala Val Glu Ala Ala Gly Gly Glu 50 55 60
- Val Cys Met Thr Arg Ala Asp His Gin Ser Gly Thr Glu Arg Leu Ala 65 70 75 80
- Glu Val Val Glu Lys Cys Ala Phe Ser Asp Asp Thr Val lie Val Asn 85 90 95
- Val Gin Gly Asp Glu Pro Met Ile Pro Ala Thr Ile Ile Arg Gin Val 100 105 110
- Ala Asp Asn Leu Ala Gin Arg Gin Val Gly Met Ala Thr Leu Ala Val 115 120 125
- Pro IIe His Asn Ala Glu Glu Ala Phe Asn Pro Asn Ala Val Lys Val 130 135 140
- Val Leu Asp Ala Glu Gly Tyr Ala Leu Tyr Phe Ser Arg Ala Thr lle 145 150 155 160
- Pro Trp Asp Arg Asp Arg Phe Ala Glu Gly Leu Glu Thr Val Gly Asp 165 170 175
- Asn Phe Leu Arg His Leu Gly Ile Tyr Gly Tyr Arg Ala Gly Phe Ile 180 185 190
- Arg Arg Tyr Val Asn Trp Gln Pro Ser Pro Leu Glu His Ile Glu Met 195 200 205
- Leu Glu Gln Leu Arg Val Leu Trp Tyr Gly Glu Lys Ile His Val Ala 210 215 220
- Vai Ala Gin Giu Vai Pro Gly Thr Gly Val Asp Thr Pro Glu Asp Leu 225 230 235 240
- Asp Pro Ser Thr Arg He Arg Arg Ser Arg Asn Leu Gly Lys Val He 245 250 255
- Asp Thr Leu Thr Cys Gly Phe Ala Asp Leu Met Gly Tyr lle Pro Leu 260 265 270
- Val Gly Ala Pro Leu Gly Gly Ala Ala Arg Ala Leu Gly His Gly Val 275 280 285

Arg Val Leu Glu Asp Gly Val Asn Tyr Ala Thr Gly Asn Leu Pro Gly 290 295 300	
Cys Ser Phe Ser Ile Phe Leu Leu Ala Leu Leu Ser Cys Leu Thr Val 305 310 315 320	
Pro Ala Ser Ala Tyr Gln Val Arg Asn Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr His Val 325 330 335	
Thr Asn Asp Cys Pro Asn Ser Ser Ile Val Tyr Glu Thr Ala Asp Ala 340 345 350	
lle Leu His Thr Pro Gly Cys Val Pro Cys Val Arg Glu Gly Asn Ala 355 360 365	
Ser Arg Cys Trp Val Ala Val Ala Pro Thr Val Ala Thr Arg Asp Gly 370 375 380	
Lys Leu Pro Ala Thr Gln Leu Arg Arg His lie Asp Leu Leu Val Gly 385 390 395 400	
Ser Ala Thr Leu Cys Ser Ala Leu Tyr Leu Arg Ser Ser Val Pro Gly 405 410 415	
Asp Pro Leu Asp Cys Arg His Ala Lys 420 425	
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:28:	
(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 1401 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: circular	•
(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)	
(ix) FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: CDS (B) LOCATION: 11401	
(xī) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:28:	
ATG AGT TTT GTG GTC ATT ATT CCC GCG CGC TAC GCG TCG ACG CGT CTG Met Ser Phe Val Val IIe IIe Pro Ala Arg Tyr Ala Ser Thr Arg Leu 1 5 10 15	48
CCC GGT AAA CCA TTG GTT GAT ATT AAC GGC AAA CCC ATG ATT GTT CAT Pro Gly Lys Pro Leu Val Asp Ile Asn Gly Lys Pro Met Ile Val His 20 25 30	96
GTT CTT GAA CGC GCG CGT GAA TCA GGT GCC GAG CGC ATC ATC GTG GCA Val Leu Glu Arg Ala Arg Glu Ser Gly Ala Glu Arg Ile Ile Val Ala 35 40 45	144

ACC GAT CAT GAG GAT GTT GCC CGC GCC GTT GAA GCC GCT GGC GGT GAA Thr Asp His Glu Asp Val Ala Arg Ala Val Glu Ala Ala Gly Gly Glu 50 55 60	192
GTA TGT ATG ACG CGC GCC GAT CAT CAG TCA GGA ACA GAA CGT CTG GCG Val Cys Met Thr Arg Ala Asp His Gln Ser Gly Thr Glu Arg Leu Ala 65 70 75 80	240
GAA GTT GTC GAA AAA TGC GCA TTC AGC GAC GAC ACG GTG ATC GTT AAT Glu Val Val Glu Lys Cys Ala Phe Ser Asp Asp Thr Val Ile Val Asn 85 90 95	288
GTG CAG GGT GAT GAA CCG ATG ATC CCT GCG ACA ATC ATT CGT CAG GTT Val Gin Gly Asp Glu Pro Met Ile Pro Ala Thr Ile Ile Arg Gin Val 100 105 110	336
GCT GAT AAC CTC GCT CAG CGT CAG GTG GGT ATG GCG ACT CTG GCG GTG Ala Asp Asn Leu Ala Gin Arg Gin Val Gly Met Ala Thr Leu Ala Val 115 120 125	384
CCA ATC CAC AAT GCG GAA GAA GCG TTT AAC CCG AAT GCG GTG AAA GTG Pro lle His Asn Ala Glu Glu Ala Phe Asn Pro Asn Ala Val Lys Val 130 135 140	432
GTT CTC GAC GCT GAA GGG TAT GCA CTG TAC TTC TCT CGC GCC ACC ATT Val Leu Asp Ala Glu Gly Tyr Ala Leu Tyr Phe Ser Arg Ala Thr Ile 145 150 155 160	480
CCT TGG GAT CGT GAT CGT TTT GCA GAA GGC CTT GAA ACC GTT GGC GAT Pro Trp Asp Arg Asp Arg Phe Ala Glu Gly Leu Glu Thr Val Gly Asp 165 170 175	528
AAC TTC CTG CGT CAT CTT GGT ATT TAT GGC TAC CGT GCA GGC TTT ATC Asn Phe Leu Arg His Leu Gly Ile Tyr Gly Tyr Arg Ala Gly Phe Ile 180 185 190	576
CGT CGT TAC GTC AAC TGG CAG CCA AGT CCG TTA GAA CAC ATC GAA ATG Arg Arg Tyr Val Asn Trp Gln Pro Ser Pro Leu Glu His Ile Glu Met 195 200 205	624
TTA GAG CAG CTT CGT GTT CTG TGG TAC GGC GAA AAA ATC CAT GTT GCT Leu Glu Gln Leu Arg Val Leu Trp Tyr Gly Glu Lys IIe His Val Ala 210 215 220	672
GTT GCT CAG GAA GTT CCT GGC ACA GGT GTG GAT ACC CCT GAA GAT CTC Val Ala Gin Glu Val Pro Gly Thr Gly Val Asp Thr Pro Glu Asp Leu 225 230 235 240	720
GAC CCG TCG ACT CGA ATT CTG CTT GTC GGG AGC GCC ACC CTC TGC TCG Asp Pro Ser Thr Arg IIe Leu Leu Val Gly Ser Ala Thr Leu Cys Ser 245 250 255	768
GCC CTC TAT GTG GGG GAC TTG TGC GGG TCT GTC TTT CTT GTC GGT CAA	816

260	265	270		
			G ACA ACG CAA GA(hr Thr Gin Asp Cys	864
			T CAC CGC ATG GCA Arg Met Ala Trp A	912
			G CTG GTA GTA GCT eu Val Val Ala Gln 320	960
	ro Gin Ala lie Le		GATC GCT GGT GCC Ala Gly Ala His Trp 5	1008
			CATG GTG GGG AAC Val Gly Asn Trp Al	1056
			CGCGTTGACGCC Val Asp Ala Glu Th	1104
			TT ACG GCT GGG CT Ala Giy Leu Val Arg	1152
			C CAA CTG ATC AAC Leu lle Asn Thr As 400	1200
	s lie Asn Ser Th		'G AAC TGC AAT GA/ Cys Asn Glu Ser L 5	1248
			AT CAC CAC AAA TTO s His Lys Phe Asn	1296
			GC CGT CGC CTT AC G Arg Leu Thr Asp F	1344
			C CGG GGA TCC TC g Gly Ser Ser Arg L	1392
CAG GCA TGG Gln Ala Cys 465			1401	

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:29:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 467 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:29:
- Met Ser Phe Val Val IIe IIe Pro Ala Arg Tyr Ala Ser Thr Arg Leu
 1 5 10 15
- Pro Gly Lys Pro Leu Val Asp Ile Asn Gly Lys Pro Met Ile Val His 20 25 30
- Val Leu Glu Arg Ala Arg Glu Ser Gly Ala Glu Arg Ile Ile Val Ala 35 40 45
- Thr Asp His Glu Asp Val Ala Arg Ala Val Glu Ala Ala Gly Gly Glu 50 55 60
- Val Cys Met Thr Arg Ala Asp His Gln Ser Gly Thr Glu Arg Leu Ala 65 70 75 80
- Glu Val Val Glu Lys Cys Ala Phe Ser Asp Asp Thr Val Ile Val Asn 85 90 95
- Val Gin Giy Asp Giu Pro Met Ile Pro Ala Thr Ile Ile Arg Gin Val 100 105 110
- Ala Asp Asn Leu Ala Gin Arg Gin Val Gly Met Ala Thr Leu Ala Val 115 120 125
- Pro lle His Asn Ala Glu Glu Ala Phe Asn Pro Asn Ala Val Lys Val 130 135 140
- Val Leu Asp Ala Glu Gly Tyr Ala Leu Tyr Phe Ser Arg Ala Thr Ile 145 150 155 160
- Pro Trp Asp Arg Asp Arg Phe Ala Glu Gly Leu Glu Thr Val Gly Asp 165 170 175
- Asn Phe Leu Arg His Leu Gly Ile Tyr Gly Tyr Arg Ala Gly Phe Ile 180 185 190
- Arg Arg Tyr Val Asn Trp Gln Pro Ser Pro Leu Glu His Ile Glu Met 195 200 205
- Leu Glu Gln Leu Arg Val Leu Trp Tyr Gly Glu Lys lle His Val Ala 210 215 220
- Val Ala Gin Glu Val Pro Gly Thr Gly Val Asp Thr Pro Glu Asp Leu 225 230 235 240

- Asp Pro Ser Thr Arg IIe Leu Leu Val Gly Ser Ala Thr Leu Cys Ser 245 250 255
- Ala Leu Tyr Val Gly Asp Leu Cys Gly Ser Val Phe Leu Val Gly Gln 260 265 270
- Leu Phe Thr Phe Ser Pro Arg Gln His Trp Thr Thr Gln Asp Cys Asn 275 280 285
- Cys Ser Ile Tyr Pro Gly His Val Thr Gly His Arg Met Ala Trp Asp 290 295 300
- Met Met Met Asn Trp Ser Pro Thr Thr Ala Leu Val Val Ala Gln Leu 305 310 315 320
- Leu Arg Val Pro Gln Ala IIe Leu Asp Met IIe Ala Gly Ala His Trp 325 330 335
- Gly Val Leu Ala Gly lle Ala Tyr Phe Ser Met Val Gly Asn Trp Ala 340 345 350
- Lys Val Leu Val Val Leu Leu Leu Phe Ala Gly Val Asp Ala Glu Thr 355 360 365
- His Val Thr Gly Gly Ser Ala Gly His lle Thr Ala Gly Leu Val Arg 370 375 380
- Leu Leu Ser Pro Gly Ala Lys Gln Asn lle Gln Leu lle Asn Thr Asn 385 390 395 400
- Gly Ser Trp His Ile Asn Ser Thr Ala Leu Asn Cys Asn Glu Ser Leu 405 410 415
- Asn Thr Gly Trp Leu Ala Gly Leu Phe Tyr His His Lys Phe Asn Ser 420 425 430
- Ser Gly Cys Pro Glu Arg Val Ala Ser Cys Arg Arg Leu Thr Asp Phe 435 440 445
- Asp Gin Gly Trp Glu Phe Glu Leu Gly Thr Arg Gly Ser Ser Arg Leu 450 455 460

Gin Ala Cys 465

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:30:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1422 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: circular

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

•	
(ix) FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: CDS (B) LOCATION: 11422	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:30:	
ATG AGT TIT GTG GTC ATT ATT CCC GCG CGC TAC GCG TCG ACG CGT CTG Met Ser Phe Val Val lie lie Pro Ala Arg Tyr Ala Ser Thr Arg Leu 1 5 10 15	48
CCC GGT AAA CCA TTG GTT GAT ATT AAC GGC AAA CCC ATG ATT GTT CAT Pro Gly Lys Pro Leu Val Asp IIe Asn Gly Lys Pro Met IIe Val His 20 25 30	96
GTT CTT GAA CGC GCG CGT GAA TCA GGT GCC GAG CGC ATC ATC GTG GCA Val Leu Glu Arg Ala Arg Glu Ser Gly Ala Glu Arg Ile Ile Val Ala 35 40 45	144
ACC GAT CAT GAG GAT GTT GCC CGC GCC GTT GAA GCC GCT GGC GGT GAA Thr Asp His Glu Asp Val Ala Arg Ala Val Glu Ala Ala Gly Gly Glu 50 55 60	192
GTA TGT ATG ACG CGC GCC GAT CAT CAG TCA GGA ACA GAA CGT CTG GCG Val Cys Met Thr Arg Ala Asp His Gin Ser Gly Thr Glu Arg Leu Ala 65 70 75 80	240
GAA GTT GTC GAA AAA TGC GCA TTC AGC GAC GAC ACG GTG ATC GTT AAT AGG Val Val Val Glu Lys Cys Ala Phe Ser Asp Asp Thr Val Ile Val Asn 85 90 95	288
GTG CAG GGT GAT GAA CCG ATG ATC CCT GCG ACA ATC ATT CGT CAG GTT Val Gln Gly Asp Glu Pro Met lie Pro Ala Thr lie lie Arg Gln Val 100 105 110	336
GCT GAT AAC CTC GCT CAG CGT CAG GTG GGT ATG GCG ACT CTG GCG GTG Ala Asp Asn Leu Ala Gin Arg Gln Val Gly Met Ala Thr Leu Ala Val 115 120 125	384
CCA ATC CAC AAT GCG GAA GAA GCG TTT AAC CCG AAT GCG GTG AAA GTG Pro lle His Asn Ala Glu Glu Ala Phe Asn Pro Asn Ala Val Lys Val 130 135 140	432
GTT CTC GAC GCT GAA GGG TAT GCA CTG TAC TTC TCT CGC GCC ACC ATT Val Leu Asp Ala Glu Gly Tyr Ala Leu Tyr Phe Ser Arg Ala Thr Ile 145 150 155 160	480
CCT TGG GAT CGT GAT CGT TTT GCA GAA GGC CTT GAA ACC GTT GGC GAT Pro Trp Asp Arg Asp Arg Phe Ala Glu Gly Leu Glu Thr Val Gly Asp 165 170 175	528
AAC TTC CTG CGT CAT CTT GGT ATT TAT GGC TAC CGT GCA GGC TTT ATC Asn Phe Leu Arg His Leu Gly Ile Tyr Gly Tyr Arg Ala Gly Phe Ile 180 185 190	576

CGT CGT TAC GTC AAC TGG CAG CCA AGT CCG TTA GAA CAC ATC GAA ATG Arg Arg Tyr Val Asn Trp Gln Pro Ser Pro Leu Glu His IIe Glu Met 195 200 205	624
TTA GAG CAG CTT CGT GTT CTG TGG TAC GGC GAA AAA ATC CAT GTT GCT Leu Glu Gln Leu Arg Val Leu Trp Tyr Gly Glu Lys lle His Val Ala 210 215 220	672
GTT GCT CAG GAA GTT CCT GGC ACA GGT GTG GAT ACC CCT GAA GAT CTC Val Ala Gin Glu Val Pro Gly Thr Gly Val Asp Thr Pro Glu Asp Leu 225 230 235 240	720
GAC CCG TCG ACC GAATTC GGT GAC ATC ATC AAC GGC TTG CCC GTC TCC Asp Pro Ser Thr Glu Phe Gly Asp IIe IIe Asn Gly Leu Pro Val Ser 245 250 255	768
GCCCGT AGG GGC CAG GAG ATA CTG CTC GGA CCA GCC GAC GGA ATG GTC Ala Arg Arg Gly Gln Glu lle Leu Leu Gly Pro Ala Asp Gly Met Val 260 265 270	816
TCC AAG GGG TGG AGG TTG CTG GCG CCC ATC ACG GCG TAC GCC CAG CAG Ser Lys Gly Trp Arg Leu Leu Ala Pro Ile Thr Ala Tyr Ala Gln Gln 275 280 285	864
ACA AGG GGC CTC CTA GGG TGT ATA ATC ACC AGC CTG ACT GGC CGG GAC Thr Arg Gly Leu Leu Gly Cys IIe IIe Thr Ser Leu Thr Gly Arg Asp 290 295 300	912
AAA AAC CAA GCG GAG GGT GAG GTC CAG ATT GTG TCA ACT GCT GCC CAA Lys Asn Gin Ala Glu Gly Glu Val Gin lie Val Ser Thr Ala Ala Gin 305 310 315 320	960
ACT TTC CTG GCA ACG TGC ATC AAT GGG GTA TGC TGG ACT GTC TAC CAT Thr Phe Leu Ala Thr Cys lie Asn Gly Val Cys Trp Thr Val Tyr His 325 330 335	1008
GGG GCC GGA ACG AGG ACC CTC GCA TCA CCC AAG GGT CCT GTT ATC CAG Gly Ala Gly Thr Arg Thr Leu Ala Ser Pro Lys Gly Pro Val IIe Gin 340 345 350	1056
ATG TAT ACC AAT GTA GAC CAA GAC CTT GTG GGC TGG CCC GCT CCT CAA Met Tyr Thr Asn Val Asp Gin Asp Leu Val Gly Trp Pro Ala Pro Gin 355 360 365	1104
GGT GCC CGC TCA TTG ACA CCC TGC ACC TGC GGC TCC TCG GAC CTT TAC Gly Ala Arg Ser Leu Thr Pro Cys Thr Cys Gly Ser Ser Asp Leu Tyr 370 375 380	1152
CTG GTT ACG AGG CAC GCC GAT GTC ATT CCC GTG CGC CGG CGG GGT GAT Leu Val Thr Arg His Ala Asp Val Ile Pro Val Arg Arg Gly Asp 385 390 395 400	1200
AGC AGG GGC AGC CTG CTT TCG CCC CGG CCC ATT TCT TAT TTG AAA GGC Ser Arg Gly Ser Leu Leu Ser Pro Arg Pro Ile Ser Tyr Leu Lys Gly	1248

1392

110

405 415 410 TOO TOO GOO GOT COO CTG TTG TGC COO GOO GOA CAC GOO GTG GOO ATA 1296 Ser Ser Gly Gly Pro Leu Leu Cys Pro Ala Gly His Ala Val Gly Ile 420 425 430 TTC AGG GCC GCG GTG TGT ACC CGT GGA GTG GCT AAG GCG GTG GAC TTT Phe Arg Ala Ala Val Cys Thr Arg Gly Val Ala Lys Ala Val Asp Phe 435 GTC CCC GTG GAG AAC CTC GAG ACA ACC ATG AAT TCG AGC TCG GTA CCC Val Pro Val Glu Asn Leu Glu Thr Thr Met Asn Ser Ser Val Pro 450 455 460 GGG GAT CCT CTA GAC TGC AGG CAT GCT AAG 1422 Gly Asp Pro Leu Asp Cys Arg His Ala Lys 465 470 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:31: (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 474 amino acids (B) TYPE: amino acid (D) TOPOLOGY: linear (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:31: Met Ser Phe Val Val lie lie Pro Ala Arg Tyr Ala Ser Thr Arg Leu Pro Gly Lys Pro Leu Val Asp lle Asn Gly Lys Pro Met lle Val His 25 Val Leu Glu Arg Ala Arg Glu Ser Gly Ala Glu Arg Ile Ile Val Ala 40 Thr Asp His Glu Asp Val Ala Arg Ala Val Glu Ala Ala Gly Glu Glu Val Cys Met Thr Arg Ala Asp His Gln Ser Gly Thr Glu Arg Leu Ala 75 Glu Val Val Glu Lys Cys Ala Phe Ser Asp Asp Thr Val Ile Val Asn 90 95 85 Val Gin Giy Asp Giu Pro Met Ile Pro Ala Thr Ile Ile Arg Gin Val 105 Ala Asp Asn Leu Ala Gin Arg Gin Val Gly Met Ala Thr Leu Ala Val 115

Pro lle His Asn Ala Glu Glu Ala Phe Asn Pro Asn Ala Val Lys Val

130 135 140

Val Leu Asp Ala Glu Gly Tyr Ala Leu Tyr Phe Ser Arg Ala Thr Ile 145 150 155 160

- Pro Trp Asp Arg Asp Arg Phe Ala Glu Gly Leu Glu Thr Val Gly Asp 165 170 175
- Asn Phe Leu Arg His Leu Gly Ile Tyr Gly Tyr Arg Ala Gly Phe Ile 180 185 190
- Arg Arg Tyr Val Asn Trp Gln Pro Ser Pro Leu Glu His Ile Glu Met 195 200 205
- Leu Glu Gin Leu Arg Val Leu Trp Tyr Gly Glu Lys Ile His Val Ala 210 215 220
- Val Ala Gin Giu Val Pro Giy Thr Giy Val Asp Thr Pro Giu Asp Leu 225 230 235 240
- Asp Pro Ser Thr Glu Phe Gly Asp IIe IIe Asn Gly Leu Pro Val Ser 245 250 255
- Ala Arg Arg Gly Gln Glu Ile Leu Leu Gly Pro Ala Asp Gly Met Val 260 265 270
- Ser Lys Gly Trp Arg Leu Leu Ala Pro lie Thr Ala Tyr Ala Gln Gln 275 280 285 .
- Thr Arg Gly Leu Leu Gly Cys IIe IIe Thr Ser Leu Thr Gly Arg Asp 290 295 300
- Lys Asn Gln Ala Glu Gly Glu Val Gln Ile Val Ser Thr Ala Ala Gln 305 310 315 320
- Thr Phe Leu Ala Thr Cys lie Asn Gly Val Cys Trp Thr Val Tyr His 325 330 335
- Gly Ala Gly Thr Arg Thr Leu Ala Ser Pro Lys Gly Pro Val lie Gin 340 345 350
- Met Tyr Thr Asn Val Asp Gin Asp Leu Val Gly Trp Pro Ala Pro Gin 355 360 365
- Gly Ala Arg Ser Leu Thr Pro Cys Thr Cys Gly Ser Ser Asp Leu Tyr 370 375 380
- Leu Val Thr Arg His Ala Asp Val Ile Pro Val Arg Arg Gly Asp 385 390 395 400
- Ser Arg Gly Ser Leu Leu Ser Pro Arg Pro IIe Ser Tyr Leu Lys Gly
 405 410 415
- Ser Ser Gly Gly Pro Leu Leu Cys Pro Ala Gly His Ala Val Gly Ile 420 425 430

Phe Arg Ala Ala Vai Cys Thr Arg Gly Val Ala Lys Ala Val Asp Phe 435 440 445	
Val Pro Val Glu Asn Leu Glu Thr Thr Met Asn Ser Ser Ser Val Pro 450 455 460	
Gly Asp Pro Leu Asp Cys Arg His Ala Lys	
4 65 470	
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:32:	
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 1401 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: circular 	
(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)	
(ix) FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: CDS (B) LOCATION: 11401	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:32:	
ATG AGT TIT GTG GTC ATT ATT CCC GCG CGC TAC GCG TCG ACG CGT CTG Met Ser Phe Val Val lie lie Pro Ala Arg Tyr Ala Ser Thr Arg Leu 1 5 10 15	48
CCC GGT AAA CCA TTG GTT GAT ATT AAC GGC AAA CCC ATG ATT GTT CAT Pro Gly Lys Pro Leu Val Asp Ile Asn Gly Lys Pro Met Ile Val His 20 25 30	96
GTT CTT GAA CGC GCG CGT GAATCA GGT GCC GAG CGC ATC ATC GTG GCA Val Leu Glu Arg Ala Arg Glu Ser Gly Ala Glu Arg Ile Ile Val Ala 35 40 45	.144
ACC GAT CAT GAG GAT GTT GCC CGC GCC GTT GAA GCC GCT GGC GGT GAA Thr Asp His Glu Asp Val Ala Arg Ala Val Glu Ala Ala Gly Gly Glu 50 55 60	192
GTA TGT ATG ACG CGC GCC GAT CAT CAG TCA GGA ACA GAA CGT CTG GCG Val Cys Met Thr Arg Ala Asp His Gln Ser Gly Thr Glu Arg Leu Ala 65 70 75 80	240
GAA GTT GTC GAA AAA TGC GCATTC AGC GAC GAC ACG GTG ATC GTT AAT Glu Val Val Glu Lys Cys Ala Phe Ser Asp Asp Thr Val Ile Val Asn 85 90 95	288
GTG CAG GGT GAT GAA CCG ATG ATC CCT GCG ACA ATC ATT CGT CAG GTT Val Gin Gly Asp Glu Pro Met Ile Pro Ala Thr Ile Ile Arg Gin Val 100 105 110	336

GCT GAT AAC CTC GCT CAG CGT CAG GTG GGT ATG ACG ACT CTG GCG GTG Ala Asp Asn Leu Ala Gin Arg Gin Val Gly Met Thr Thr Leu Ala Val 115 120 125	384
CCA ATC CAC AAT GCG GAA GAA GCG TTT AAC CCG AAT GCG GTG AAA GTG Pro lie His Asn Ala Glu Glu Ala Phe Asn Pro Asn Ala Val Lys Val 130 135 140	432
GTT CTC GAC GCT GAA GGG TAT GCA CTG TAC TTC TCT CGC GCC ACC ATT Val Leu Asp Ala Glu Gly Tyr Ala Leu Tyr Phe Ser Arg Ala Thr Ile 150 155 160	480
CCT TGG GAT CGT GAT CGT TTT GCA GAA GGC CTT GAA ACC GTT GGC GAT Pro Trp Asp Arg Asp Arg Phe Ala Glu Gly Leu Glu Thr Val Gly Asp 165 170 175	528
AAC TTC CTG CGT CAT CTT GGT ATT TAT GGC TAC CGT GCA GGC TTT ATC Asn Phe Leu Arg His Leu Gly Ile Tyr Gly Tyr Arg Ala Gly Phe Ile 180 185 190	576
CGT CGT TAC GTC AAC TGG CAG CCA AGT CCG TTA GAA CAC ATC GAA ATG Arg Arg Tyr Val Asn Trp Gln Pro Ser Pro Leu Glu His Ile Glu Met 195 200 205	624
TTA GAG CAG CTT CGT GTT CTG TGG TAC GGC GAA AAA ATC CAT GTT GCT Leu Glu Gin Leu Arg Val Leu Trp Tyr Gly Glu Lys Ile His Val Ala 210 215 220	672
GTT GCT CAG GAA GTT CCT GGC ACA GGT GTG GAT ACC CCT GAA GAT CTC Val Ala Gin Giu Val Pro Gly Thr Gly Val Asp Thr Pro Glu Asp Leu 225 230 235 240	720
GAC CCG TCG ACG AAT TCC ACC ATG GGG CAT. TAT CCT TGT ACC ATC AAC Asp Pro Ser Thr Asn Ser Thr Met Gly His Tyr Pro Cys Thr Ile Asn 245 250 255	768
TAC ACC CTG TTC AAA GTC AGG ATG TAC GTG GGA GGG GTC GAG CAC AGG Tyr Thr Leu Phe Lys Val Arg Met Tyr Val Gly Gly Val Glu His Arg 260 265 270	816
CTG GAA GTT GCT TGC AAC TGG ACG CGG GGC GAA CGT TGT GAT CTG GAC Leu Glu Val Ala Cys Asn Trp Thr Arg Gly Glu Arg Cys Asp Leu Asp 275 280 285	864
GAC AGG GAC AGG TCC GAG CTC AGC CCG CTG CTG TCC ACC ACT CAG Asp Arg Asp Arg Ser Glu Leu Ser Pro Leu Leu Ser Thr Thr Gln 290 295 300	912
TGG CAG GTC CTT CCG TGT TCC TTC ACG ACC TTG CCA GCC TTG ACC ACC Trp Gln Val Leu Pro Cys Ser Phe Thr Thr Leu Pro Ala Leu Thr Thr 305 310 315 320	960
GGC CTC ATC CAC CTC CAC CAG AAC ATC GTG GAC GTG CAA TAC TTG TAC Gly Leu Ile His Leu His GIn Asn Ile Val Asp Val Gin Tyr Leu Tyr 325 330 335	1008

GGG GTG GGG TCA AGC ATT GTG TCC TGG GCC ATC AAG TGG GAG TAC GTC Gly Val Gly Ser Ser lie Val Ser Trp Ala lie Lys Trp Glu Tyr Val 340 345 350	1 05 6
ATC CTC TTG TTT CTC CTG CTT GCA GAC GCG CGC ATC TGC TCC TGC TTG lie Leu Leu Phe Leu Leu Ala Asp Ala Arg lie Cys Ser Cys Leu 355 360 365	1104
TGG ATG ATG TTA CTC ATA TCC CAA GCG GAG GCA GCC TTG GAA AAC CTT Trp Met Met Leu Leu Ile Ser Gin Ala Giu Ala Ala Leu Glu Asn Leu 370 375 380	1152
GTG TTA CTC AAT GCG GCG TCT CTG GCC GGG ACG CAC GGT CTT GTG TCC Val Leu Leu Asn Ala Ala Ser Leu Ala Gly Thr His Gly Leu Val Ser 385 390 395 400	1200
TTC CTC GTG TTT TTC TGC TTT GCA TGG TAT CTG AAG GGT AAG TGG GTG Phe Leu Val Phe Phe Cys Phe Ala Trp Tyr Leu Lys Gly Lys Trp Val 405 410 415	1248
CCC GGA GTG GCC TAC GCC TTC TAC GGG ATG TGG CCT TTC CTC CTG CTC Pro Gly Val Ala Tyr Ala Phe Tyr Gly Met Trp Pro Phe Leu Leu Leu 420 425 430	1296
CTG TTA GCG TTG CCC CAA CGG GCA TAC GCG CTG GAC ACG GAG ATG GCC Leu Leu Ala Leu Pro Gin Arg Ala Tyr Ala Leu Asp Thr Glu Met Ala 435 440 445	1344
GCG TCG TGT GGC GGC GTT GTT CTT GTC GGG TTA ATG GCG CTG ACT CTG Ala Ser Cys Gly Gly Val Val Leu Val Gly Leu Met Ala Leu Thr Leu 450 455 460	1392
TCA CCA TAT 1401 Ser Pro Tyr 465	
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:33:	
(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:(A) LENGTH: 467 amino acids(B) TYPE: amino acid(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein	

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:33:

5

Met Ser Phe Val Val IIe IIe Pro Ala Arg Tyr Ala Ser Thr Arg Leu

Pro Gly Lys Pro Leu Val Asp Ile Asn Gly Lys Pro Met Ile Val His

- Val Leu Glu Arg Ala Arg Glu Ser Gly Ala Glu Arg Ile Ile Val Ala 35 40 45
- Thr Asp His Glu Asp Val Ala Arg Ala Val Glu Ala Ala Gly Glu
 50 55 60
- Val Cys Met Thr Arg Ala Asp His Gln Ser Gly Thr Glu Arg Leu Ala 65 70 75 80
- Giu Val Val Giu Lys Cys Ala Phe Ser Asp Asp Thr Val Ile Val Asn 85 90 95
- Val Gin Giy Asp Glu Pro Met lie Pro Ala Thr lie lie Arg Gln Val 100 105 110
- Ala Asp Asn Leu Ala Gin Arg Gin Val Gly Met Thr Thr Leu Ala Val 115 120 125
- Pro Ile His Asn Ala Glu Glu Ala Phe Asn Pro Asn Ala Val Lys Val 130 135 140
- Val Leu Asp Ala Glu Gly Tyr Ala Leu Tyr Phe Ser Arg Ala Thr Ile 145 150 155 160
- Pro Trp Asp Arg Asp Arg Phe Ala Glu Gly Leu Glu Thr Val Gly Asp 165 170 175
- Asn Phe Leu Arg His Leu Gly Ile Tyr Gly Tyr Arg Ala Gly Phe Ile 180 185 190
- Arg Arg Tyr Val Asn Trp Gln Pro Ser Pro Leu Glu His IIe Glu Met
- Leu Glu Gln Leu Arg Val Leu Trp Tyr Gly Glu Lys Ile His Val Ala 210 215 220
- Val Ala Gin Glu Val Pro Gly Thr Gly Val Asp Thr Pro Glu Asp Leu 225 230 235 240
- Asp Pro Ser Thr Asn Ser Thr Met Gly His Tyr Pro Cys Thr Ile Asn 245 250 255
- Tyr Thr Leu Phe Lys Val Arg Met Tyr Val Gly Val Glu His Arg 260 265 270
- Leu Glu Val Ala Cys Asn Trp Thr Arg Gly Glu Arg Cys Asp Leu Asp 275 280 285
- Asp Arg Asp Arg Ser Glu Leu Ser Pro Leu Leu Leu Ser Thr Thr Gln 290 295 300
- Trp Gin Val Leu Pro Cys Ser Phe Thr Thr Leu Pro Ala Leu Thr Thr 305 310 315 320
- Gly Leu Ile His Leu His Gln Asn Ile Val Asp Val Gln Tyr Leu Tyr

110	
325 330 335	
Gly Val Gly Ser Ser lie Val Ser Trp Ala lie Lys Trp Glu Tyr Val 340 345 350	
lle Leu Leu Phe Leu Leu Ala Asp Ala Arg lle Cys Ser Cys Leu 355 360 365	
Trp Met Met Leu Leu IIe Ser Gin Ala Giu Ala Ala Leu Giu Asn Leu 370 375 380	
Val Leu Leu Asn Ala Ala Ser Leu Ala Gly Thr His Gly Leu Val Ser 385 390 395 400	
Phe Leu Vai Phe Phe Cys Phe Ala Trp Tyr Leu Lys Gly Lys Trp Vai 405 410 415	
Pro Gly Val Ala Tyr Ala Phe Tyr Gly Met Trp Pro Phe Leu Leu Leu 420 425 430	
Leu Leu Ala Leu Pro Gin Arg Ala Tyr Ala Leu Asp Thr Giu Met Ala 435 440 445	
Ala Ser Cys Gly Gly Val Val Leu Val Gly Leu Met Ala Leu Thr Leu 450 455 460	
Ser Pro Tyr 465	
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:34:	
(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 1851 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: circular	÷
(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)	
(ix) FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: CDS (B) LOCATION: 11851	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:34:	
ATG AGT TTT GTG GTC ATT ATT CCC GCG CGC TAC GCG TCG ACG CGT CT Met Ser Phe Vai Vai lie lie Pro Ala Arg Tyr Ala Ser Thr Arg Leu 1 5 10 15	rg 48
CCC GGT AAA CCA TTG GTT GAT ATT AAC GGC AAA CCC ATG ATT GTT CA Pro Gly Lys Pro Leu Val Asp IIe Asn Gly Lys Pro Met IIe Val His 20 25 30	AT 96
GTT CTT GAA CGC GCG CGT GAA TCA GGT GCC GAG CGC ATC ATC GTG GC	CA 144

Val Leu Glu Arg Ala Arg Glu Ser Gly Ala Glu Arg Ile Ile Val Ala 35 40 45	
ACC GAT CAT GAG GAT GTT GCC CGC GCC GTT GAA GCC GCT GGC GGT GAA Thr Asp His Glu Asp Val Ala Arg Ala Val Glu Ala Ala Gly Gly Glu 50 55 60	192
GTA TGT ATG ACG CGC GCC GAT CAT CAG TCA GGA ACA GAA CGT CTG GCG Val Cys Met Thr Arg Ala Asp His GIn Ser Gly Thr Glu Arg Leu Ala 65 70 75 80	240
GAA GTT GTC GAA AAA TGC GCA TTC AGC GAC GAC ACG GTG ATC GTT AAT Glu Val Val Glu Lys Cys Ala Phe Ser Asp Asp Thr Val Ile Val Asn 85 90 95	288
GTG CAG GGT GAT GAA CCG ATG ATC CCT GCG ACA ATC ATT CGT CAG GTT Val Gin Gly Asp Glu Pro Met Ile Pro Ala Thr Ile Ile Arg Gin Val 100 105 110	336
GCT GAT AAC CTC GCT CAG CGT CAG GTG GGT ATG GCG ACT CTG GCG GTG Ala Asp Asn Leu Ala Gin Arg Gin Val Gly Met Ala Thr Leu Ala Val 115 120 125	384
CCA ATC CAC AAT GCG GAA GAA GCG TTT AAC CCG AAT GCG GTG AAA GTG Pro lie His Asn Ala Glu Glu Ala Phe Asn Pro Asn Ala Val Lys Val 130 135 140	432
GTT CTC GAC GCT GAA GGG TAT GCA CTG TAC TTC TCT CGC GCC ACC ATT Val Leu Asp Ala Glu Gly Tyr Ala Leu Tyr Phe Ser Arg Ala Thr Ile 145 150 155 160	480
CCT TGG GAT CGT GAT CGT TTT GCA GAA GGC CTT GAA ACC GTT GGC GAT Pro Trp Asp Arg Asp Arg Phe Ala Glu Gly Leu Glu Thr Val Gly Asp 165 170 175	528
AAC TTC CTG CGT CAT CTT GGT ATT TAT GGC TAC CGT GCA GGC TTT ATC Asn Phe Leu Arg His Leu Giy Ile Tyr Giy Tyr Arg Ala Giy Phe Ile 180 185 190	576
CGT CGT TAC GTC AAC TGG CAG CCA AGT CCG TTA GAA CAC ATC GAA ATG Arg Arg Tyr Val Asn Trp Gln Pro Ser Pro Leu Glu His Ile Glu Met 195 200 205	624
TTA GAG CAG CTT CGT GTT CTG TGG TAC GGC GAA AAA ATC CAT GTT GCT Leu Glu Gin Leu Arg Val Leu Trp Tyr Gly Glu Lys lle His Val Ala 210 215 220	672
GTT GCT CAG GAA GTT CCT GGC ACA GGT GTG GAT ACC CCT GAA GAT CTC Val Ala Gin Glu Val Pro Gly Thr Gly Val Asp Thr Pro Glu Asp Leu 225 230 235 240	720
GAC CCG TCG ACT CGA ATT CGT AGG TCG CGC AAT TTG GGT AAG GTC ATC Asp Pro Ser Thr Arg Ile Arg Arg Ser Arg Asn Leu Gly Lys Val Ile 245 250 255	768

GAT ACC CTC ACG TGC GGC TTC GCC GAC CTC ATG GGG TAC ATT CCG CTC Asp Thr Leu Thr Cys Gly Phe Ala Asp Leu Met Gly Tyr Ile Pro Leu 260 265 270	816
GTC GGC GCC CCT CTT GGA GGC GCT GCC AGG GCC CTG GCG CAT GGC GTC Val Gly Ala Pro Leu Gly Gly Ala Ala Arg Ala Leu Ala His Gly Val 275 280 285	864
CGG GTT CTG GAA GAC GGC GTG AAC TAT GCA ACA GGG AAC CTT CCC GGT Arg Val Leu Glu Asp Gly Val Asn Tyr Ala Thr Gly Asn Leu Pro Gly 290 295 300	912
TGC TCT TTC TCT ATC TTC CTT CTG GCC CTG CTC TCT TGC CTG ACT GTG Cys Ser Phe Ser lie Phe Leu Leu Ala Leu Leu Ser Cys Leu Thr Val 305 310 315 320	960
CCC GCG TCA TCC TAC CAA GTA CGC AAC TCC TCG GGC CTT TAT CAT GTC Pro Ala Ser Ser Tyr Gln Val Arg Asn Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr His Val 325 330 335	1008
ACC AAT GAT TGC CCC AAC TCG AGC ATT GTG TAC GAG ACG GCC GAT ACC Thr Asn Asp Cys Pro Asn Ser Ser lie Val Tyr Glu Thr Ala Asp Thr 340 345 350	1056
ATC CTA CAC TCT CCG GGG TGC GTC CCT TGC GTT CGC GAG GGC AAC ACC lle Leu His Ser Pro Gly Cys Val Pro Cys Val Arg Glu Gly Asn Thr 355 360 365	1104
TCG AAA TGT TGGGTG GCG GTG GCC CCC ACA GTG GCC ACC AGG GAC GGC Ser Lys Cys Trp Val Ala Val Ala Pro Thr Val Ala Thr Arg Asp Gly 370 375 380	. 1152
AAA CTC CCC TCA ACG CAG CTT CGA CGT CAC ATC GAT CTG CTC GTC GGG Lys Leu Pro Ser Thr Gln Leu Arg Arg His lie Asp Leu Leu Val Gly 385 390 395 400	1200
AGC GCC ACC CTC TGC TCG GCC CTC TAT GTG GGG GAC TTG TGC GGG TCT Ser Ala Thr Leu Cys Ser Ala Leu Tyr Val Gly Asp Leu Cys Gly Ser 405 410 415	1248
GTC TTT CTT GTC AGT CAA CTG TTC ACC TTC TCC CCT AGG CGC CAT TGG Val Phe Leu Val Ser Gln Leu Phe Thr Phe Ser Pro Arg Arg His Trp 420 425 430	1296
ACA ACG CAA GAC TGC AAC TGT TCT ATC TAC CCC GGC CAT ATA ACG GGT Thr Thr Gln Asp Cys Asn Cys Ser lle Tyr Pro Gly His Ile Thr Gly 435 440 445	1344
CAC CGC ATG GCA TGG GAT ATG ATG ATG AAC TGG TCC CCT ACA ACG GCG His Arg Met Ala Trp Asp Met Met Met Asn Trp Ser Pro Thr Thr Ala 450 455 460	1392
CTG GTA GTA GCT CAG CTG CTC AGG GTC CCA CAA GCC ATC TTG GAC ATG Leu Val Val Ala Gln Leu Leu Arg Val Pro Gln Ala Ile Leu Asp Met 465 470 475 480	1440

ATC GCA GGT GCC CAC TGG GGA GTC CTA GCG GGC ATA GCG TAT TTC TCC lie Ala Gly Ala His Trp Gly Val Leu Ala Gly Ile Ala Tyr Phe Ser 485 490 495	1488
ATG GTG GGG AAC TGG GCG AAG GTC CTG GTA GTG CTG TTT TCC Met Val Gly Asn Trp Ala Lys Val Leu Val Val Leu Leu Leu Phe Ser 500 505 510	1536
GGC GTC GAT GCG GCA ACC TAC ACC ACC GGG GGG AGC GTT GCT AGG ACC Gly Val Asp Ala Ala Thr Tyr Thr Thr Gly Gly Ser Val Ala Arg Thr 515 520 525	1584
ACG CAT GGA TTC TCC AGC TTA TTC AGT CAA GGC GCC AAG CAG AAC ATC Thr His Gly Phe Ser Ser Leu Phe Ser Gln Gly Ala Lys Gln Asn Ile 530 535 540	1632
CAG CTG ATT AAC ACC AAC GGC AGT TGG CAC ATC AAT CGC ACG GCC TTG GIn Leu IIe Asn Thr Asn Gly Ser Trp His IIe Asn Arg Thr Ala Leu 545 550 555 560	1680
AAC TGT AAT GCG AGC CTC GAC ACT GGC TGG GTA GCG GGG CTC TTC TAT Asn Cys Asn Ala Ser Leu Asp Thr Gly Trp Val Ala Gly Leu Phe Tyr 565 570 575	1728
TAC CAC AAA TTC AAC TCT TCA GGC TGC CCT GAG AGG ATG GCC AGC TGT Tyr His Lys Phe Asn Ser Ser Gly Cys Pro Glu Arg Met Ala Ser Cys 580 585 590	1776
AGA CCC CTT GCC GAT TTT GAC CAG GGC TGG GAA TTC GAG CTC GGT ACC Arg Pro Leu Ala Asp Phe Asp Gln Gly Trp Glu Phe Glu Leu Gly Thr 595 600 605	1824
CGG GGA TCC TCT AGA CTG CAG GCA TGC Arg Gly Ser Ser Arg Leu Gln Ala Cys 610 615	
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:35:	
(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 617 amino acids (B) TYPE: amino acid (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	·
(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:35:	
Met Ser Phe Val Val IIe IIe Pro Ala Arg Tyr Ala Ser Thr Arg Leu 1 5 10 15	
Pro Gly Lys Pro Leu Val Asp Ile Asn Gly Lys Pro Met Ile Val His 20 25 30	

- Val Leu Glu Arg Ala Arg Glu Ser Gly Ala Glu Arg Ile Ile Val Ala 35 40 45
- Thr Asp His Glu Asp Val Ala Arg Ala Val Glu Ala Ala Gly Gly Glu 50 55 60
- Val Cys Met Thr Arg Ala Asp His Gln Ser Gly Thr Glu Arg Leu Ala 65 70 75 80
- Glu Val Val Glu Lys Cys Ala Phe Ser Asp Asp Thr Val Ile Val Asn 85 90 95
- Val Gin Gly Asp Glu Pro Met Ile Pro Ala Thr Ile Ile Arg Gin Val 100 105 110
- Ala Asp Asn Leu Ala Gin Arg Gin Val Gly Met Ala Thr Leu Ala Val 115 120 125
- Pro Ile His Asn Ala Glu Glu Ala Phe Asn Pro Asn Ala Val Lys Val 130 135 140
- Val Leu Asp Ala Glu Gly Tyr Ala Leu Tyr Phe Ser Arg Ala Thr lle 145 150 155 160
- Pro Trp Asp Arg Asp Arg Phe Ala Glu Gly Leu Glu Thr Val Gly Asp 165 170 175
- Asn Phe Leu Arg His Leu Gly Ile Tyr Gly Tyr Arg Ala Gly Phe Ile 180 185 190
- Arg Arg Tyr Val Asn Trp Gln Pro Ser Pro Leu Glu His Ile Glu Met 195 200 205
- Leu Glu Gin Leu Arg Val Leu Trp Tyr Gly Glu Lys Ile His Val Ala 210 215 220
- Val Ala Gin Glu Val Pro Gly Thr Gly Val Asp Thr Pro Glu Asp Leu 225 230 235 240
- Asp Pro Ser Thr Arg lle Arg Arg Ser Arg Asn Leu Gly Lys Val lle 245 250 255
- Asp Thr Leu Thr Cys Gly Phe Ala Asp Leu Met Gly Tyr lle Pro Leu 260 265 270
- Val Gly Ala Pro Leu Gly Gly Ala Ala Arg Ala Leu Ala His Gly Val 275 280 285
- Arg Val Leu Glu Asp Gly Val Asn Tyr Ala Thr Gly Asn Leu Pro Gly 290 295 300
- Cys Ser Phe Ser Ile Phe Leu Leu Ala Leu Leu Ser Cys Leu Thr Val 305 310 315 320
- Pro Ala Ser Ser Tyr Gln Val Arg Asn Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr His Val

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- Thr Asn Asp Cys Pro Asn Ser Ser Ile Val Tyr Glu Thr Ala Asp Thr 340 345 350
- Ile Leu His Ser Pro Gly Cys Val Pro Cys Val Arg Glu Gly Asn Thr 355 360 365
- Ser Lys Cys Trp Val Ala Val Ala Pro Thr Val Ala Thr Arg Asp Gly 370 375 380
- Lys Leu Pro Ser Thr Gln Leu Arg Arg His IIe Asp Leu Leu Val Gly 385 390 395 400
- Ser Ala Thr Leu Cys Ser Ala Leu Tyr Val Gly Asp Leu Cys Gly Ser 405 410 415
- Val Phe Leu Val Ser Gin Leu Phe Thr Phe Ser Pro Arg Arg His Trp 420 425 430
- Thr Thr Gln Asp Cys Asn Cys Ser Ile Tyr Pro Gly His Ile Thr Gly
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- His Arg Met Ala Trp Asp Met Met Met Asn Trp Ser Pro Thr Thr Ala 450 455 460
- Leu Val Val Ala Gin Leu Leu Arg Val Pro Gin Ala Ile Leu Asp Met 465, 470 475 480
- Ile Ala Gly Ala His Trp Gly Val Leu Ala Gly Ile Ala Tyr Phe Ser 485 490 495
- Met Val Gly Asn Trp Ala Lys Val Leu Val Val Leu Leu Leu Phe Ser 500 505 510
 - Gly Val Asp Ala Ala Thr Tyr Thr Thr Gly Gly Ser Val Ala Arg Thr 515 520 525
 - Thr His Gly Phe Ser Ser Leu Phe Ser Gln Gly Ala Lys Gln Asn Ile 530 535 540
- Gln Leu Ile Asn Thr Asn Gly Ser Trp His Ile Asn Arg Thr Ala Leu 545 550 555 560
- Asn Cys Asn Ala Ser Leu Asp Thr Gly Trp Val Ala Gly Leu Phe Tyr 565 570 575
- Tyr His Lys Phe Asn Ser Ser Gly Cys Pro Glu Arg Met Ala Ser Cys 580 585 590
- Arg Pro Leu Ala Asp Phe Asp Gln Gly Trp Glu Phe Glu Leu Gly Thr 595 600 605
- Arg Gly Ser Ser Arg Leu Gln Ala Cys 610 615

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CLAIMS

- 1. A recombinant fusion protein SEQ. ID. NO. 1.
- 2. A recombinant fusion protein SEQ. ID. NO. 2.
- 3. A recombinant fusion protein SEQ. ID. NO. 3.
- 4. A recombinant fusion protein SEQ. ID. NO. 4.
- 5. A recombinant fusion protein SEQ. ID. NO. 5.
- 6. A polypeptide SEQ. ID. NO. 1.
- 7. A polypeptide SEQ. ID. NO. 2.
- 8. A polypeptide SEQ. ID. NO. 3.
- 1 0 9. A polypeptide SEQ. ID. NO. 4.
 - 10. A polypeptide SEQ. ID. NO. 5.
 - 11. An assay for identifying the presence of an antibody immunologically reactive with an HCV antigen in a fluid sample comprising:
- contacting the sample with at least one polypeptide selected from the group consisting of recombinant fusion proteins SEQ. ID. NO. 1, SEQ. ID. NO. 2, SEQ. ID. NO. 3, SEQ. ID. NO. 4, SEQ. ID. NO. 5, and polypeptides SEQ. ID. NO. 1, SEQ. ID. NO. 2, SEQ. ID. NO. 3, SEQ. ID. NO. 4, SEQ. ID. NO. 5 under conditions suitable for complexing the antibody with the polypeptide; and detecting the antibody-polypeptide complex.
 - 12. In a confirmatory assay for identifying the presence of an antibody in a fluid sample immunologically reactive with an HCV antigen wherein the sample is used to prepare first and second immunologically equivalent aliquots and the first aliquot is contacted with at least one polypeptide selected from the group consisting of recombinant fusion proteins SEQ. ID. NO. 1, SEQ. ID. NO. 2, SEQ. ID. NO. 3, SEQ. ID. NO. 4, SEQ. ID. NO. 5, and polypeptides SEQ. ID. NO. 1, SEQ. ID. NO. 2, SEQ. ID. NO. 2, SEQ. ID. NO. 3, SEQ. ID. NO. 4, SEQ. ID. NO. 5 under conditions suitable for complexing the antibody with the polypeptide and wherein the first antibody-antigen complex is detected, and:
 - contacting the second aliquot with a polypeptide selected from the group consisting of recombinant fusion proteins SEQ. ID. NO. 1, SEQ. ID. NO. 2, SEQ. ID. NO. 3, SEQ. ID. NO. 4, SEQ. ID. NO. 5, and polypeptides SEQ. ID. NO. 1, SEQ. ID. NO. 2, SEQ. ID. NO. 3, SEQ. ID. NO. 4, SEQ. ID. NO. 5 under conditions suitable to form a second antibody-antigen complex; and detecting the second antibody-antigen complex; wherein the polypeptide selected in the first aliquot is not the same as the polypeptide selected in the second aliquot.

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13. In an immunodot assay for identifying the presence of an antibody immunologically reactive with an HCV antigen in a fluid sample wherein the sample is concurrently contacted with at least two polypeptides separately bound to distinct regions of the solid support, each containing distinct epitopes of an HCV antigen under conditions suitable for complexing the antibody with the polypeptide; and detecting the antibody-polypeptide complex, and

wherein said polypeptides are selected from the group consisting of recombinant fusion proteins SEQ. ID. NO. 1, SEQ. ID. NO. 2, SEQ. ID. NO. 3, SEQ. ID. NO. 4, SEQ. ID. NO. 5, and polypeptides SEQ. ID. NO. 1, SEQ. ID. NO. 2, SEQ. ID. NO. 3, SEQ. ID. NO. 4, SEQ. ID. NO. 5.

- 14. In a competition assay for identifying the presence of an antibody immunologically reactive with an HCV antigen in a fluid sample wherein the sample is used to prepare first and second immunologically equivalent aliquots wherein the first aliquot is contacted with a polypeptide bound to a solid support under conditions suitable for complexing the antibody with the polypeptide to form a detectable antibody-polypeptide complex, and wherein the second aliquot is first contacted with unbound polypeptide and then contacted with said bound polypeptide wherein the polypeptide is selected from the group consisting of recombinant fusion proteins SEQ. ID. NO. 1, SEQ. ID. NO. 2, SEQ. ID. NO. 3, SEQ. ID. NO. 4, SEQ. ID. NO. 5, and polypeptides SEQ. ID. NO. 1, SEQ. ID. NO. 2, SEQ. ID. NO. 3, SEQ. ID. NO. 3, SEQ. ID. NO. 4, SEQ. ID. NO. 5.
- 15. In a competition assay for identifying the presence of an antibody immunologically reactive with an HCV antigen in a fluid sample wherein the sample is used to prepare first and second immunologically equivalent aliquots wherein the first aliquot is contacted with a polypeptide bound to a solid support under conditions suitable for complexing the antibody with the polypeptide to form a detectable antibody-polypeptide complex and wherein the second aliquot is first contacted with unbound polypeptide and then contacted with said bound polypeptide wherein the polypeptide is selected from the group consisting of recombinant fusion proteins SEQ. ID. NO. 1, SEQ. ID. NO. 2, SEQ. ID. NO. 3, SEQ. ID. NO. 4, SEQ. ID. NO. 4, SEQ. ID. NO. 5, and polypeptides SEQ. ID. NO. 1, SEQ. ID. NO. 2, SEQ. ID. NO. 3, SEQ. ID. NO. 4, SEQ. ID. NO. 5; wherein the second aliquot is contacted with unbound and bound polypeptide simultaneously.
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 16. In a neutralization assay for identifying the presence of an antibody immunologically reactive with an HCV antigen in a fluid sample wherein the sample is used to prepare first and second immunologically equivalent aliquots wherein the

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first aliquot is contacted with a polypeptide bound to a solid support under conditions suitable for complexing the antibody with the polypeptide to form a detectable antibody-polypeptide complex wherein the bound polypeptide is selected from the group consisting of recombinant fusion proteins SEQ. ID. NO. 1, SEQ. ID. NO. 2, SEQ. ID. NO. 3, SEQ. ID. NO. 4, SEQ. ID. NO. 5, and polypeptides SEQ. ID. NO. 1, SEQ. ID. NO. 2, SEQ. ID. NO. 3, SEQ. ID. NO. 4, SEQ. ID. NO. 5;

and wherein the second aliquot is first contacted with unbound polypeptide and then contacted with said bound polypeptide wherein the unbound polypeptide is selected from the group consisting of recombinant fusion proteins SEQ. ID. NO. 1, SEQ. ID. NO. 2, SEQ. ID. NO. 3, SEQ. ID. NO. 4, SEQ. ID. NO. 5, and polypeptides SEQ. ID. NO. 1, SEQ. ID. NO. 2, SEQ. ID. NO. 3, SEQ. ID. NO. 4, SEQ. ID. NO. 5 and wherein the bound polypeptide selected is not the same as the same as the unbound polypeptide selected.

immunologically reactive with an HCV antigen in a fluid sample wherein the sample is used to prepare first and second immunologically equivalent aliquots wherein the first aliquot is contacted with a polypeptide bound to a solid support under conditions suitable for complexing the antibody with the polypeptide to form a detectable antibody-polypeptide complex wherein the bound polypeptide is selected from the group consisting of recombinant fusion proteins SEQ. ID. NO. 1, SEQ. ID. NO. 2, SEQ. ID. NO. 3, SEQ. ID. NO. 4, SEQ. ID. NO. 5, and polypeptides SEQ. ID. NO. 1, SEQ. ID. NO. 1, SEQ. ID. NO. 2, SEQ. ID. NO. 3, SEQ. ID. NO. 4, SEQ. ID. NO. 5;

and wherein the second aliquot is first contacted with unbound polypeptide and then contacted with said bound polypeptide wherein the unbound polypeptide is selected from the group consisting of recombinant fusion proteins SEQ. ID. NO. 1, SEQ. ID. NO. 3, SEQ. ID. NO. 4, SEQ. ID. NO. 5, and polypeptides SEQ. ID. NO. 1, SEQ. ID. NO. 2, SEQ. ID. NO. 3, SEQ. ID. NO. 4, SEQ. ID. NO. 5;

and wherein the bound polypeptide selected is not the same as the unbound polypeptide selected;

and wherein the second aliquot is contacted with unbound and bound polypeptide simultaneously.

18. An immunoassay kit comprising:

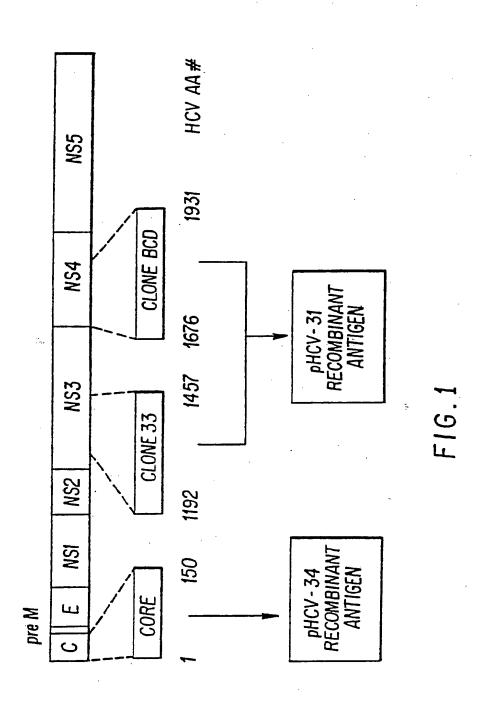
a polypeptide containing at least one HCV antigen selected from the group consisting of recombinant fusion proteins SEQ. ID. NO. 1, SEQ. ID. NO. 2, SEQ. ID. NO. 3, SEQ. ID. NO. 4, SEQ. ID. NO. 5, and polypeptides SEQ. ID. NO. 1, SEQ. ID. NO. 2, SEQ. ID. NO. 3, SEQ. ID. NO. 4, SEQ. ID. NO. 5;

one or more sample preparation reagents;

and one or more detection and signal producing reagents.

19. A kit of claim 18 wherein the polypeptides are bound to a solid support.

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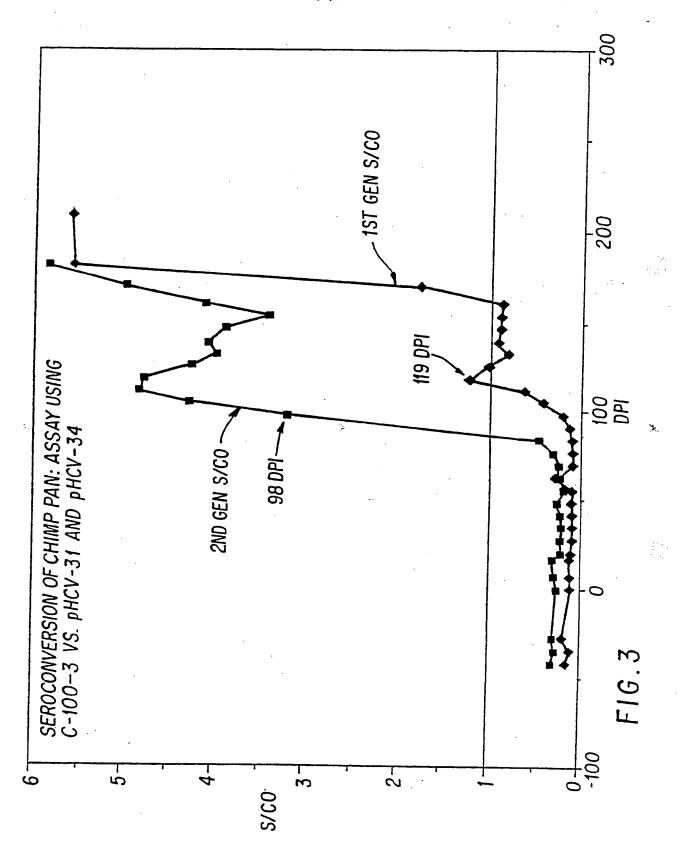
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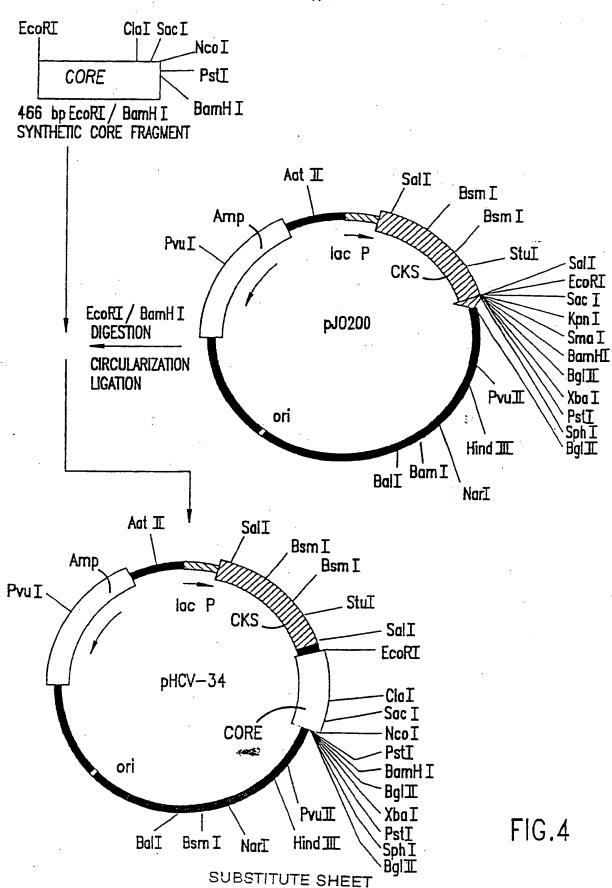
	1 1								
	DETECTION OF SEROCONVERSION TO HCV PROTEINS	DAYS DIFFERENT	21	35	0	21	. tu	, , -	21
	ION OF SEROCONM TO HCV PROTEINS	pHCV-34 (DPI)	56	86	7.0	38	100	99	86
TIS C VIRUS	DETECTION TO	C100-3 (DPI)	77	133	7.0	23	65	82	119
О WITH HEPA1		Maximum value	280	156	107	295	435	190	250
SINOCULATE	nl) OPI)	Duration	24	7	12	21	39	14	28
IIMPANZEES	ALT (mIU/ml) ELEVATION" (DPI)	Peak	75	91	35	46	65	75	68
FILE OF CH	A	First	56	91	30	38	33	68	49
SEROLOGIC PROFILE OF CHIMPANZEES INOCULATED WITH HEPATITIS C VIRUS		Pre •• (range)			17 - 31		15 - 28		19 - 27
		NAME	COLONEL	<u> </u>	KIST	<u> </u>	LOLITA	MELLOT	PAN
		# Q!	CH 427	CH 479	CH 477	CH 335	CH 120	CH 21	CH 379

F16. 2

twice the upper limit of normal values eleven preinoculation samples per animal







HCV CKS-CORE

CKS		CORE	·
239	7	150	,

F1G. 5

1 2 3

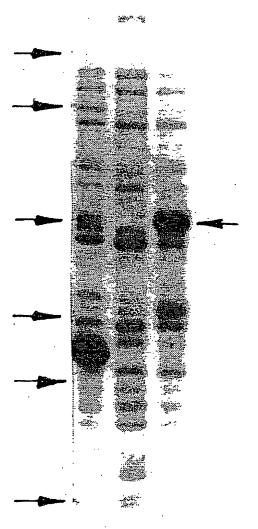
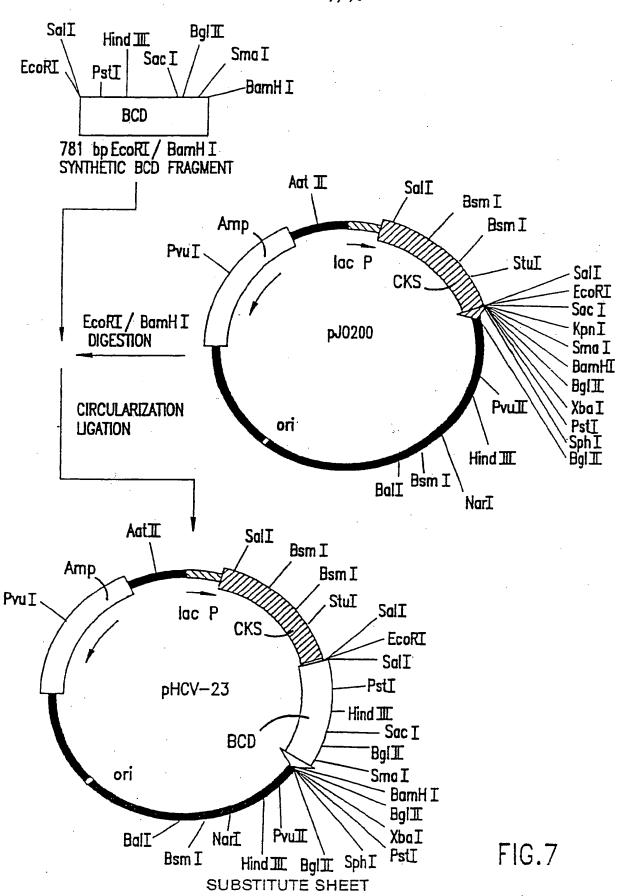
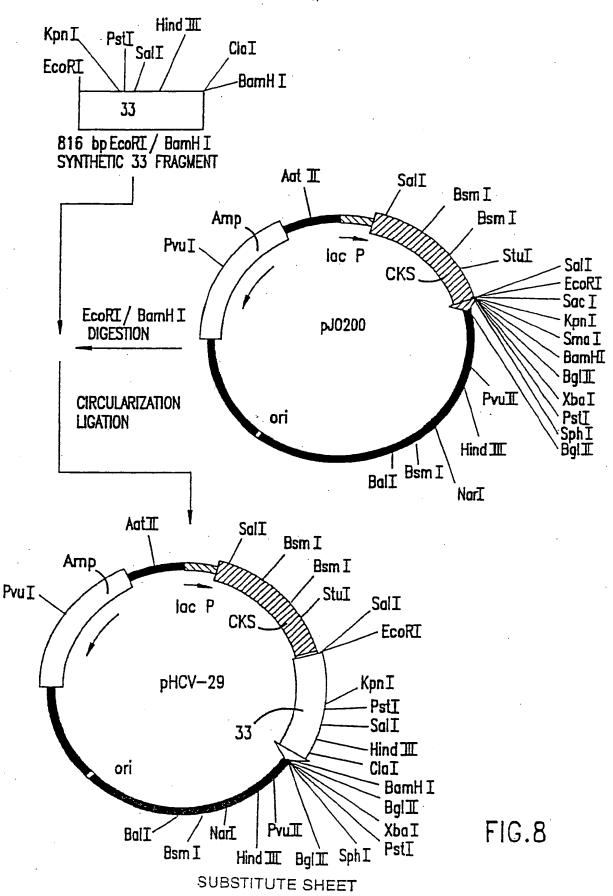
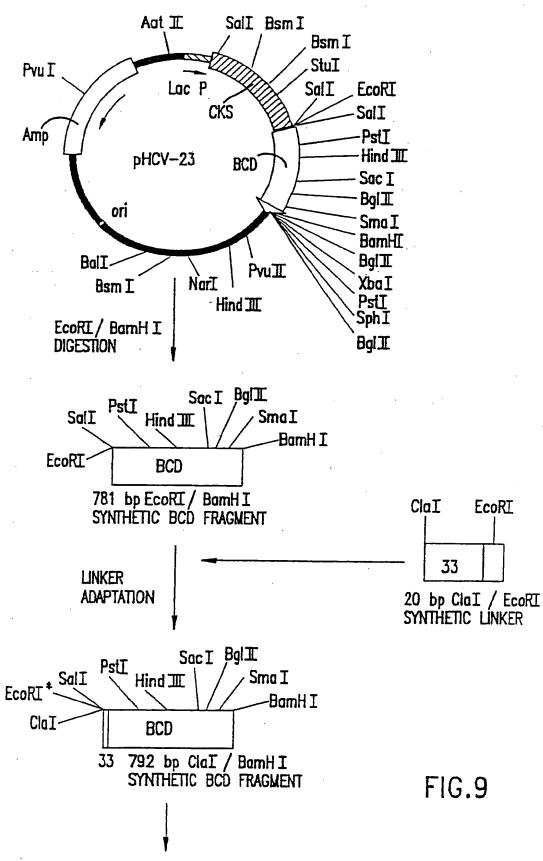


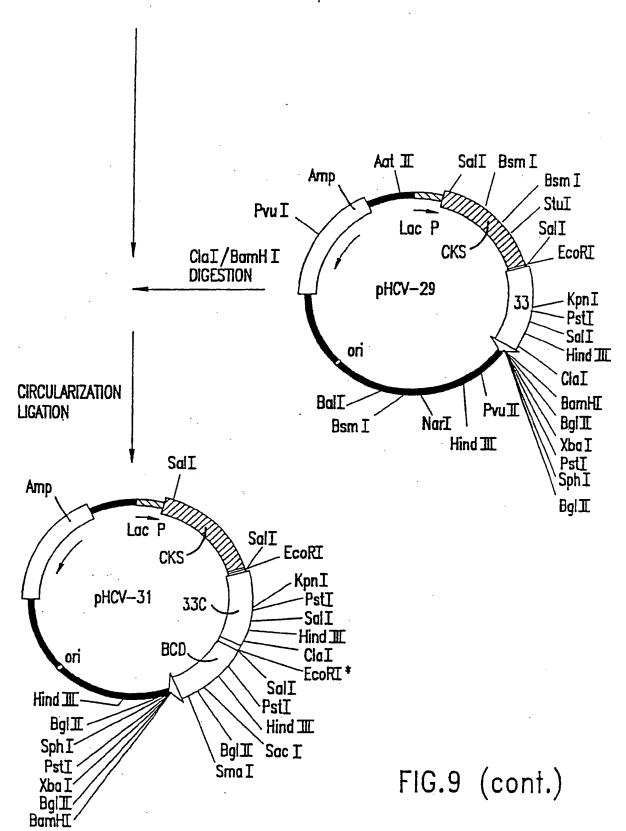
FIG. 6







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	HC	V CKS-33-BC	D		•
CKS		33		BCD	
239	8	266	2	256	10

FIG. 10

M12

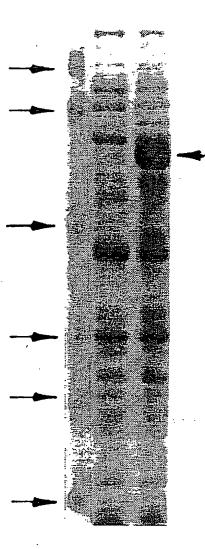


FIG. 11

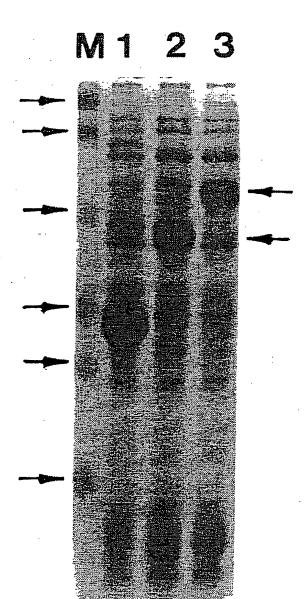


FIG. 12

M 1 2 3

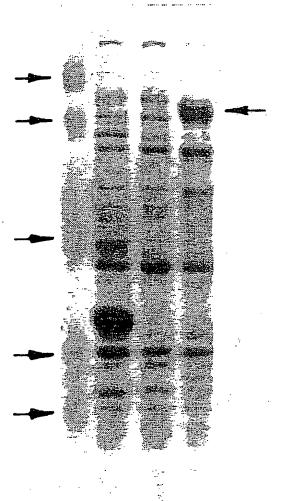


FIG. 13

	ASSAY WITH CIOO-3	ASSAY WITH pHCV-31 pHCV-34	
SAMPLE	MANUAL S/CO	MANUAL S/CO	CONFIRMATORY RESULTS
1	>5.88 (+)	>5.65 (+)	+
2	0.63	0.54	
3	>5.88 (+)	>5.65 (+)	+
4	>5.88 (+)	>5.65 (+)	+
5	0.43	0.46	*
6	>5.88 (+)	>5.65 (+)	+
7	0.46	0.61	
8	0.41	0.70	
9	1.87 (+)	1.83 (+)	+
10	0.35	4.88(+)	+
11	0.48	0.49	
12	0.32	0.50	
13	0.48	0.83	
14	0.37	0.37	
15	>5.88 (+)	>5.65 (+)	+ .
16	>5.88 (+)	>5.65 (+)	+ .
17	0.34	0.44	
18	3.01 (+)	2.33 (+)	+
19	0.74	0.72	
20	0.53	0.76	
21	>5.88 (+)	>5.65 (+)	+
22	0.24	0.30	
23	>5.88 (+)	>5.65 (+)	+
24	0.69	0.84	
25	0.50	0.75	
26	3.41 (+)	2.38 (+)	+
27	0.62	0.82	
28	0.61	0.53	
2 9	0.34	4.94(+)	+
30	1.58 (+)	1.85 (+)	+
31	0.32	0.52	·
32	>5.88 (+)	>5.65 (+)	+
33	0.45	0.58	

FIG. 14

34	>5.88 (+)	>5.65 (+)	+
35	>5.88 (+)	>5.65 (+)	+
36	0.37	0.44	
37	0.40	0.40	
38	>5.88 (+)	>5.65 (+)	+
39*	0.40	1.10(+)	•
40	0.53	0.63	
41	0.41	0.34	
42	0.52	0.70	
43	0.28	0.44	
44	0.44	0.70	•

 $S/CO = \frac{Sample OD}{Cutoff OD}$

S/CO = <1.0 is non-reactive

 $S/CO = \ge 1.0$ is reactive

*This specimen was negative when retested in duplicate. (S/CO values 0.56 and 0.51.)

FIG. 14 CONT

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CONFIRMATORY Results		+	+	ı	+	+		i i	+	-+-		•		
ORTHO ELISA	TTOFF VALUES	1,239 (+)	1,130 (+)	0.256	1,639 (+)	0.911		0.340	4.272 (+)	4.272 (+)	0.650	0.423	JE DETECTED BY	
ASSAY WITH pHCV-31 AND pHCV-34	SAMPLE TO CUTOFF VALUES	4,469 (+)	4,738 (+)	0,348	4,738 (+)	1,736 (+)	- 21	0.369	4,738 (+)	4,738 (+)	0,533	0,419	NOT REQUIRED TO BE DETECTED BY	
ASSAY WITH C-100-3		1,819 (+)	1.711 (+)	0,443	2.220 (+)	1,648 (+)		0.221	5,713 (+)	5,713 (+)	0.401	0.582	1	
IDENTITY		WEAK REACTIVE	Borderline Reactive	NEGATIVE	WEAK REACTIVE	BORDERLINE	NEAVIIVE	NEGATIVE	STRONG REACTIVE	STRONG REACTIVE	NON-REACTIVE *	NON-REACTIVE *	CONTAINS VERY LOW LEVELS OF ANTI-HCV. CURRENT HCV ASSAYS.	
PANEL MEMBER (Lot #)		701	702	703	704	705		706	707	708	709	710	* CONTAINS CURRENT	

WO 93/04088 PCT/US92/07188

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ANTI - HCV RESULTS ON NON-A, NON-B HEMODIALYSIS PATIENTS

PATIENT #	DATE	ALT IU/L	ASSAY C-10		ASSAY pHCV- pHCV-	·31,	CONFIRMATORY RESULTS
1	10/28/85	474	0.30	(-)	2.12	(+)	+
	11/11/85	113	0.38	(-)	4.72	(+)	+
	12/03/85	86	3.13	(+)	>5.65	(+)	+
	01/09/86	142	>5.61	(+)	N	Γ	NT
	03/19/86	90	>5.61	(+)	>5.65	(+)	+
	09/30/86	25	>5.61	(+)	>6.67	(+)	+
			<u> </u>				
2	09/14/87	217	5.02	(+)	5.84	(+)	+
	09/17/87	210	>5.61	(+)	6.58	(+)	+
3	10/02/87	116	1.61	(+)	1.69	(+)	+
4	11/24/87	NA	0.41	(-)	2.13	(+)	+
	12/17/87	NA	0.47	(-)	1.27	(+)	+
	01/13/88	NA	0.46	(-)	1.56	(+)	+
	02/21/88	NA.	0.34	(-)	1.45	(+)	+
7	10/02/85	298	0.79	(-)	2.94	(+)	+
	10/07/85	548	0.86	(-)	2.68	(+)	+
	10/23/85	334	2.06	(+)	2.32	(+)	4
		,					
10	01/25/89	NA	0.57	(-)	2.66	(+)	+
	02/01/89	NA	1.08	(+)	2.80	(+)	+
	02/08/89	NA	1.75	(+)	3.38	(+)	+
	02/23/89	NA	2.22	(+)	2.56	(+)	+
	03/01/89	NA	1.94	(+)	3.21	(+)	+
	03/08/89	NA	1.64	(+)	2.52	(+)	+
	03/22/89	NA	1.49	(+)	1.76	(+)	+
	04/12/89	NA	2.69	(+)	5.29	(+)	+
	04/26/89	NA	2.77	(+)	>5.65	(+)	+
	05/17/89	NA	2.19	(+)	2.82	(+)	+
			·				
13	10/05/88	NA	0.31	(-)	0.51	(-)	NT
	10/19/88	NA	0.40	(-)	0.61	(-)	ИТ
	10/28/88	NA	0.33	(-)	0.53	(-)	NT
	11/09/88	NA	0.33	(-)	0.64	(-)	NT
	11/11/88	NA	0.37	(-)	0.66	(-)	NT

FIG. 16

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	11/18/88	NA	0.42	(-')	0.57	(-)	NT
	11/25/88	NA	0.44	(-)	0.65	(-)	NT
	12/05/88	NA	0.51	_ (-)	0.74	(-)	NT
	12/16/88	NA	0.28	(-)	0.68	(-)	NT
	12/23/88	NA	0.29	(-)	0.64	(-)	M
	01/04/89	NA	0.29	(-)	0.77	(-)	NT
	01/13/89	NA	0.33	(-)	1.11	(+)	+
	01/20/89	NA	0.30	(-)	1.11	(+)	+
	02/08/89	NA	0.26	(-)	1.81	(+)	+
	02/10/89	NA	0.26	(-)	1.88	(+)	+
	02/17/89	NA	0.26	(-)	2.23	(+)	+
	02/24/89	NA	0.28	(-)	3.75	(+)	+
	03/08/89	NA	0.28	(-)	5.25	(+)	+
	03/17/89	NA	0.22	(-)	>5.65	(+)	+
	04/03/89	NA	0.26	(-)	>5.65	(+)	+
	04/14/89	NA	0.26	(-)	>5.65	(+)	+
	04/20/89	NA	0.29	(-)	>5.65	(+)	+
	04/28/89	NA	0.31	(-)	>5.65	(+)	+
	05/05/89	NA	0.28	(-)	>5.65	(+)	+
	07/03/89	NA.	0.23	(-)	5.32	(+)	+
<u></u>							
17	10/05/88	1454	0.53	(-)	0.95	(-)	NT
	10/20/88	612	0.57	(-)	2.04	(+)	+
	10/28/88	576	0.56	(-)	1.26	(+)	+
	11/09/88	306	0.54	(-)	1.39	(+)	+
	11/11/88	321	0.73	(-)	1.34	(+)	+
	11/18/88	341	0.83	(-)	1.43	(+)	+
	11/25/88	333	0.73	(-)	1.83	(+)	+
	12/05/88	232	0.75	(-)	1.92	(+)	+
	12/16/88	239	0.81	(-)	2.75	(+)	+
	12/23/88	198	1.20	(+)	3.42	(+)	+
	01/13/89	146	3.17	(+)	>5.65	(+)	+
	01/27/89	104	4.36	(+)	>6.67	(+)	+
<u> </u>	02/17/89	113	>5.61	(+)	>6.67	(+)	+
	02/24/89	120	>5.61	(+)	>6.67	(+)	+
18	01/13/89	112	>5.61	(+)	>5.65	(+)	+
	01/21/89	72	>5.61	(+)	>5.65	(+)	+
	01/28/89	181	>5.61	(+)	>6.67	(+)	+
	02/08/89	106	>5.61	(+)	>5.65	(+)	+

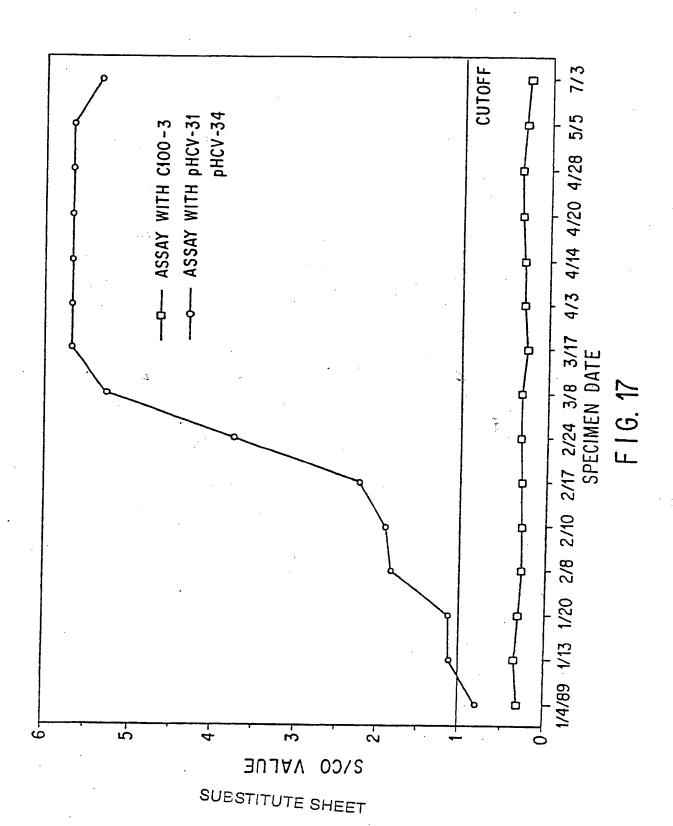
FIG. 16A

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							,
	02/18/89	82	>5.61	(+)	>5.65	(+)	+
	03/08/89	62	>5.61	(+)	>5.65	(+)	+
· •	03/18/89	41	>5.61	(+)	N	Γ	NT
	03/25/89	37	>5.61	(+)	>5.65	(+)	+
	04/04/89	37	>5.61	(+)	>5.65	(+)	+
	04/15/89	35	>5.61	(+)	>5.65	(+)	+
	04/22/89	27	>5.61	(+)	>5.65	(+)	+
	04/29/89	24	>5.61	(+)	>5.65	(+)	+
	05/06/89	25	>5.61	(+)	>5.65	(+)	+
	07/03/89	31	>5.61	(+)	>5.65	(+)	+
19	02/17/89	NA	0.33	(-)	0.75	(-)	77
	02/24/89	ŅA	0.35	_(-)	0.62	(-)	77
	03/08/89	NA	0.38	(-)	0.69	(-)	" NT
	04/03/89	NA	0.13	(-)	0.87	(-)	М
	04/14/89	NA	0.35	(-)	1.07	(+)	+
	04/21/89	NA	0.32	(-)	1.54	(+)	+
	04/28/89	NA	0.29	(-)	1.04	(+)	+
	05/05/89	NA	0.36	(-)	1.16	(+)	+
	07/03/89	NA	0.30	(-)	1.24	(+)	+ .
							·····

NT = Not Tested NA = Not Available

F1G. 16B



CATEGORY	No. SPECIMENS REI	No. SPECIMENS REPEATABLY REACTIVE	No. CONFIRMED	No. SPECIMENS No. No. SPECIMENS No. SPECIMENS PEATABLY REACTIVE CONFIRMED REPEATABLY REACTIVE REPEATABLY REACTIVE	No. SPECIMENS REPEATABLY REACTIVE
		BY C-100-3 ASSAY		BY ASSAY WITH PHCV-31, PHCV-34	WHICH CONFIRMED (%)
ACUTE POST-TRANSFUSION NANBH	32	4 (12.50%)	4	14* (43.75%)	11/12**
COMMUNITY ACQUIRED NANBH (ACUTE)	10	2 (20.00%)	2	4 (40.00%)	4 (100.00%)

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CONFIRMED BY CORE CONFIRMED BY SOD-33C PEPTIDE (\$p75)	0	** QN
No. SPECIMENS CONFIRMED BY CORE PEPTIDE (Sp 75)	*8	2
No. SPECIMENS CONFIRMED BY SP67 PEPTIDE	0	0
No. SPECIMENS FOUND No. SPECIMENS ADDITIONALLY REACTIVE CONFIRMED BY SP67 ASSAY PHCV-31, PHCV34 PEPTIDE	11	2
CATEGORY	ACUTE POST-TRANSFUSION NANBH	COMMUNITY ACQUIRED NANBH (ACUTE)

F 1 G. 19

		C-100-3 ASSAY	ISSAY	pHCV-34, 1	PHCV-34, PHCV-31 ASSAY
CATEGORY	No. TESTED	REPEAT REACTIVE	CONFIRMED	REPEAT REACTIVE	CONFIRMED
CHRONIC ACTIVE NANBH	102	68	88	98	96
-		(87.3%)	1	(96.1%)	
CHRONIC PERSISTENT NANBH	10	6	6	6	σ
		(%0.06)		(90.0%)	S
CHRONIC NANBH WITH	17	15	15	15	15
CIRRHOSIS		(88.2%)		(88.2%)	2
CHRONIC NANBH	35	25	25	33	33
(UNDEFINED)		(71.4%)		(94.3%)	8
		_0			
TOTAL CHRONIC NANBH	164	138	137	155	155
		(84.1%)		(94.5%)	

F16. 20

HCV POLYPEPTIDE SPOTTING CONDITIONS

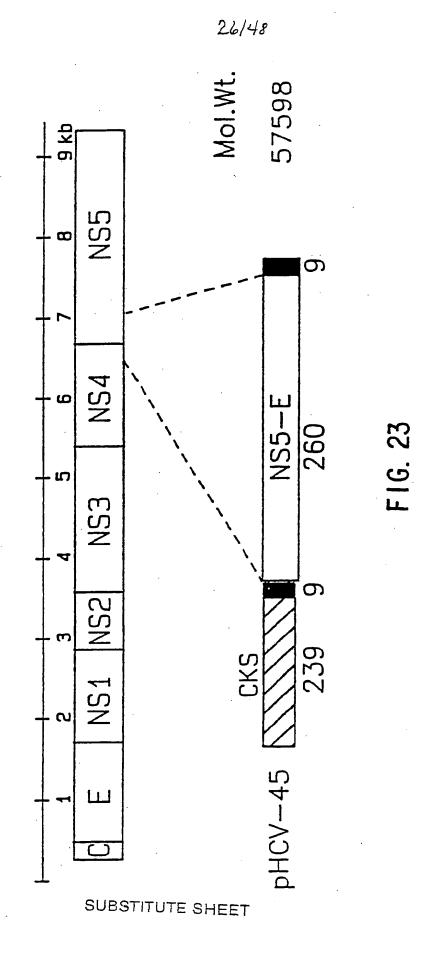
PLASMID/PROTEIN	ng/SPOT	SPOTTING BUFFER
0010	061-001	20mM Iris-HCI, 0.9% NaCI, 0.015% SDS, pH 8
pHCV-23/CKS-BCD	100-150	20mM Trls-HCl, 0.9% NaCl, 0.015% SDS, pH 8
pHCV-29/CKS-33c	100-150	50mM Naphosphate, 0.01% Triton X100, pH 6.
pHCV-34/CKS-CORE	75-100	50mM Naphosphate, 0.0025% Tween20, pH12

F16. 2

·	REFLECTANCE DE	NSITY VALUES	LIMITING	DILUTION	1
<u>ANTIGEN</u>	NEGATIVE MEAN	CUTOFF	A00642	<u>423</u>	
c100-3	0.023	0.129	1600	40	
pHCV-23	0.011	0.050	3200	320	
pHCV-29	0.005	0.031	12800	2560	11.
pHCV-34	0.027	0.166	400	320	

FIG. 22

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1 2 3

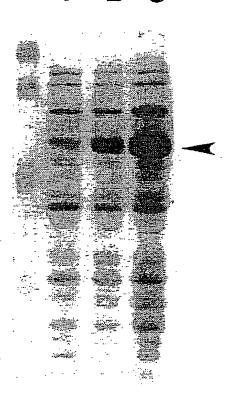
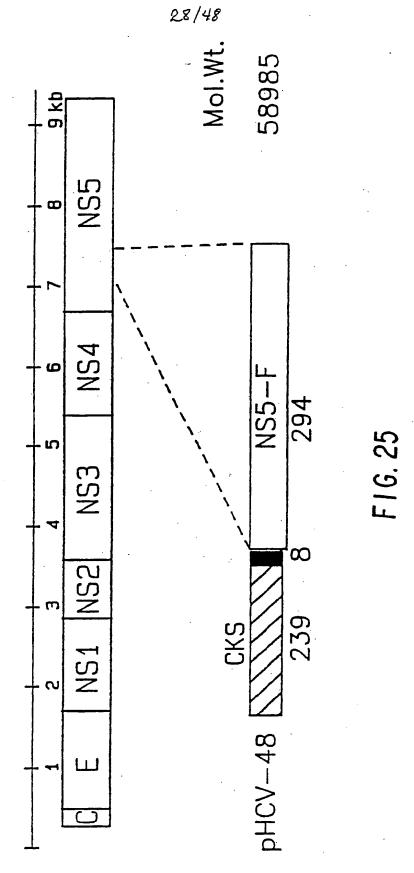


FIG. 24

2



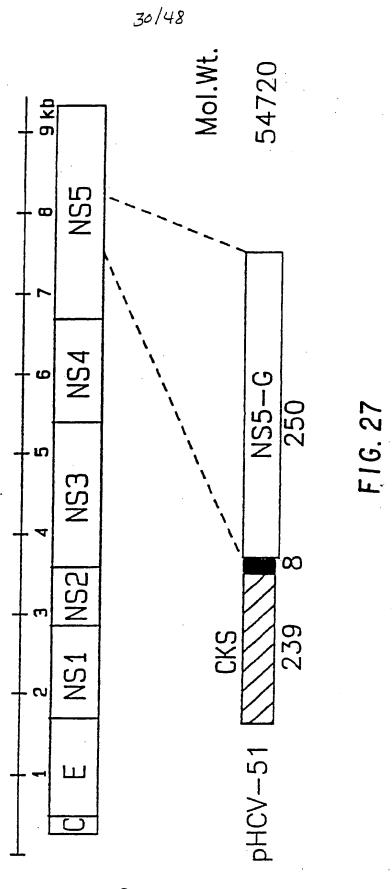
SUBSTITUTE SHEET

1 2 3



FIG. 26

WO 93/04088 PCT/US92/07188



SUBSTITUTE SHEET

1 2 3

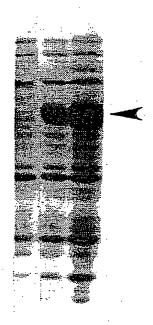
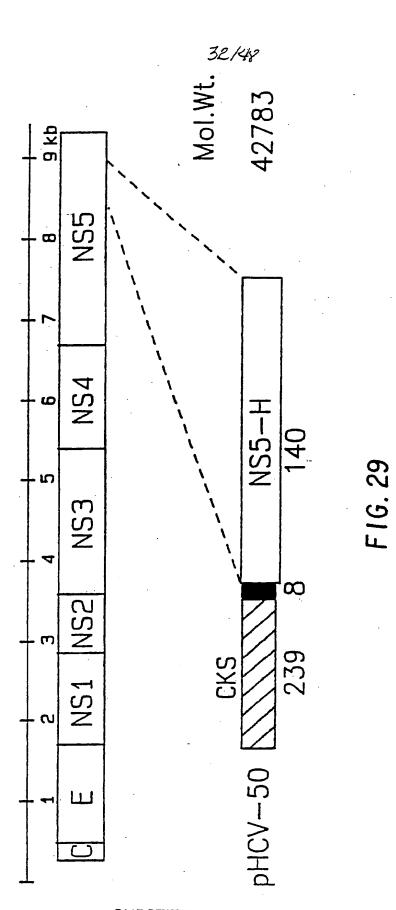


FIG. 28

WO 93/04088 PCT/US92/07188



SUBSTITUTE SHEET

1 2 3

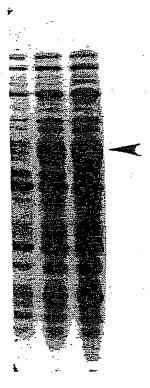
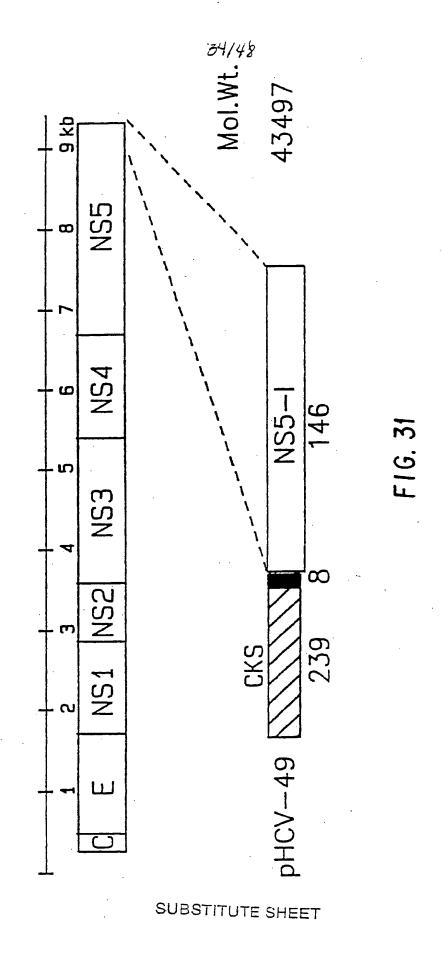
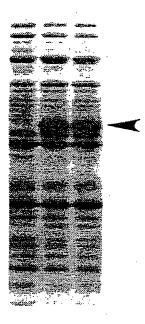


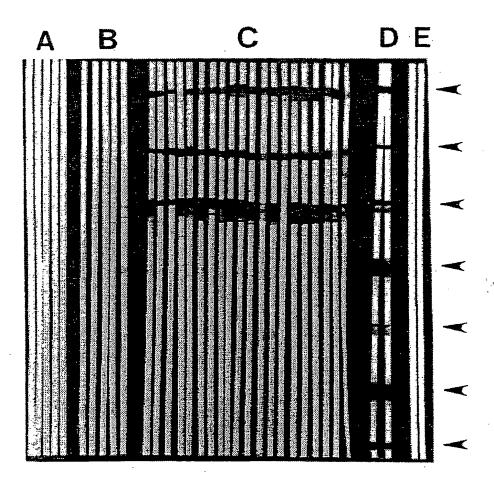
FIG. 30



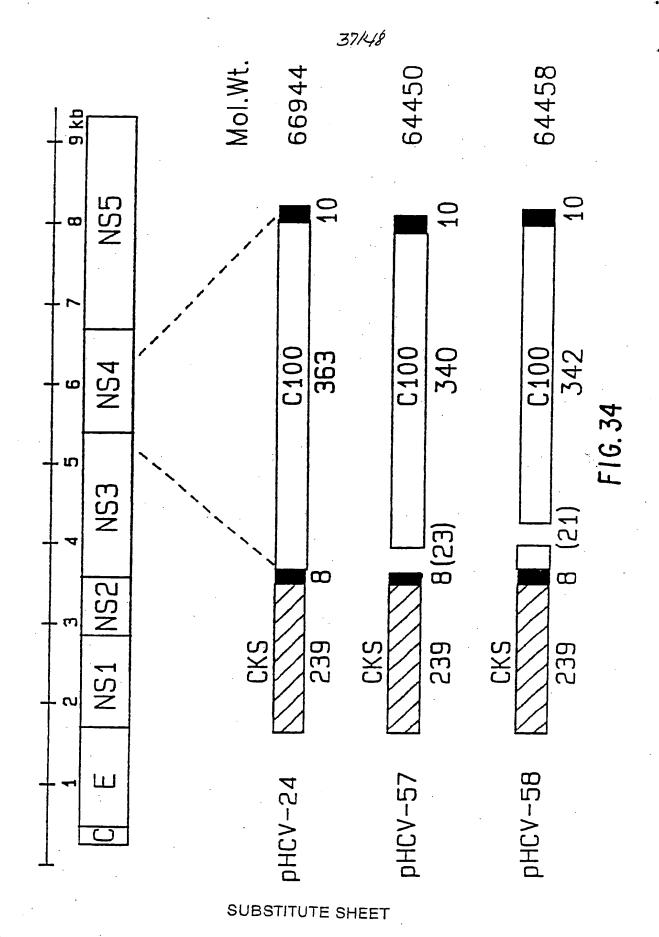
1 2 3



F1G.32



F1G. 33



1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

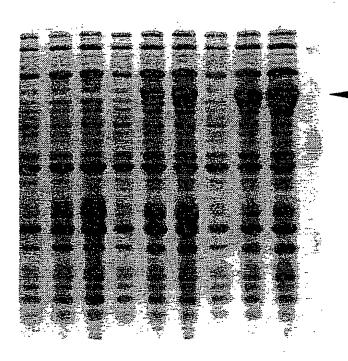
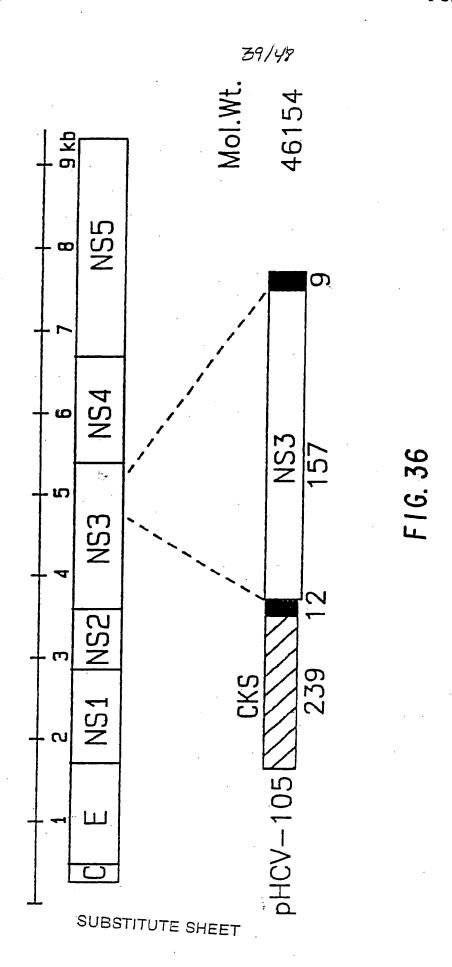


FIG. 35



1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

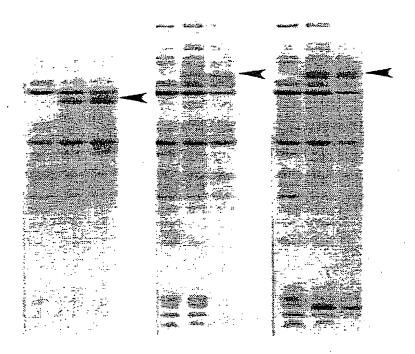
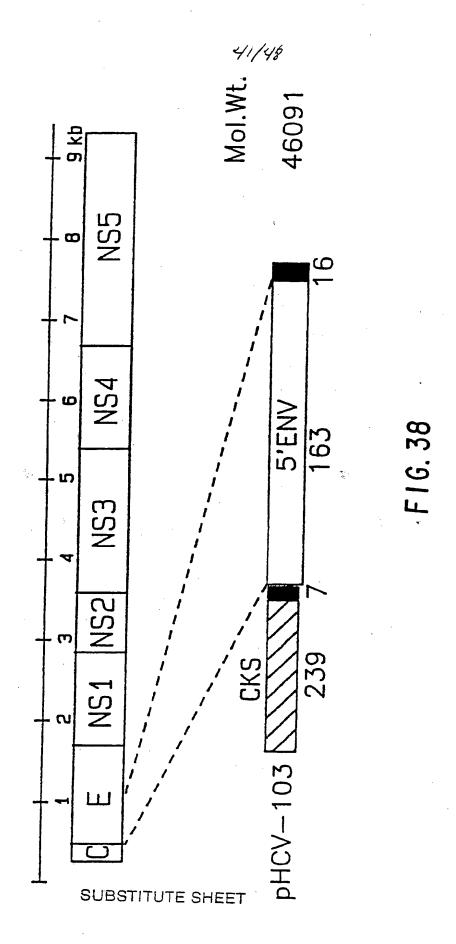
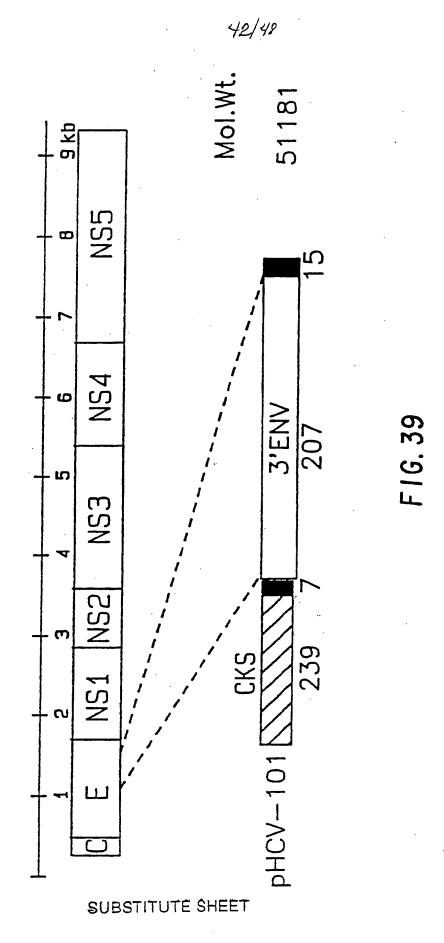
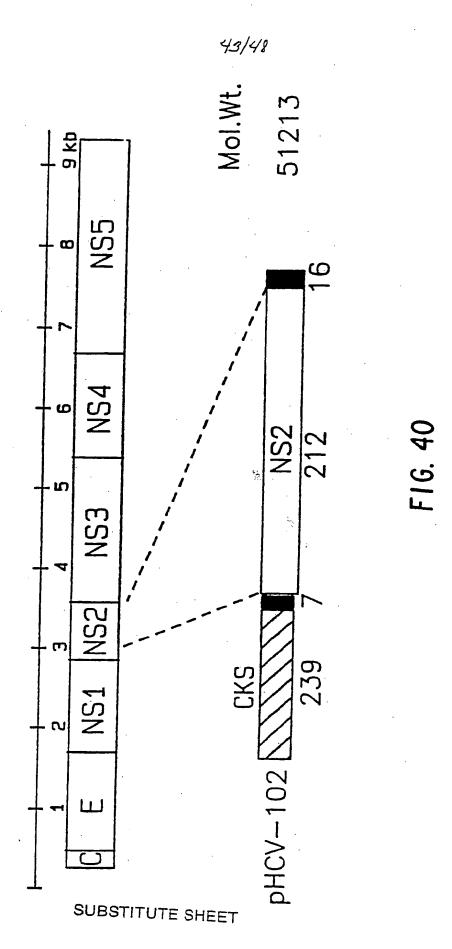


FIG. 37



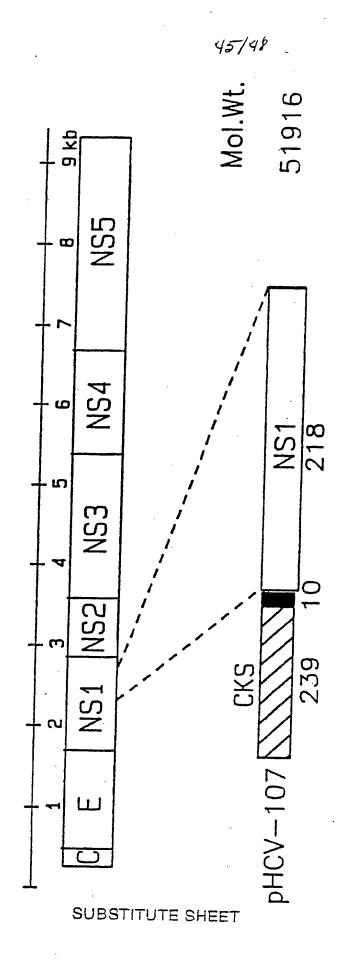




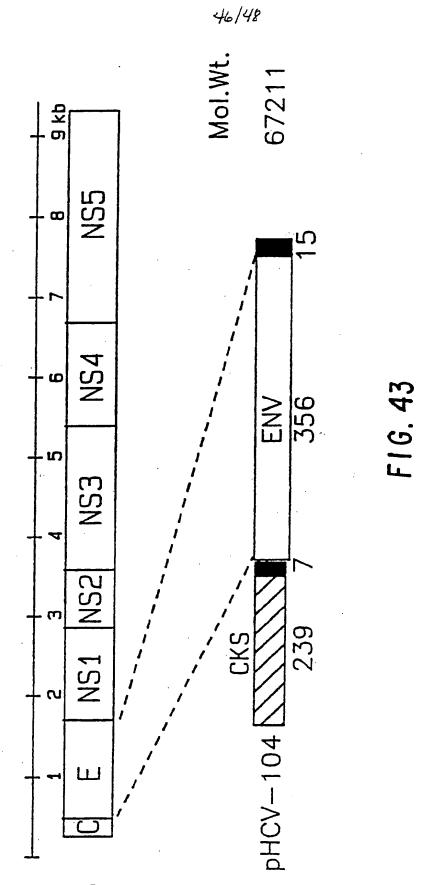
1 2 3



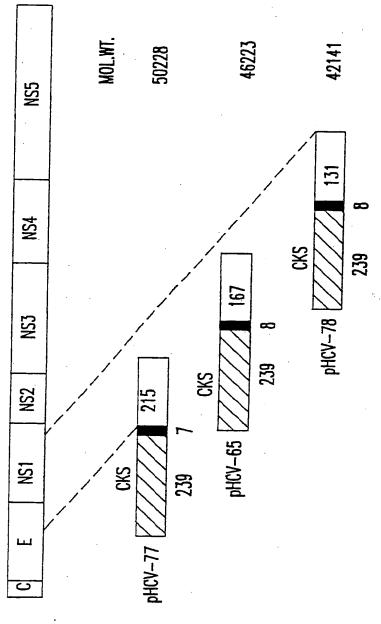
FIG. 41



F16.42



SUBSTITUTE SHEET



pHCV77-HCV AA # 365-579 pHCV65-HCV AA # 565-731 pHCV78-HCV AA # 717-847

FIG. 44

SUBSTITUTE SHEET

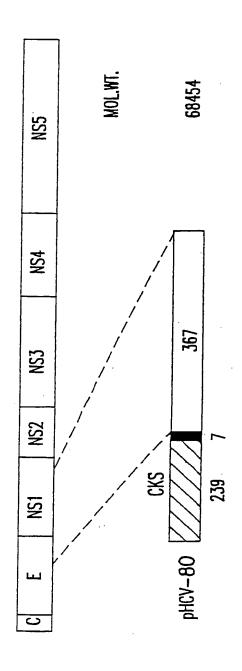


FIG. 45

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No. PCT/US92/07188

A. CL	ASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER	1	د وار
IPC(5)	:C07K 15/00; C12Q 1/70 :530/409; 435/5		\ <u>\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ </u>
	to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to bo	th national classification and IPC	•
	LDS SEARCHED	17	
Minimum	documentation searched (classification system follow	ved by classification symbols)	
U.S. :	530/409, 826; 435/5, 7.1		
Documenta	tion searched other than minimum documentation to t	the extent that such documents are included	d in the fields searched
		·	
	data base consulted during the international search (-	, search terms used)
	NESEQ, SWISS-PROT, WPI, APS, CA, MEDLINI rms: hepatitis C virus, HCV, CMP-KDO synthetase		liagnostic .
C. DOO	CUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where	appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
Y	US, A, 5,106,726 (Wang) 21 April 1992, see ent	ire document.	1-19
Y	EP, A, 0,318,216 (Houghten) 31 May 1989, see	entire document.	1-19
Y	EP, A, 0,388,232 (Houghten) 19 September 1990	, see entire document.	1-19
Y	EP, A, 0,331,961 (Bolling et al.) 13 September 1	989, see entire document.	1-19
Y	Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences Choo et al., "Genetic Organization and Diversity o see entire document.	, Volume 88, issued March 1991, QL. f the Hepatitis C Virus", pp. 2451-2455,	1-19
Y,P	Journal of General Virology, Volume 72, issued "Partial Nucleotide Sequence Analysis of a French Genetic Variability in the E2/NS1 Protein", pp. 2.	Hepatitis C Virus: Implications for HCV	1-19
X Furth	er documents are listed in the continuation of Box C	<u> </u>	
"A" doc	exial categories of cited documents: nument defining the general state of the art which is not considered part of particular relevance	T later document published after the inter date and not in conflict with the applica principle or theory underlying the inve	tion but cited to understand the
"E" earl	lier document published on or after the international filing date	"X" document of particular relevance; the considered novel or cannot be consider	
cite	ument which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is do establish the publication date of another citation or other risk reason (as specified)	"Y" document of particular relevance; the	claimed invention cannot be
•	ument referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other	considered to involve an inventive combined with one or more other such being obvious to a person skilled in the	step when the document is documents, such combination
	ument published prior to the international filing date but later than priority date claimed	*&* document member of the same patent !	
Date of the a	actual completion of the international search	Date of mailing of the international sear	ch report
10 NOVE	MBER 1992	25 NOV 199	2
	ailing address of the ISA/ er of Patents and Trademarks	Authorized officer Dulgrah Fr	en for
Washington,	D.C. 20231	D. BARND	(

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